
Classical guitar method

D12 Advanced Level

by Jean-François DELCAMP

Content : **Jean-Philippe Rameau** : Suite en mi - Les cyclopes - **Johann Sebastian Bach** : Chaconne, en ré mineur BWV 1004 - Prélude BWV 889 - Sicilienne BWV 1031 - **Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart** : Divertimento IV KV 229 - **Niccolò Paganini** : Caprice 5 - Caprice 24 - **Isaac Albéniz** : Cataluña Op. 47 - Aragon Op. 47 - Castilla Op. 47 - Serenata Op. 165 - **Enrique Granados** : Danza Española nº9 Romantica Op. 37 - **Miguel Llobet** : Variaciones sobre un tema de Sor Op. 15 - **Albert Roussel** : Segovia - Manuel de Falla : Danse nº1 de la Vie brève - **Jean-François Delcamp** : Sonate Ida Presti Op. 31 - **Antonio José** : Sonata.

03/08/25

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Jean-François DELCAMP

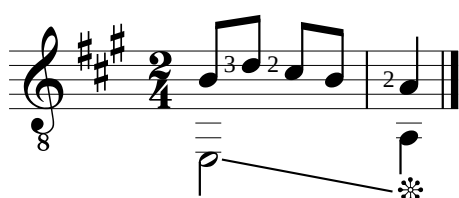
Symboles / Simboli / Symbols / Símbolos

1 2 3 4 - Doigts de la main gauche.
 - Dita della mano sinistra.
 - Fingers of the left hand.
 - Dedos de la mano izquierda.

p i ma - Pouce, index, majeur et annulaire.
 - Pollice, indice, medio e anulare.
 - Thumb, index, middle-finger, and ring-finger.
 - Pulgar, indice, medio y anular.

⑥ ⑤ ④ - Les cordes .
 ③ ② ① - Le corde.
 - The strings.
 - Las cuerdas.

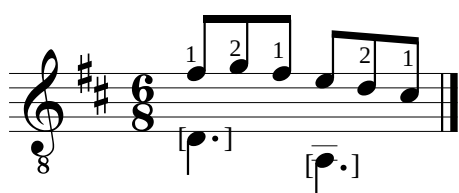
CII CV CIX - Frette où le premier doigt fait un barré.
CII CV CIX - Tasto che il primo dito preme per fare un barré.
CII CV CIX - Fret where the first finger makes a barré.
CII CV CIX - Traste donde debe extenderse el dedo primero para formar una cejilla.



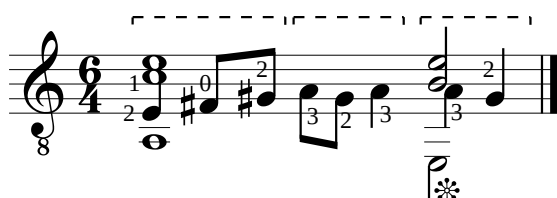
* - Stopper la résonance de la note précédente.
 - Fermare la risonanza della nota precedente.
 - Damp the preceding note.
 - Detener la resonancia de la nota precedente.



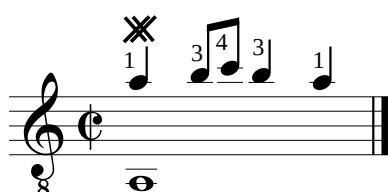
- Les passages difficiles sont encadrés.
 - I passaggi difficili sono incorniciati.
 - Difficult passages are highlighted in a box.
 - Los pasajes más difíciles están enmarcados.



- Les crochets signalent les ajouts de l'éditeur.
 - Le parentesi quadre segnalano le aggiunte del trascrittore.
 - Square brackets show editorial additions.
 - Los parentesis cuadrados muestran añadidos de la editorial.



- Les pointillés précisent une hémiole.
 - La linea punteggiata evidenzia un'emioia.
 - The dotted lines define a hemiola.
 - Las líneas de puntos definen una hemiola.



✕ - vibrato (Gaspar Sanz)

Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

PRELUDE BWV 889

Das Wohltemperierte Klavier 20/II

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

The image displays a guitar score for the Prelude BWV 889 by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is written for guitar in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). It consists of six systems of music, each with a treble staff and a bass staff. The music features various guitar techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingerings indicated by numbers 1-4. Circled numbers 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 are placed at the beginning of certain measures, likely indicating specific guitar techniques or fingerings. The score is adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp.

7 **C VII**

8 *harm.*

9

10 **C VII**

11

12 **C II**

13 **C II**

14 **C II**

15 **C VII**

16 **C IX**

17

18

19

20

21

3 5 6 4

22

6 5 4

23

5

24

5

25

6

26

5

27 **C IV**

28

29

30

31

32

Detailed description of the musical score: The score consists of six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. Measure 27 starts with a treble staff containing a series of eighth notes with fingerings 3, 4, 4, 2, and a circled 2 below. The bass staff has notes with fingerings 1, 3, and a circled 4 below. Measure 28 continues with similar patterns, including a circled 3 in the bass staff. Measure 29 shows more complex fingering with a circled 2 in the treble staff. Measure 30 features a circled 5 in the bass staff. Measure 31 has a circled 5 in the bass staff. Measure 32 ends with a circled 1 in the bass staff. The 'C IV' marking is positioned above the first measure of the first system.

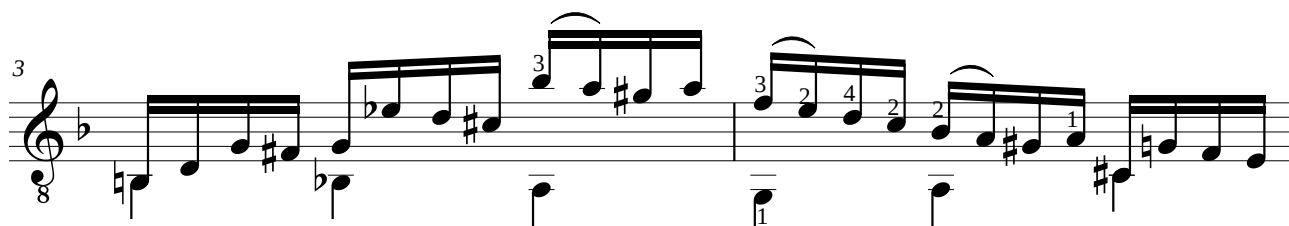
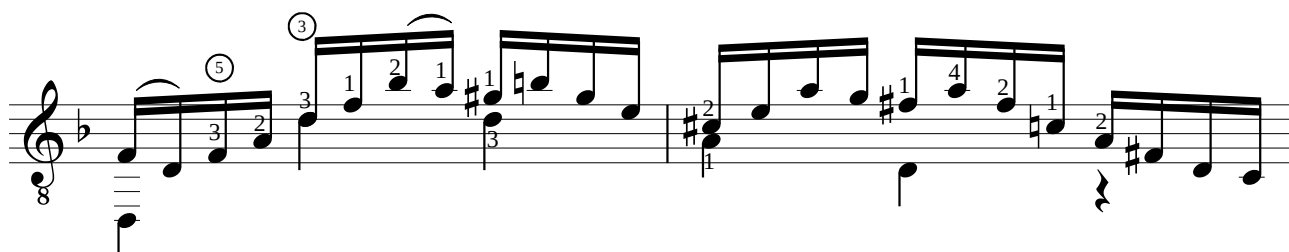
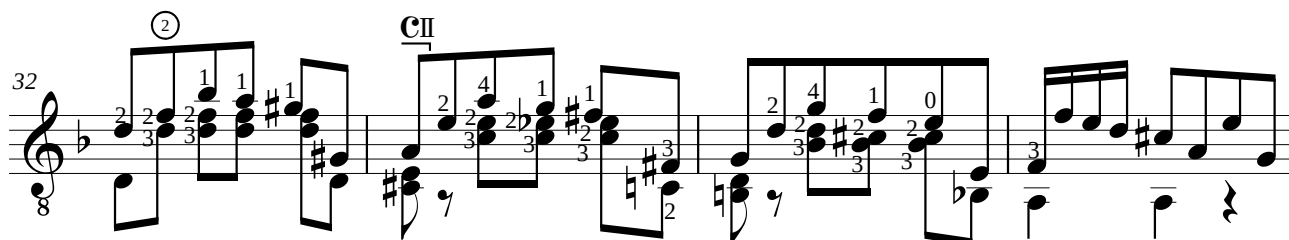
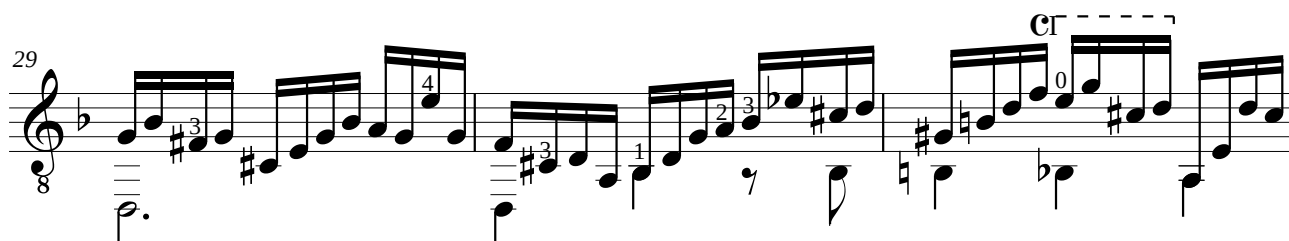
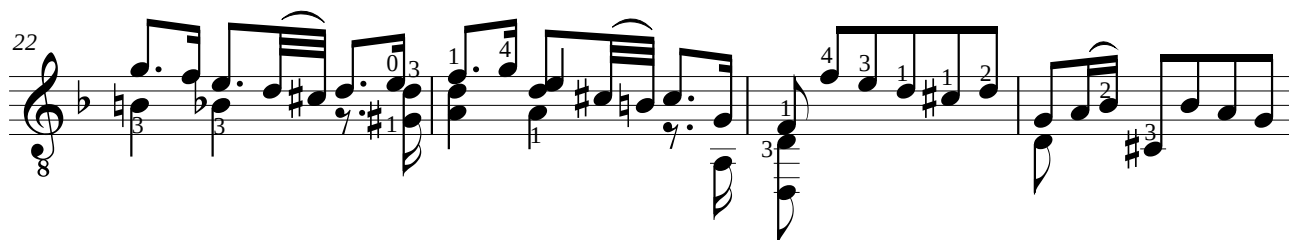
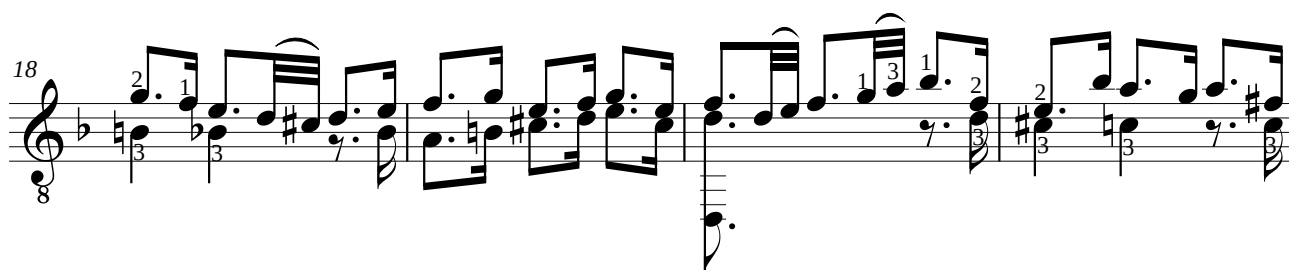
Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

CHACONNE BWV 1004 en ré mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥=RE/D

The image displays the first 14 measures of the Chaconne BWV 1004 by Johann Sebastian Bach, adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp. The music is written in a single system with four staves. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The notation includes various guitar-specific symbols: circled numbers 1-5 for fretting, '0' for natural harmonics, and '8' for the octave. Fingering is indicated by numbers 1-4. Bar lines are present at the end of measures 4, 8, 12, and 14. Measure numbers 5, 10, and 14 are placed at the beginning of their respective staves. Above the staff, there are markings 'CI' and 'CII' with horizontal lines indicating specific techniques or positions. A 'tr' marking (trill) is placed above the staff in measure 13. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing triplets or sixteenth-note runs.



This image displays a musical score for the Chaconne BWV 1004 by Johann Sebastian Bach, specifically measures 5 through 24. The score is written in G minor (one flat) and 3/4 time. It features a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a constant eighth-note bass line. The notation includes various musical symbols such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. Ornaments are present above certain notes in measures 14, 17, and 20. Measure numbers 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, and 24 are placed at the beginning of their respective staves.

27

29

31

32

34

36

37

2131 *tr*

5

Detailed description: This image shows a page of musical notation for the Chaconne BWV 1004 by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 8/8. The page contains measures 27 through 37. Measure 27 begins with a 4/3 fingering. Measures 29 and 31 feature various triplets and slurs. Measure 32 includes a 4/3 fingering and a 7-measure rest. Measure 34 has a 2/4 fingering. Measure 36 includes a 4/3 fingering and a 7-measure rest. Measure 37 ends with a 2/1 fingering and a circled 5. The notation includes many slurs, ties, and dynamic markings such as *tr* (trill) and *2131*.

38 2131 *tr*

39

40

42

45

47

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

CV

CII

The image shows a page of musical notation for Johann Sebastian Bach's Chaconne BWV 1004. The page is numbered 16. The music is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp) and 8/8 time. The score is divided into seven systems, each containing three measures. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. Some measures have a circled 5. A 'CIII' marking with a brace is present above the first measure of the first system and above the third measure of the fifth system.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

CII

CIII

CVIII

15

8

6

3

4

0

4

0

1

6

CII

16

8

2

3

0

4

2

17

8

2

1

2

3

1

3

18

8

2

3

0

4

2

4

1

CIV

19

8

1

3

4

4

3

4

1

3

4

1

CVI

20

8

4

3

3

4

1

4

21

8

3

4

1

1

1

28

29

1

6

11

16

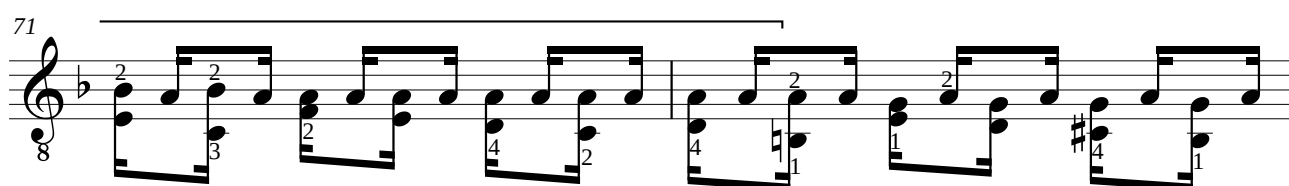
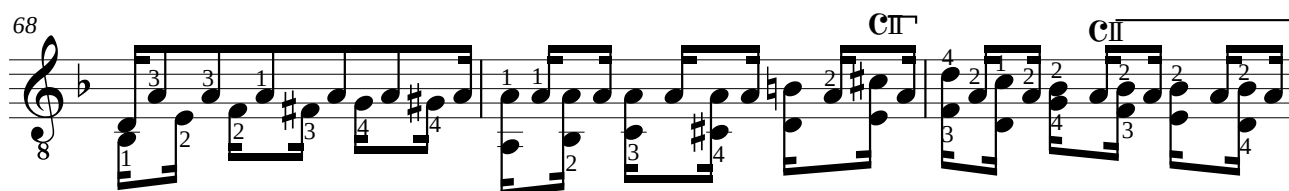
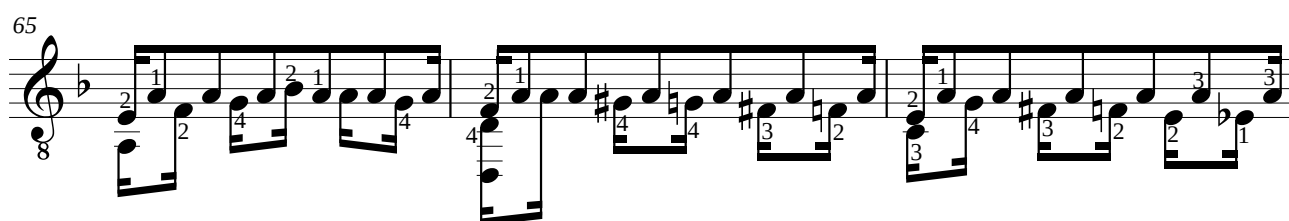
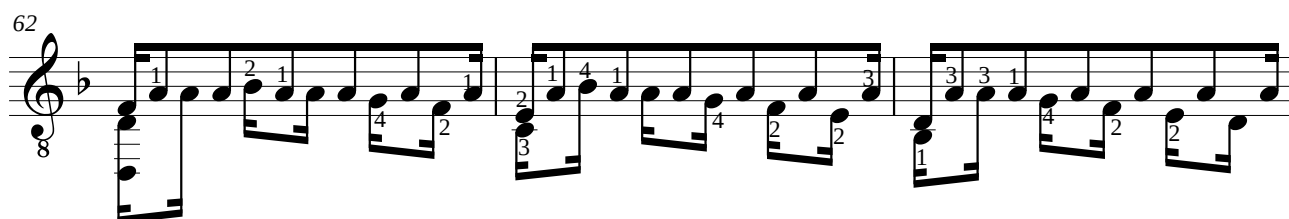
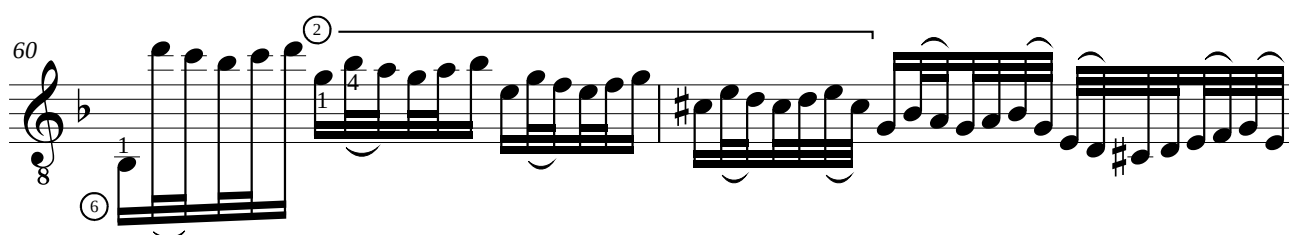
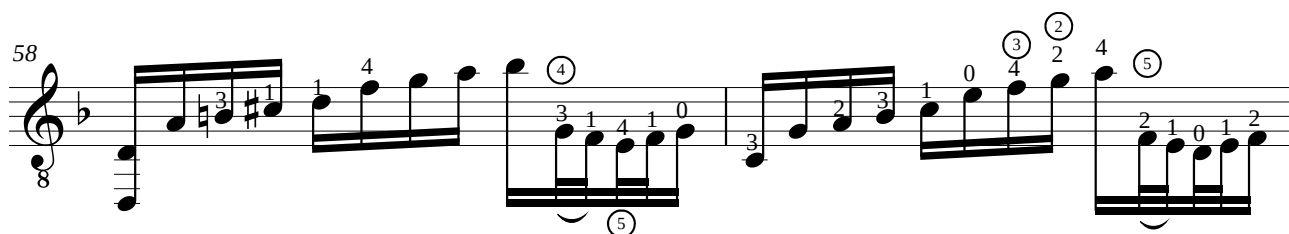
21

This image displays a musical score for the Chaconne BWV 1004 by Johann Sebastian Bach, specifically measures 26 through 44. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff, with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#) and a common time signature (C). The time signature is indicated by a 'C' with a vertical line through it, which is a common notation for common time in some editions. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Measure numbers 26, 29, 32, 35, 38, 41, and 44 are clearly marked at the beginning of their respective lines. The notation includes various rhythmic values such as eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests. Fingering numbers (1-4) are placed below the notes to indicate fingerings. There are several instances of the letter 'CII' with a horizontal line above it, likely indicating a specific fingering or a section marker. The score concludes with a double bar line at measure 44.

This musical score is for the Chaconne BWV 1004 by Johann Sebastian Bach, specifically measures 4 through 28. The piece is in D major and 3/4 time. The notation is for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The score is divided into systems of four measures each. Measure numbers 4, 6, 8, 11, 16, 22, and 28 are indicated at the beginning of their respective systems. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 below the notes. Ornaments are present in measures 11, 16, and 22. Chordal symbols CII, CV, and CVII are placed above certain measures to indicate specific harmonic structures. The notation includes many accidentals (sharps and naturals) and slurs to indicate phrasing.

Musical score for Chaconne BWV 1004 by Johann Sebastian Bach, measures 34-53. The score is written for guitar in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature is 8/8. The score includes various musical notations such as chords, arpeggios, and fingerings.

Measures 34-36: Measure 34 starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a time signature of 8. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The seventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The eighth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The ninth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The eleventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twelfth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirteenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fourteenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifteenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The sixteenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The seventeenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The eighteenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The nineteenth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twentieth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-seventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-eighth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The twenty-ninth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirtieth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-seventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-eighth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The thirty-ninth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fortieth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-fourth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-fifth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-sixth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-seventh staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-eighth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The forty-ninth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fiftieth staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifty-first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifty-second staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The fifty-third staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).



73 **CII**

75 **CIII**

77 **CII**

79

81

82

87 **21312131 tr**

Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

Siciliano BWV 1031

en la mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

The image displays a guitar score for Johann Sebastian Bach's Siciliano BWV 1031 in A minor, adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp. The score is written in 6/8 time and consists of 14 measures. It features a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various guitar-specific techniques such as fingerings (1-4), slurs, and accidentals. The score is divided into sections labeled CII and CIII, with a repeat sign (XIX) at measure 7. The final measure (14) ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

16

18

20

23

25

27

29

31

C VI

27

Jean-Philippe RAMEAU (1683-1764)

PIECES DE CLAVECIN

(Paris 1724)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allemande

⑥ = RE

⑥ = RE

C II

aim 141

3232

am 04

2030

⑤

2131

212

aim 040

aim 141

maim 0404

maim 1010

3131

p i XII

⑤

⑤

②

1020

aimp 0101

2131

2131

aimp 0202

313

202

⑤

313

2131

p i XII

⑤

②

1020

aimp 0101

211

4242

www.delcamp.net

Deuxième gigue en rondeau

The image displays a page of musical notation for a guitar piece, likely in E major (indicated by four sharps in the key signature). The notation is arranged in six systems, each featuring a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The music includes various techniques and markings:

- System 1:** Features a series of eighth-note patterns with fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and a final measure with a fermata.
- System 2:** Includes a triplet of eighth notes (213) and a measure with a fermata. A marking "aimp 0404" is present above the staff.
- System 3:** Contains a triplet of eighth notes (212) and a measure with a fermata. A marking "C II" is present above the staff.
- System 4:** Features a triplet of eighth notes (213) and a measure with a fermata. A marking "aimp 0404" is present above the staff.
- System 5:** Includes a triplet of eighth notes (212) and a measure with a fermata. A marking "C II" is present above the staff.
- System 6:** Contains a triplet of eighth notes (212) and a measure with a fermata. A marking "aimp 1414" is present above the staff.

The notation is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and various markings indicating fingerings and techniques.

The image displays six staves of musical notation for a piece by Jean-Philippe Rameau. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and bar lines, along with extensive figured bass and fingering instructions.

Staff 1: Features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It includes figures such as C VII , C IV , and aimp 1414 . Fingering numbers (1-4) and circled numbers (5, 6) are present.

Staff 2: Continues the musical piece with figures like C IV , maim 4141 , 4212 , and aimp 0404 . Fingering numbers and circled numbers (4, 5) are included.

Staff 3: Includes figures such as C II and 1020 . Fingering numbers and circled numbers (2, 3) are present.

Staff 4: Features figures like C II , aimp 0202 , aim 1410 , and C II 2131 . Fingering numbers and circled numbers (2, 3) are included.

Staff 5: Includes figures such as C II , aimp 0202 , and 3131 . Fingering numbers and circled numbers (2, 3, 5) are present.

Staff 6: Features figures like C II , aimp 0404 , and 213 . Fingering numbers and circled numbers (4) are included.

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100

Le rappel des oiseaux

The musical score is written for a single melodic line, likely for a harpsichord, in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It consists of five systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The notation includes various musical symbols and fingerings:

- System 1:** Treble staff starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bass staff has a bass clef. Fingerings include 'm' (middle), 'a' (annular), 'i' (index), 'p' (piano), and 'aim' (aimé). Circled numbers 4 and 5 indicate specific fingerings.
- System 2:** Treble staff continues the melody. Fingerings include 'p' (piano), 'pmi' (piano mezzo), and 'mai' (mai). Circled numbers 2, 3, 4, and 5 are present.
- System 3:** Treble staff continues the melody. Fingerings include 'pmi' (piano mezzo), 'mai' (mai), and 'C' (C). Circled numbers 4 and 5 are present.
- System 4:** Treble staff continues the melody. Fingerings include 'C' (C), 'CII' (CII), and 'C' (C). Circled numbers 4 and 5 are present.
- System 5:** Treble staff continues the melody. Fingerings include 'C' (C), 'CII' (CII), and 'C' (C). Circled numbers 4 and 5 are present.

The image displays a musical score for Jean-Philippe Rameau's "Pièces de Clavecin". It consists of six systems, each with a treble and a bass staff. The music is written in G major (one sharp) and 8/8 time. The notation includes various note values (eighths, sixteens, and groups of sixteenth notes), rests, and fingerings (numbers 1-4). Specific annotations include "aim 141" and "aim 010" above and below notes, and "Reprise" below a section. Circled numbers 5, 6, 3, and 4 are placed near certain notes. A "C II" section marker appears above the third system. The score is a single-page excerpt from a larger work.

404 404 202 404 202 404

aim 030

202 202 202 202

aimp 0404

404 404 404 404

aim 030

202 202 202 202

aimp 0404

1. aim 141 aim 141

2.

aim 141

1er Rigaudon

1 3 4 3 1 3 4 1 1 2

aimp 0404

3 4 3 4 2 1 3 4 1 1 2

aimp 0404

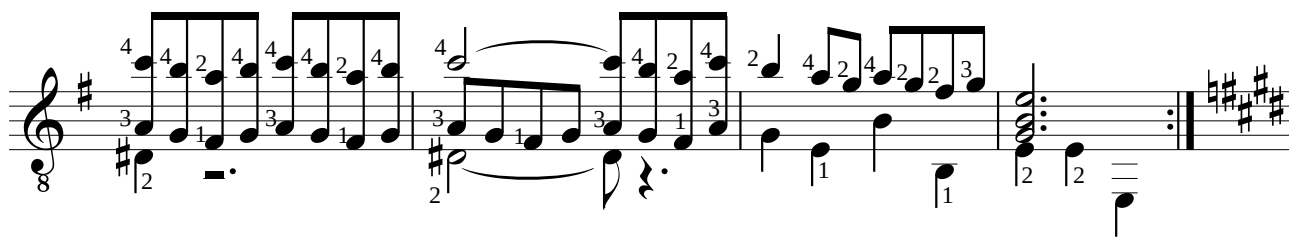
2131

Reprise

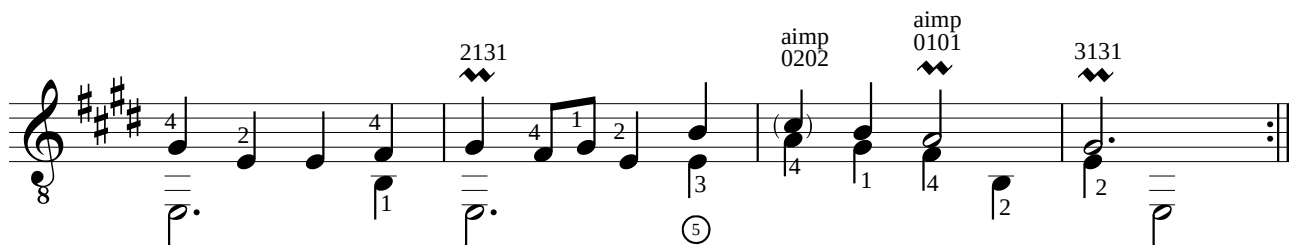
3 2 1 1

aimp 0202

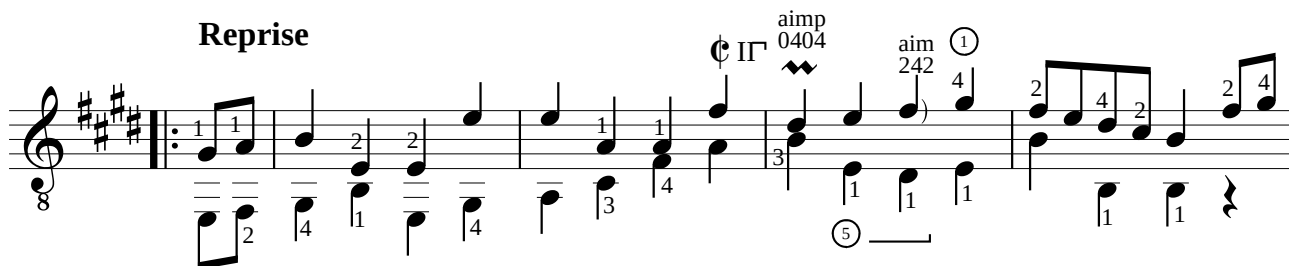
3131



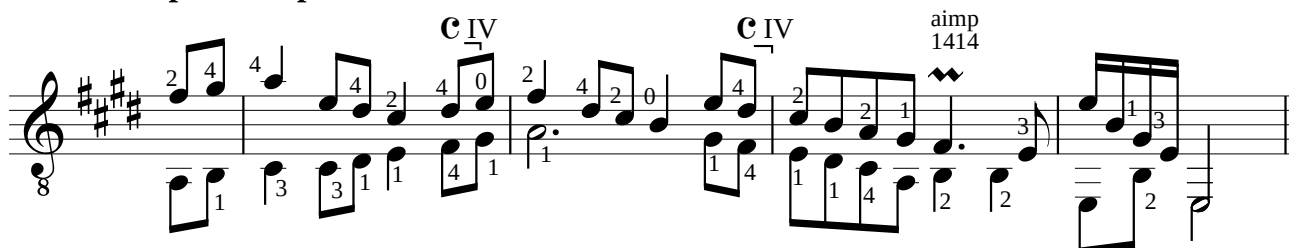
2ème Rigaudon



Reprise



petite Reprise



Double du 2ème Rigaudon

Reprise

petite Reprise

petite Reprise

1. 2. C IV

C II — Tendrement

Tendrement

4242

CII
a imp
2424

2ème Reprise

3030 2131 2020 3131

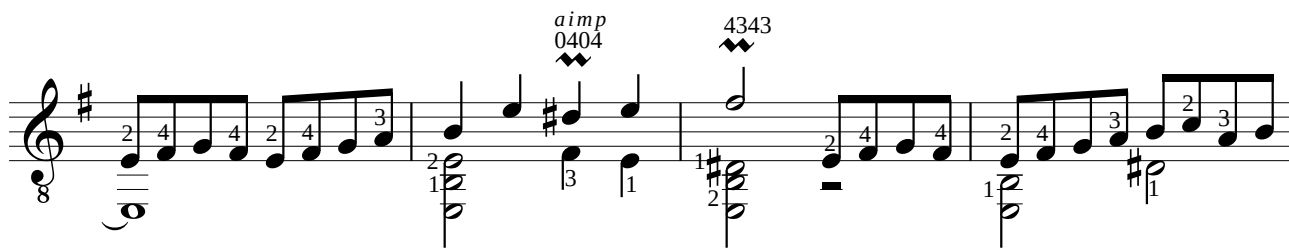
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3ème Reprise

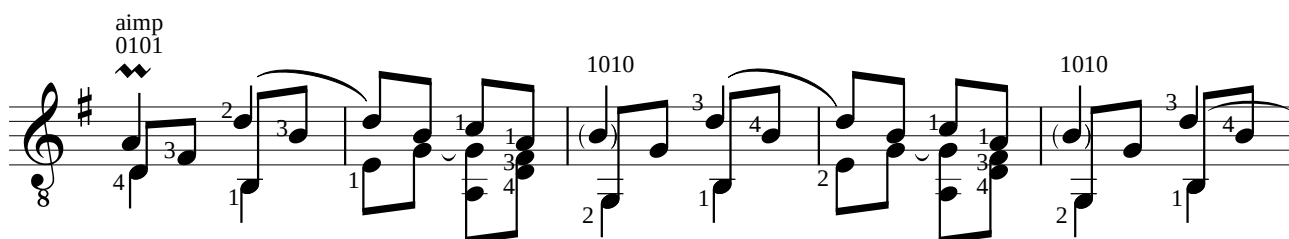
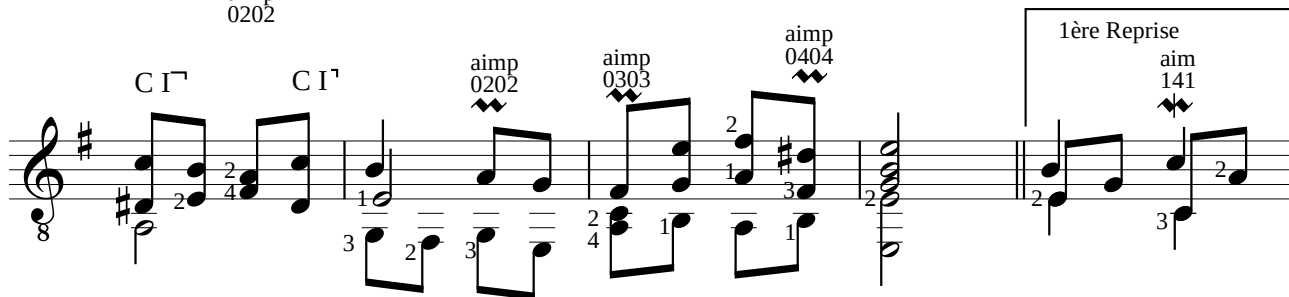
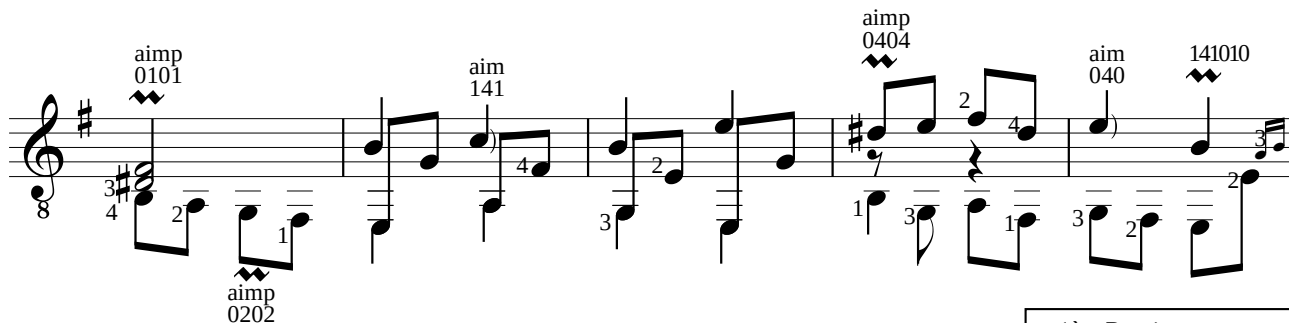
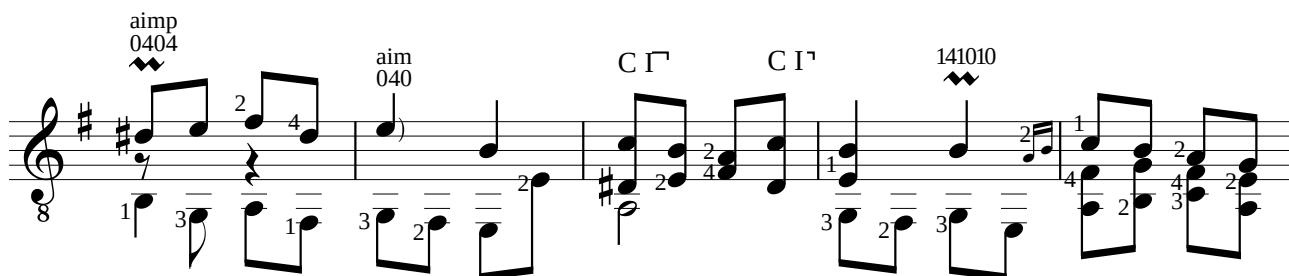
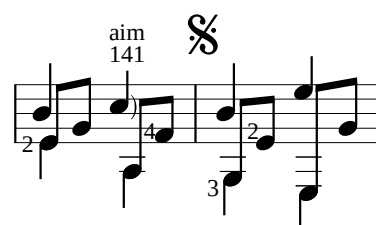
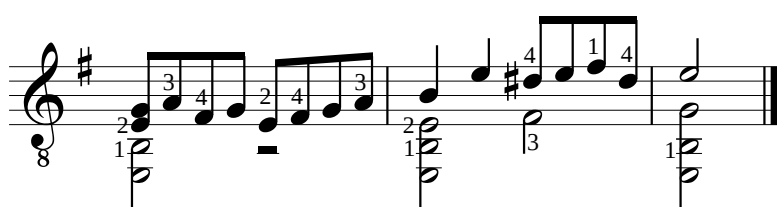
2121 2131 2131 2131

2131 2030 2131 2030 2030 2131 2030

② ③ ③ ④



La villageoise



8

10

aim 0303

2121

3131

C IV

maim 2020

aim 0202

aim 0303

2ème Reprise

aim 141

aim 0202

5

5

5

5

5

5

aimp 0303 20

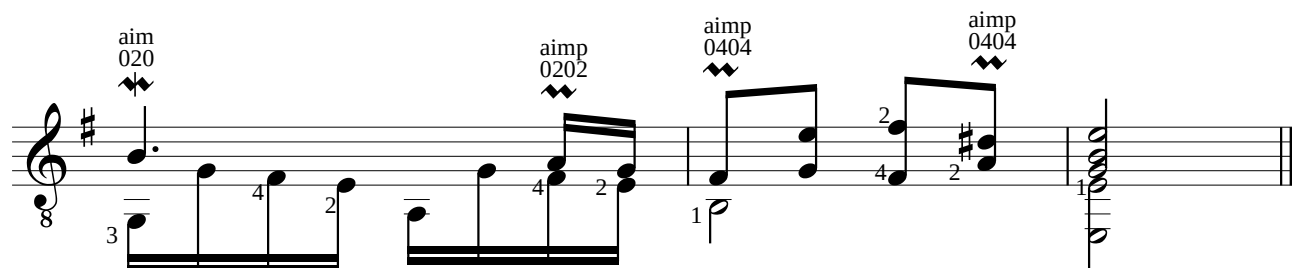
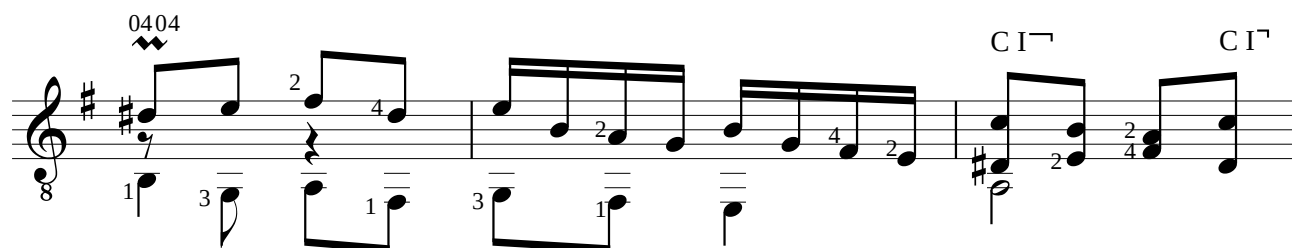
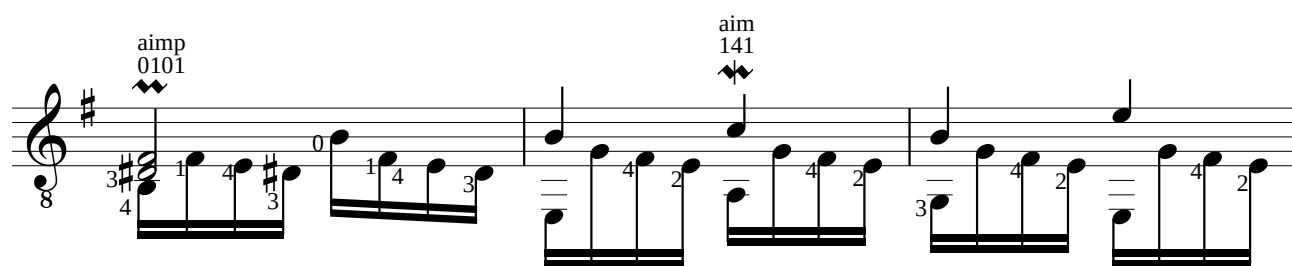
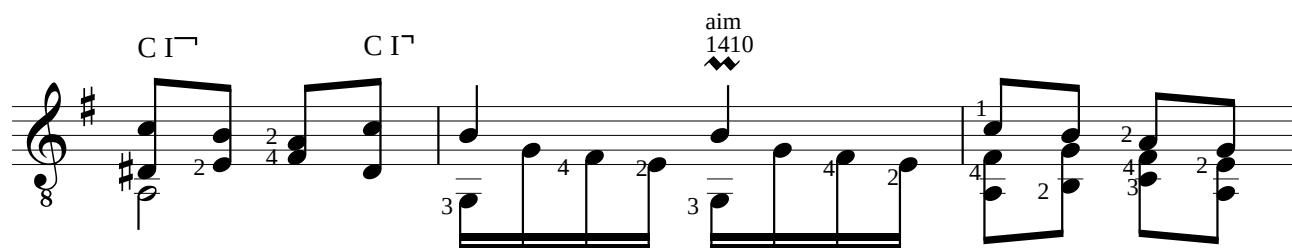
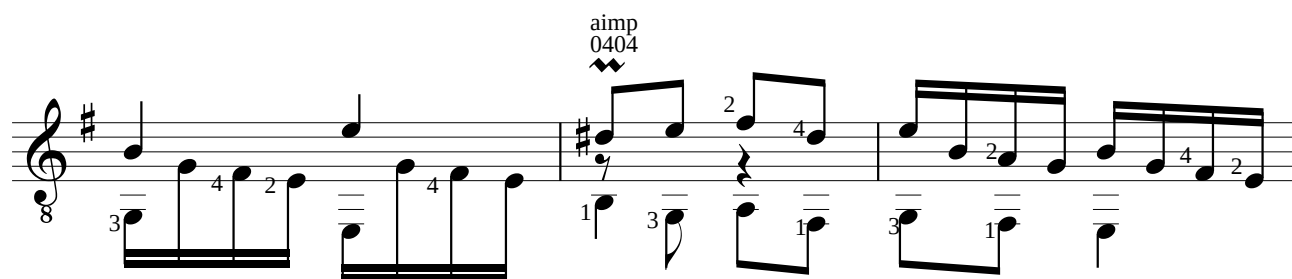
aimp 0303

C IV C II C II maim 2020

C IV C II C II

C II aimp 242 aimp 4141 aimp 1414 C II

aimp 2424 aimp 0202 aim 141



Jean-Philippe RAMEAU (1683-1764)

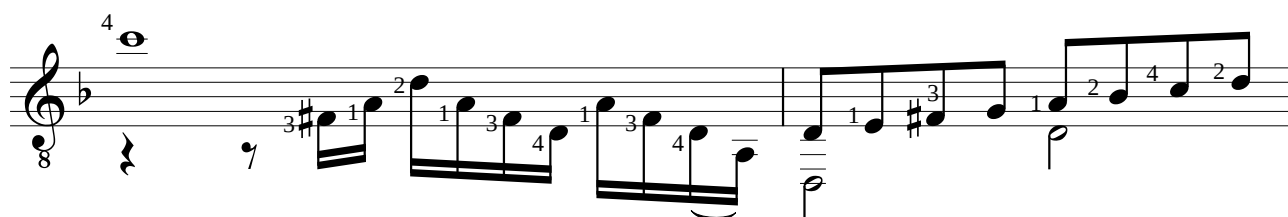
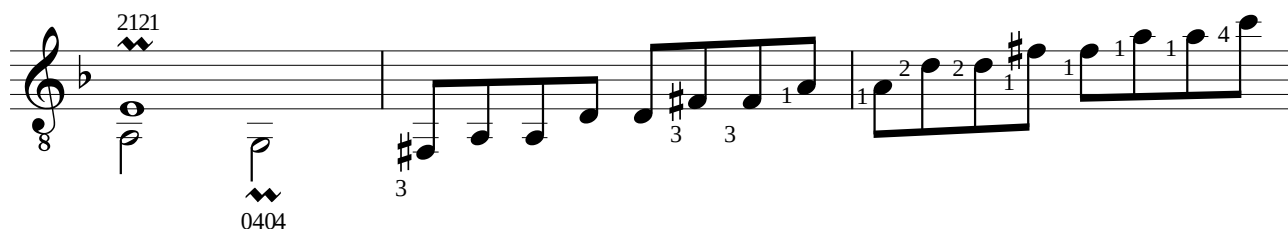
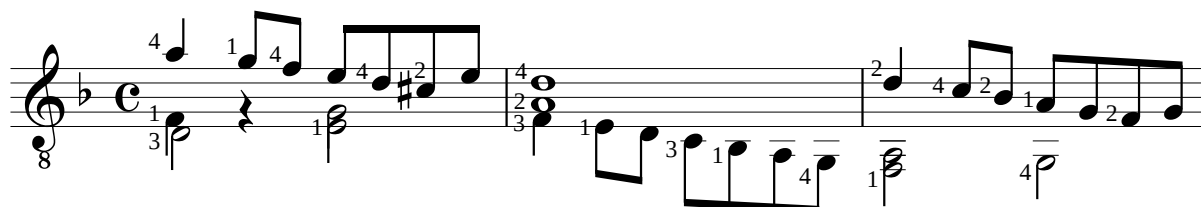
LES CYCLOPES

Rondeau

de "Pièces de clavecin" (Paris 1724)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE



The image displays a musical score for Jean-Philippe Rameau's *Pièces de Clavecin*. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff, with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals, along with specific fingering instructions (numbers 1-5) and articulation marks (accents, slurs, and trills). The score is organized into six systems, each containing multiple measures of music. Circled numbers (1-5) indicate fingerings, while numbers in parentheses (1-5) indicate specific measures or groups of measures. The score also includes several trills, marked with '141' or '1414' and a trill symbol. The piece concludes with a final measure marked with a circled '4'. The score is presented in a clean, black-and-white format, typical of a printed musical score.

The image displays a musical score for Jean-Philippe Rameau's *Pièces de Clavecin*. The score is organized into six systems, each consisting of a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and fingerings (indicated by numbers 1-4 and 0 for natural). Specific articulations and ornaments are marked with symbols like 'C II', 'C III', and 'C V'. Some systems include circled numbers (2, 4, 5) and a sequence of numbers (1010). The score is written in a style typical of 18th-century musical notation, with a focus on clarity and precision in the fingering and articulation of the pieces.

The score consists of six staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 8/8. The music is written in a style characteristic of the French Baroque, with a focus on fingerings and articulations.

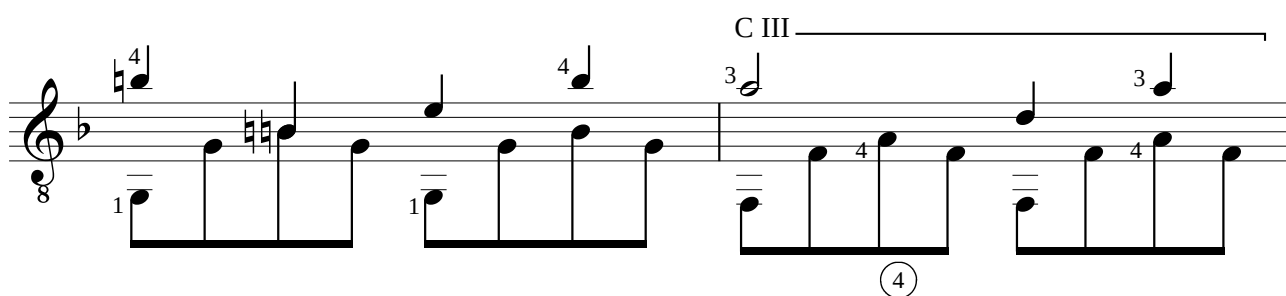
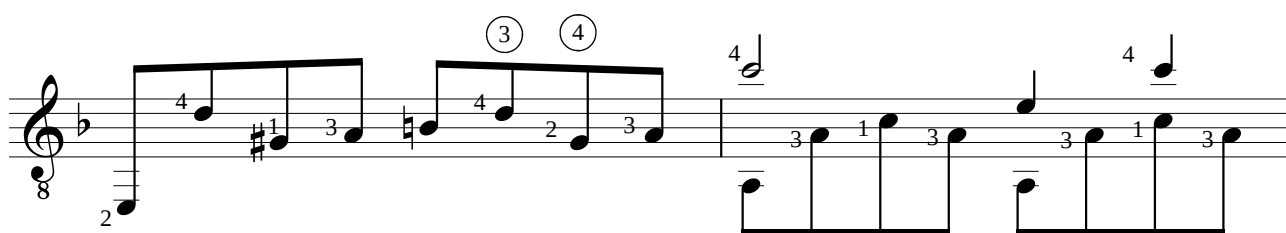
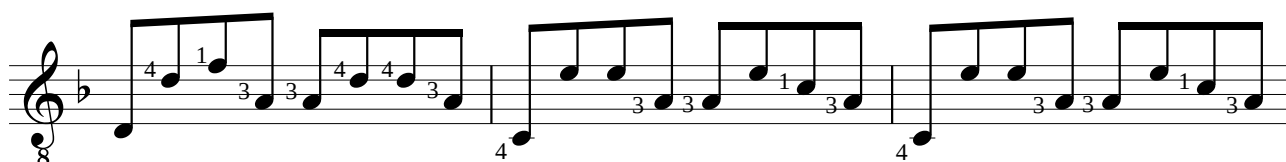
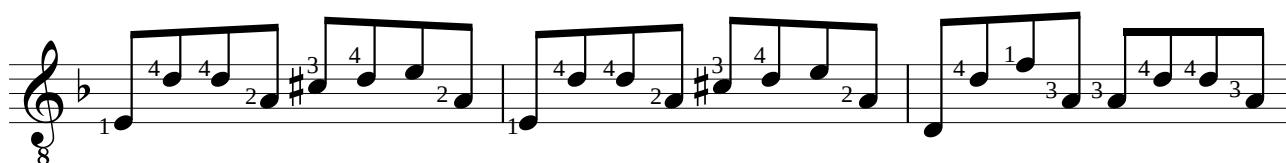
The first staff begins with a section labeled "C II" and contains a wavy line indicating a tremolo or rapid oscillation. The second staff continues the piece, featuring a circled "3" above a measure. The third staff is labeled "C I" and contains a circled "4" above a measure. The fourth staff features a series of chords, each with a circled number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) above it. The fifth staff continues the piece with a circled "3" above a measure. The sixth staff ends with a circled "6" below a measure.

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, with fingerings indicated by numbers 1 through 4. The bass line is represented by a whole note chord (G-B-D) with a finger number 8 below it, and a whole note chord (G-B-D) with a finger number 1 below it. The system ends with a double bar line.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody begins with a quarter note G4 (labeled '2'), followed by a quarter note A4 (labeled '1'), and a quarter note B4 (labeled '4'). This is followed by a half note C5 (labeled '2'), a quarter note D5 (labeled '1'), and a quarter note E5 (labeled '4'). The melody then descends: a quarter note D5 (labeled '4'), a quarter note C5 (labeled '2'), a quarter note B4 (labeled '1'), and a quarter note A4 (labeled '4'). The system concludes with a quarter note G4 (labeled '1') and a quarter note F4 (labeled '4').

[illegible][illegible]

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody starts on G4, moves to A4, then B4, and continues with a series of eighth and quarter notes. The lyrics 'The Rose Tree' are written below the staff, aligned with the notes. The system ends with a double bar line.



C I ——— C I ———
 C I ——— 0404
 XII (2) C II ———
 4040 (5) (6) 4040 2

Wolfgang Amadeus MOZART (1756-1791)

DIVERTIMENTO n°4 KV 229

Original : trio pour clarinette et deux cors de basset.

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE

Allegro

5

10

14

f

p

18

22

26

30

35

40

43

f

47

p

52

56

f

60

p

64

cresc.

68

sfz p sfz p f

73

cresc.

76

⑤=SOL **Larghetto**

p dolce

3

5

p sfz

7

8

p

p *cresc.*

10

8

p

13

8

tr

14

8

tr

15

8

tr

rit.

dolce

17

8

a tempo

20

22

24

26

⑤ =LA

Menuetto

7

13

p

18

cresc. *f*

23

Trio

p *cresc.* *mf*

29

f *cresc.*

34

f *mf* *p*

40

mf *p* *cresc.*

47

mf

52

cresc. *f* *tr*

Menuetto da capo

Adagio

p

4

p

9

p

13

p

Rondo
Allegretto

8 *p* *f*

6 *f*

11 *p* *f*

16 *p* *f*

22 *p* *cresc.*

27 *f*

32

8

p *f* *p*

38

8

f

44

8

p *f* *p*

49

8

fp *p*

56

8

f *p*

62

8

p *f*

69

8

p *f*

77

8

p *f* *f* *p*

84

8

f *p* *cresc.*

91

8

cresc.

98

8

f *p* *f*

106

8

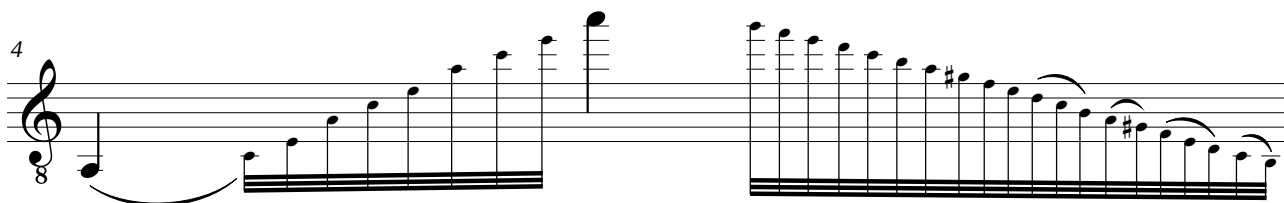
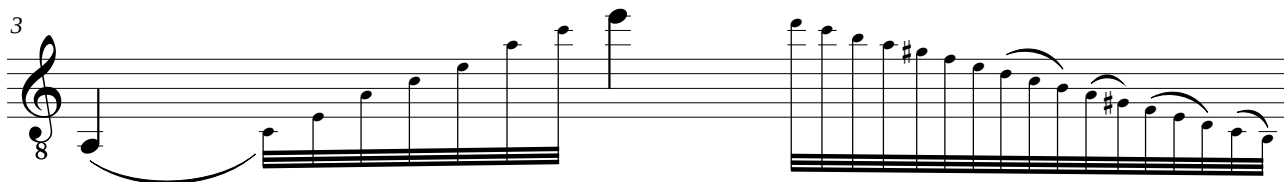
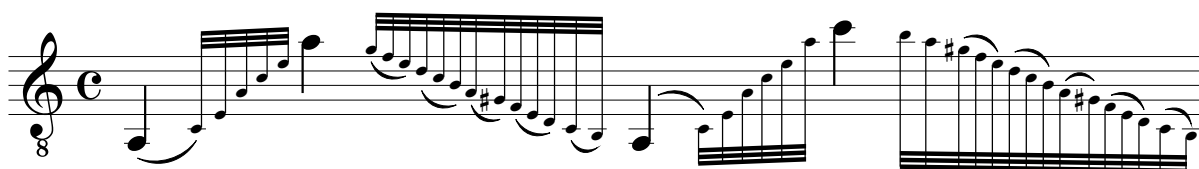
p *f*

Niccoló PAGANINI (1782-1839)

CAPRICE N°5

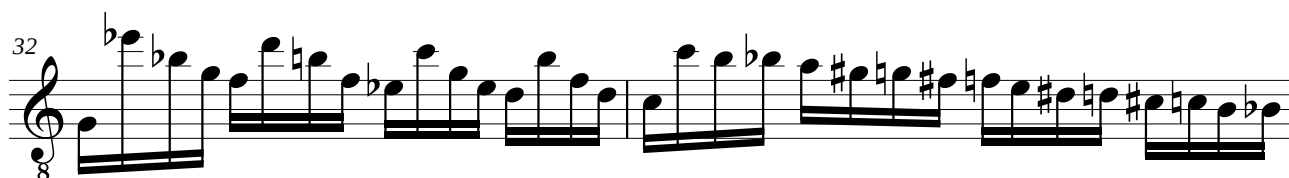
de "24 caprices pour violon"

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

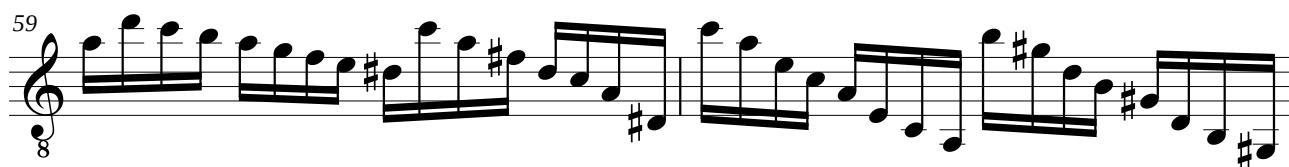
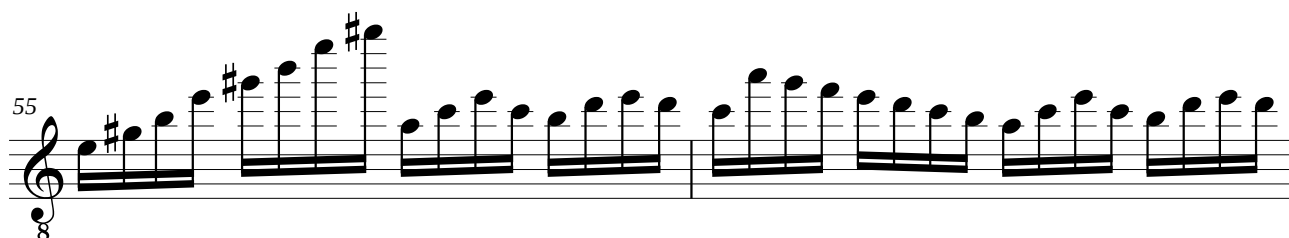


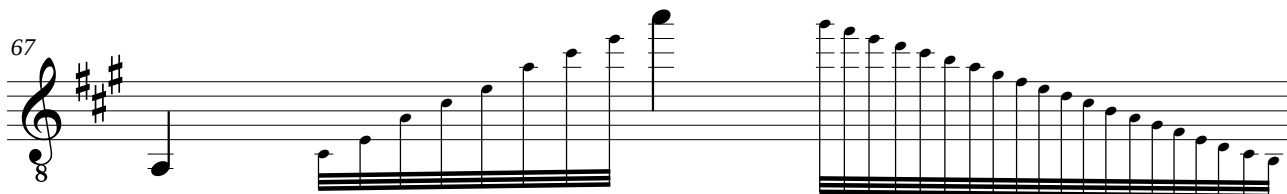
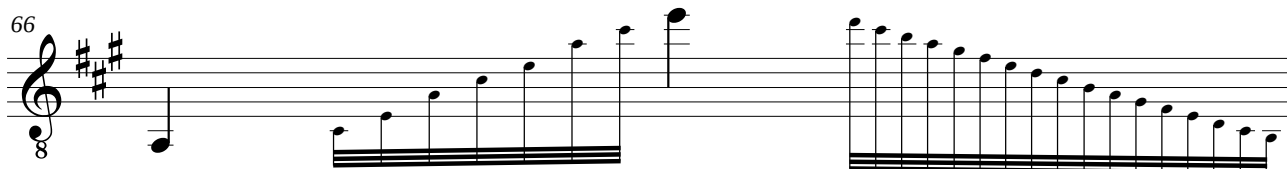
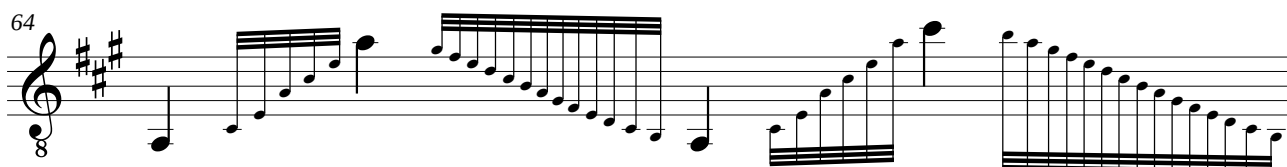












Niccolò PAGANINI (1782-1840)

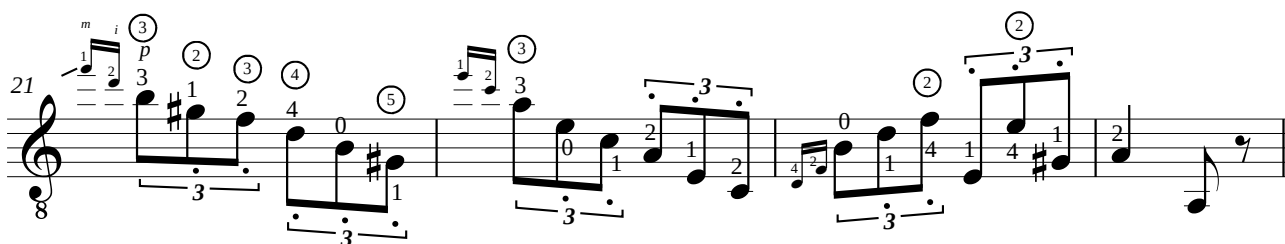
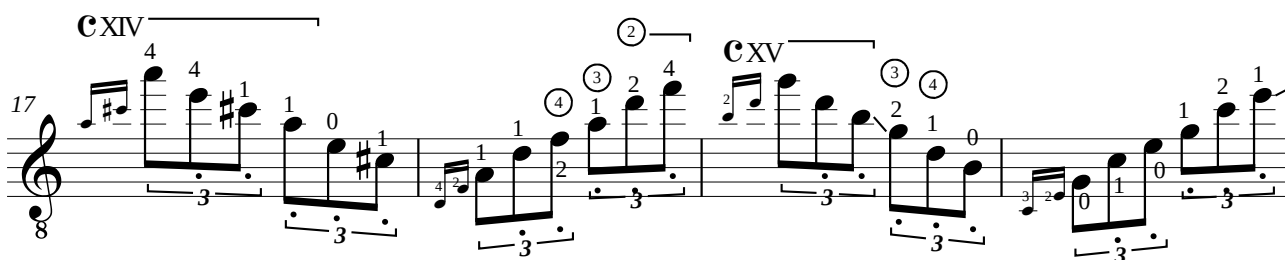
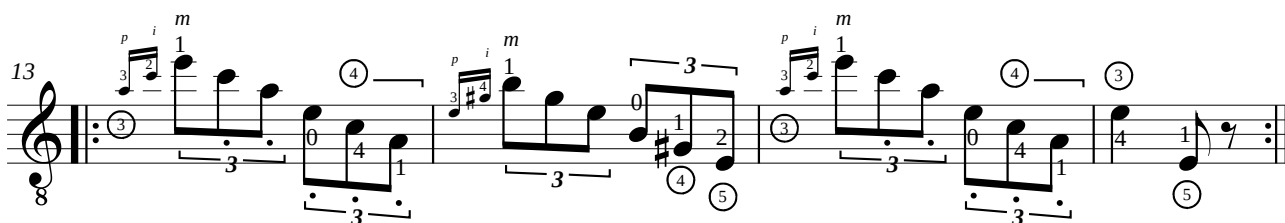
CAPRICE N°24

de "24 caprices pour violon"

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



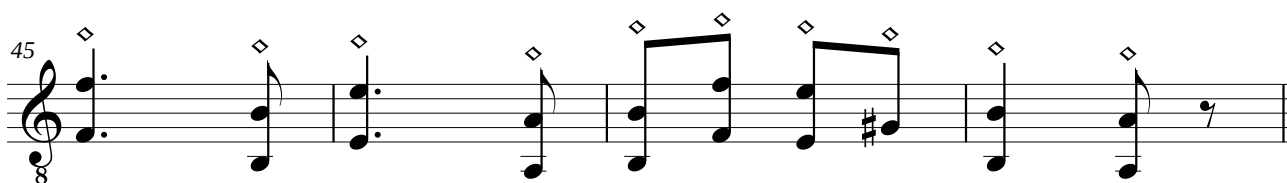
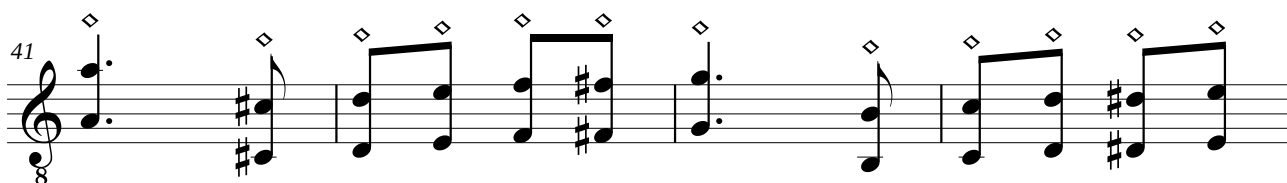
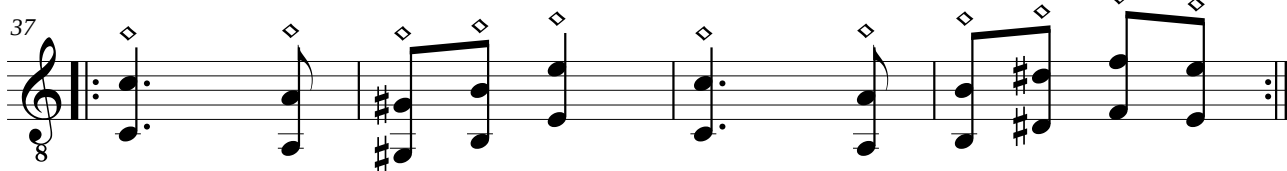
Variation I



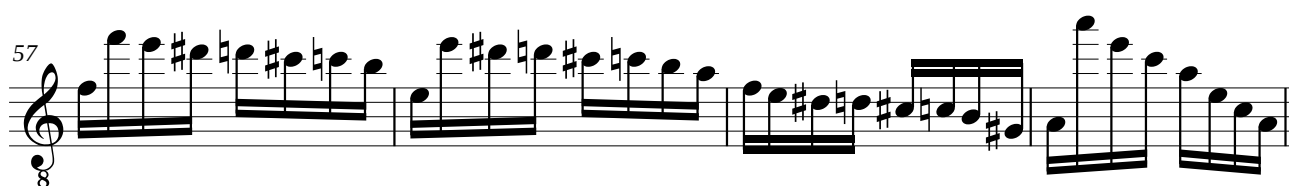
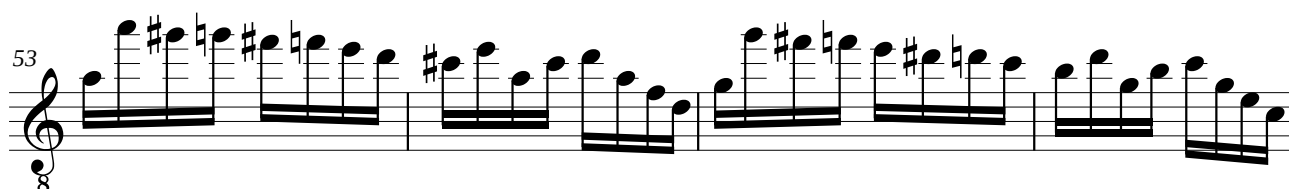
Variation II



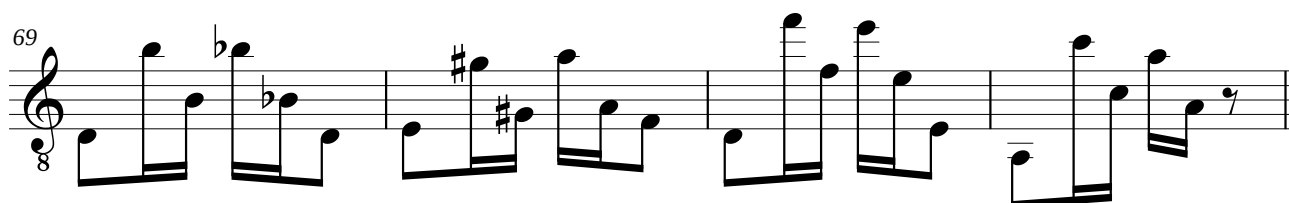
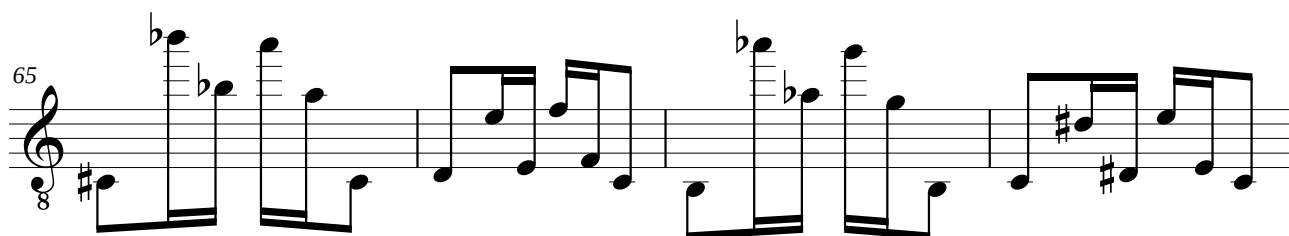
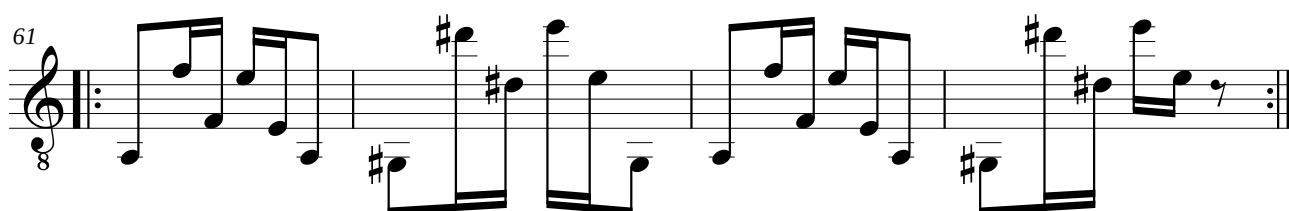
Variation III



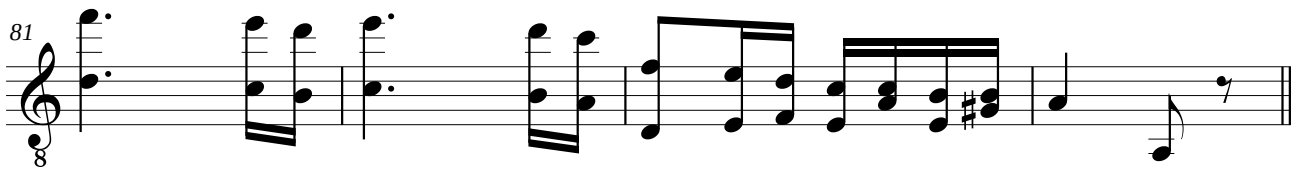
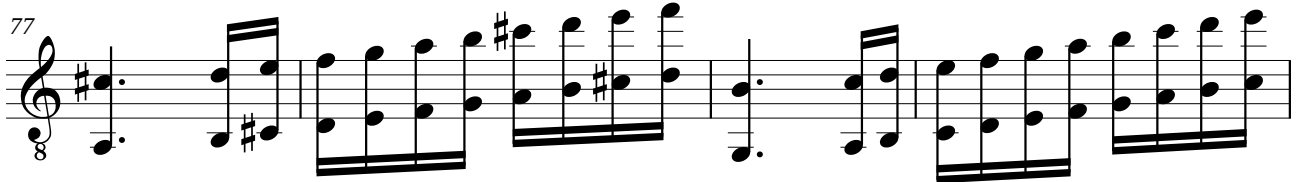
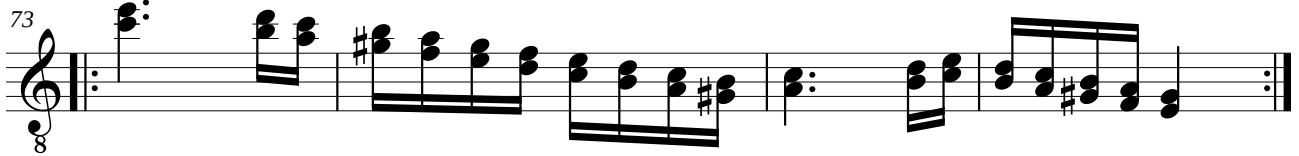
Variation IV



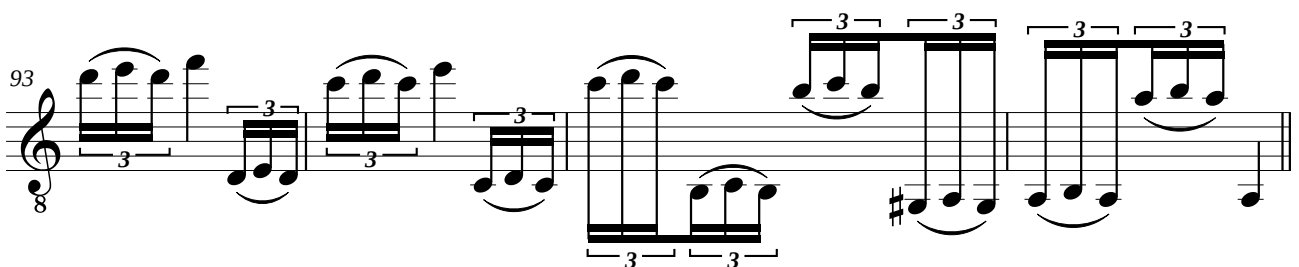
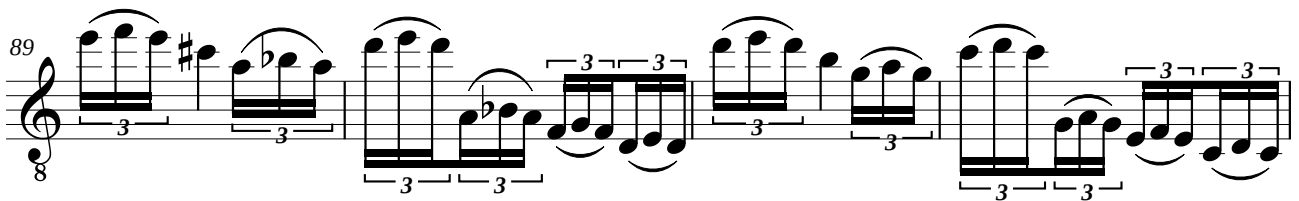
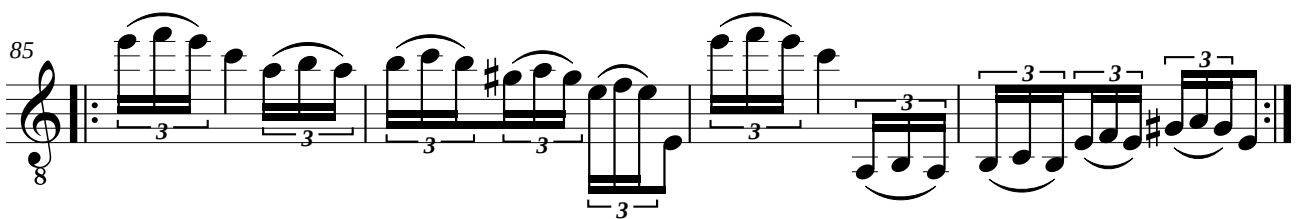
Variation V



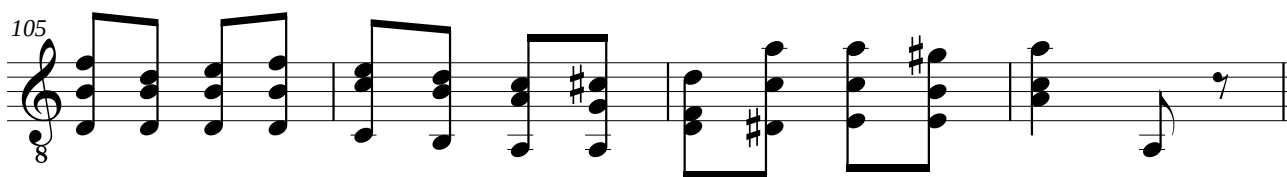
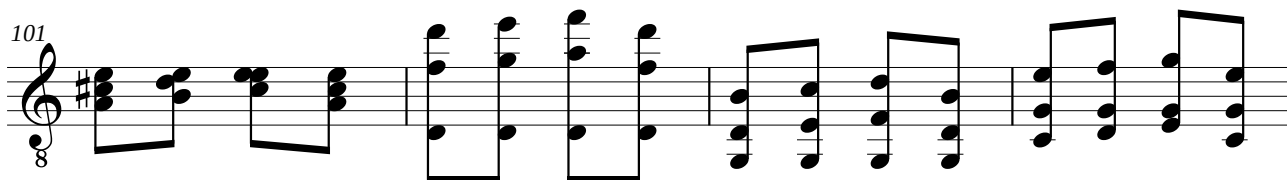
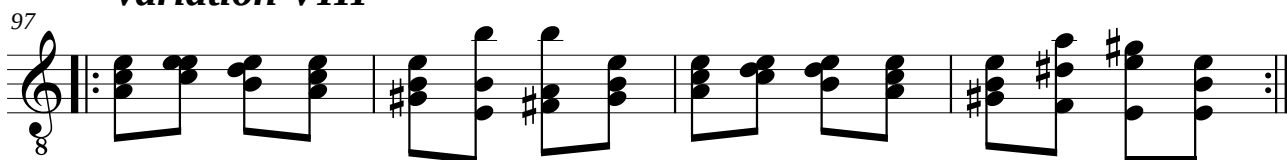
Variation VI



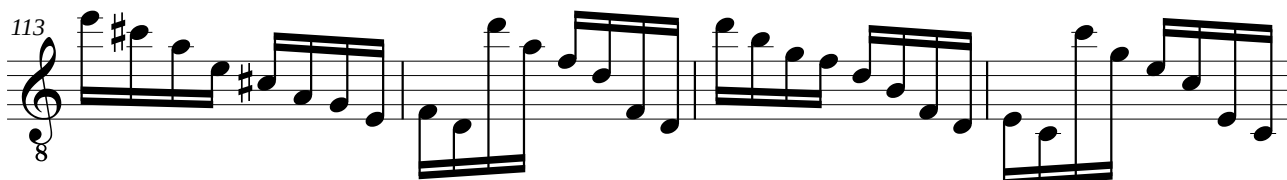
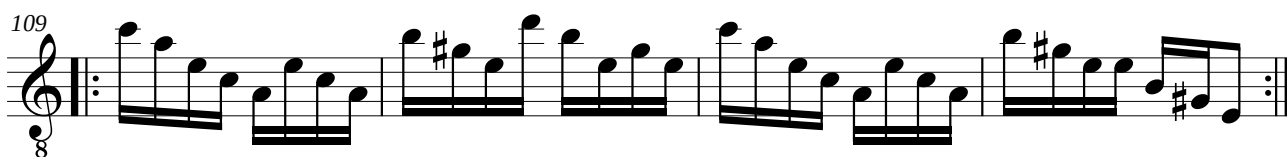
Variation VII



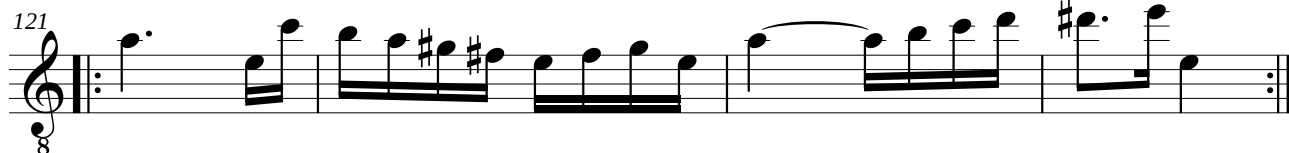
Variation VIII



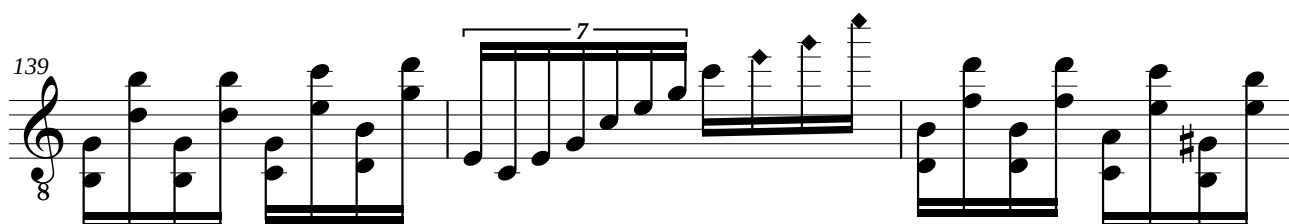
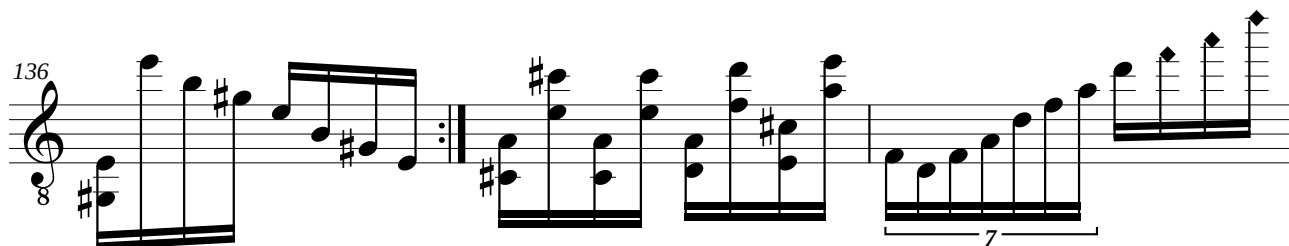
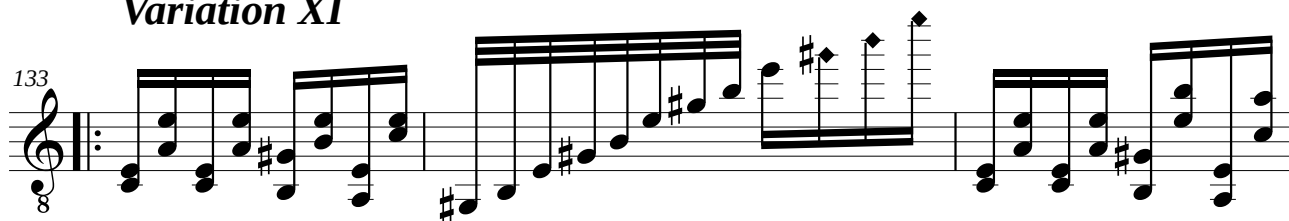
Variation IX

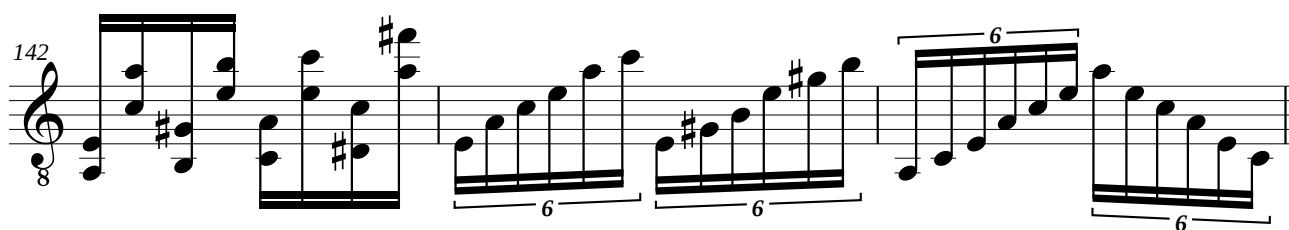


Variation X

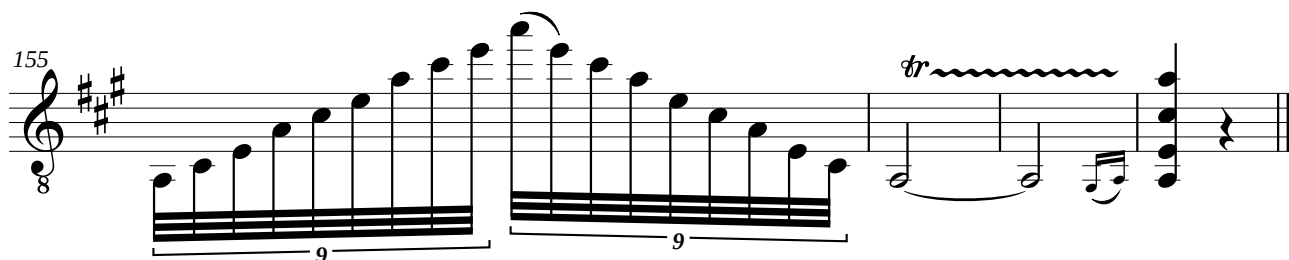
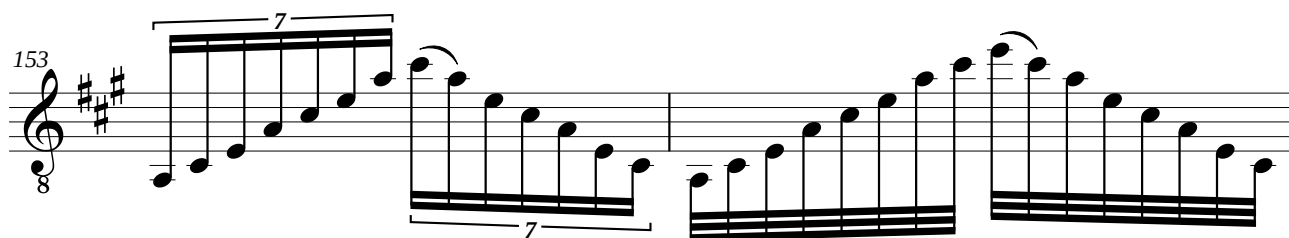
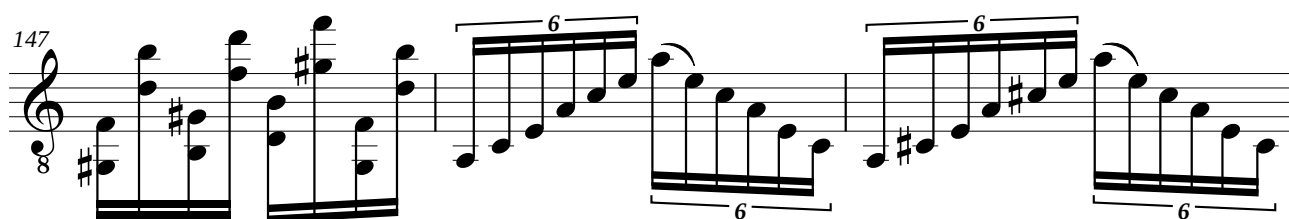
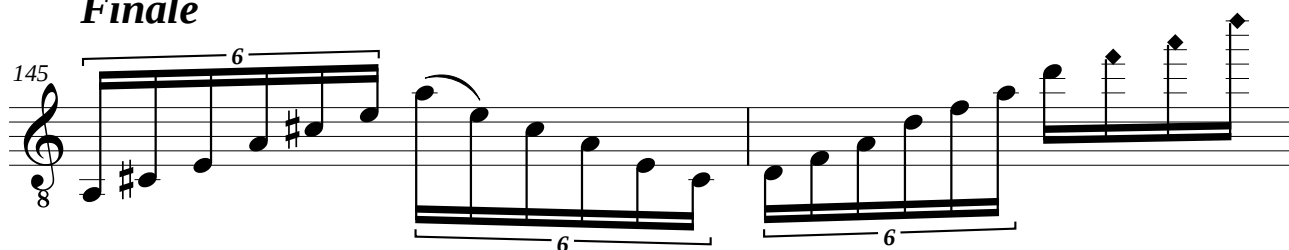


Variation XI





Finale



Enrique GRANADOS (1867-1916)

DANZA ESPAÑOLA N°9 opus 37

Romántica (mazurka)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Molto allegro brillante

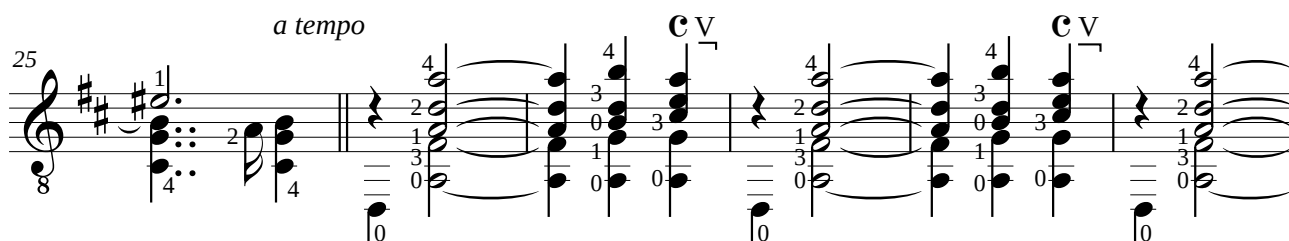
⑥ = RE

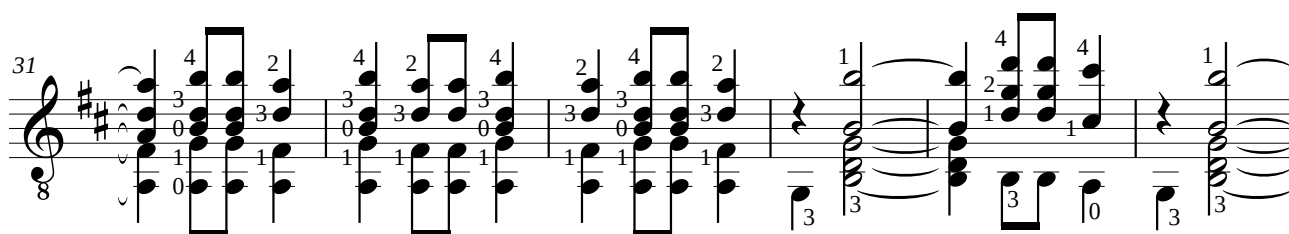
f

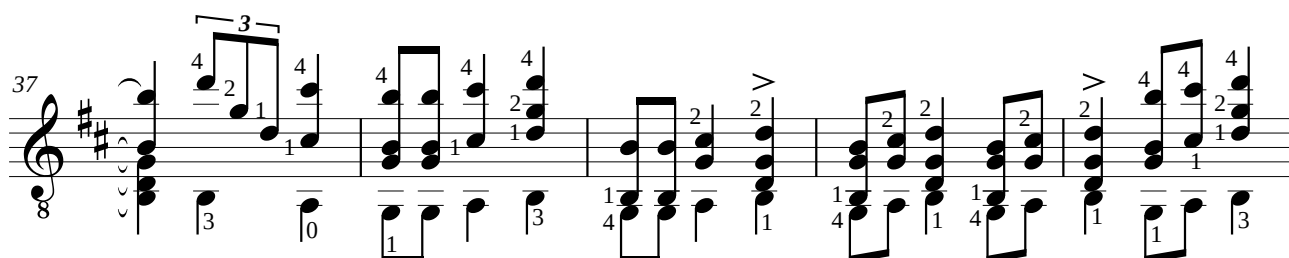
pesante

rall.

18  *maestoso* *poco rall.*

25  *a tempo*

31 

37 

42 

48 

53

57

poco a poco cresc.

62

più f

66

ff *con bravura*

70

74

fff

78 *meno f* *poco a poco dim.* *p*

82 *p*

87

92

96

99

Tempo I **C V**

136 **C II**

pesante *rall.* *maestoso*

141

poco rall.

a tempo **C V**

153

159

pesante

164

rall.

169

leggero

173

arm. octavados

178

meno

183

poco rit.

con espressione

188 *poco rall.* *a tempo* **C II** **C II**

193

196 **C II**

200

203 **C II**

206 **C II**

210

C II

213

dim.

C II

216

pp

rit.

220

Vivo

f

C V

227

lunga

lunga

C IV

233

sempre f

C VII

fff

fff

SERENATA

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Isaac ALBENIZ : SERENATA

27 **CVI**

32 **CII** **CIII** **CIII** **CII**

36 **CI** **CIV**

40 *ben riten.* *p* *m* *i* *p* *m* *i* *p*

44

47 *rit.* *dolce*

50

53 *cresc.* **CII**

57 *sf p i p i*

61

65 *rit.*

69 *rit.*

73 *cantando*

78 *rit.* 242

82 *cantando*

87 *leggerio* *rit.* *cantando* CIII CI CVI

92 CVIII CI CVI 343 *cresc.* 343

97 242 *rit.* CII

102 CIII CII CIII CVIII CVII CIV CI CII 131 131

106 *molto rit.* Andante CII 131

110 CIII CII 131 *riten.* 131

114 *rall.* *rall. molto* *ar7* *ar3* CII

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

CATALUÑA

Curranda

n°2 de la Suite espagnole opus 47

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegro

⑤ = SOL

⑥ = RE

⑤ VII

The musical score is written for guitar in 6/8 time, featuring a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a guitar-specific notation system. The first staff begins with a forte (f) dynamic and a crescendo leading to a piano (p) dynamic. The second staff continues the piece with various guitar techniques indicated by numbers (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) and fret numbers (3, 4). The third staff includes a section marked with a 'C III' symbol, indicating a specific guitar technique. The fourth staff concludes the piece with a piano (p) dynamic and a final flourish. The score is adapted by Jean-François Delcamp.

21 **C III** **C III** **C III** **C III**

p

26

p

30 **C III** **C VIII** **C III**

f

33 **C II** **C III** **C VIII** **C III**

p

36 **C V**

p

39 **C III** **C IV** **C I** **C III**

p

The first system of the musical score for 'The Little Boat' consists of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody starts on a whole note chord of G2 and B-flat2, followed by a half note G2, and then a quarter note B-flat2. The bass staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). It starts with a whole note chord of G2 and B-flat2, followed by a half note G2, and then a quarter note B-flat2. The system concludes with a double bar line.

54

i p

59 *p*

63 *f*

67

71 *p*

75 *cresc.* *cresc.*

78 *f*

C III

C VIII

C V C VII C VIII

C X

C VIII

C III

C III

C V

C III

C VII

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

ARAGON

Fantasia

n°6 de la Suite espagnole opus 47

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegro

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/8 time. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The first system (measures 1-6) includes a triplet of eighth notes and a slur over a triplet of eighth notes. The second system (measures 7-12) features a triplet of eighth notes and a slur over a triplet of eighth notes. The third system (measures 13-17) includes a triplet of eighth notes and a slur over a triplet of eighth notes. The fourth system (measures 18-22) features a triplet of eighth notes and a slur over a triplet of eighth notes. The fifth system (measures 23-27) includes a triplet of eighth notes and a slur over a triplet of eighth notes. The score is marked with various dynamics: *p* (piano), *poco rf* (poco rinforzando), *poco cresc.* (poco crescendo), *pp* (pianissimo), *cresc.* (crescendo), *ff* (fortissimo), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *con brio* (with spirit). The score also includes performance instructions such as *con brio* and *cresc.*. The piece concludes with a final triplet of eighth notes and a slur over a triplet of eighth notes.

27

pp

31

p

35

piu f *cresc.*

40

ff *ben marcato*

46

sempre piu ff

52

marcato *f*

58 *ff* **C X**

64 **C VIII**

68 **C III**

72 **C X** **Tempo I**

77 **C III** *dim.* *dim. sempre*

82 **COPLA ②** *dim. e rit. molto* *ben cantato*

87 *pp* *vivo* *ben cantato*

92 *pp* *cantato* *vivo* *mf* *rit. molto* *pp*

98 *mf* *cantato* *vivo* *pp* *mf*

103 *pp* *ben cantato* *mf*

108 *pp* *cantato* *mf*

113 *sotto voce* *cresc.*

119 *ben marcato* *f*

124 *f* *ff* *dim.*

127 *legato* *sotto voce*

132 *cresc.* *cresc.* *ff*

138 *ff* *sf* *dim.*

143 *f* *p dolce*

148

153

p *cresc.*

158

cresc. *f* *subito pp* los accordes

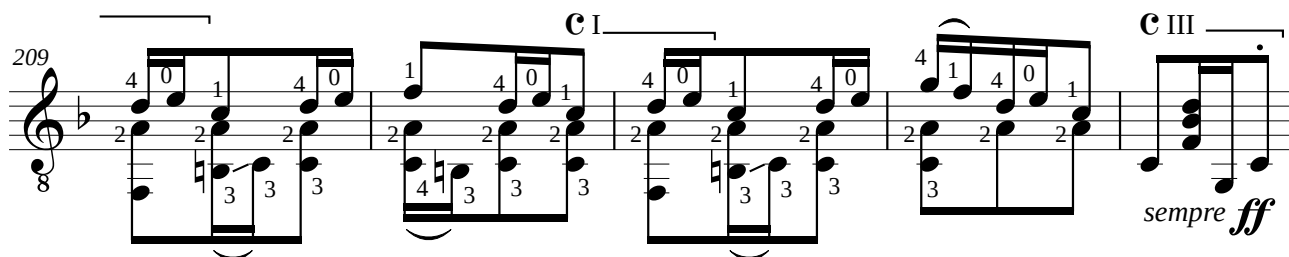
163

168

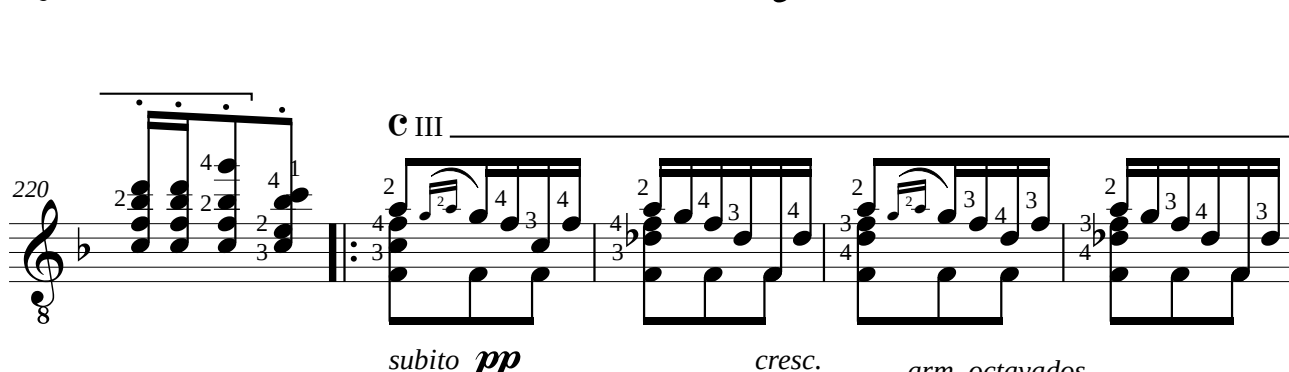
cantato

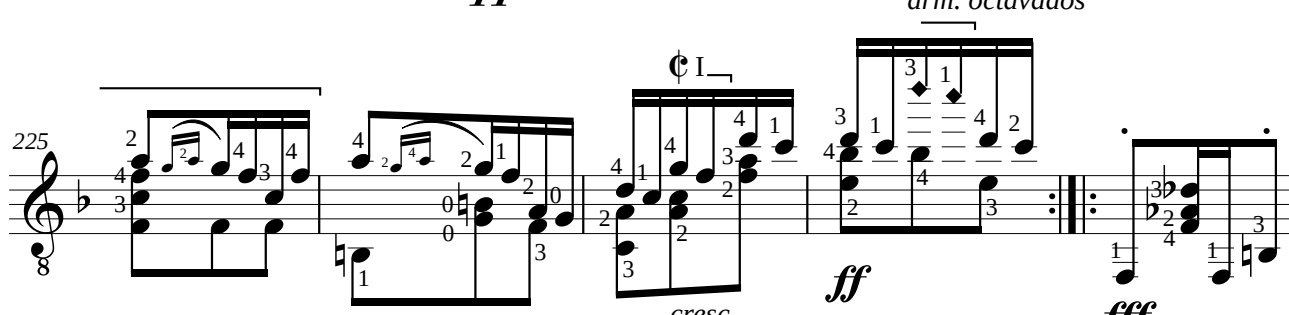
173

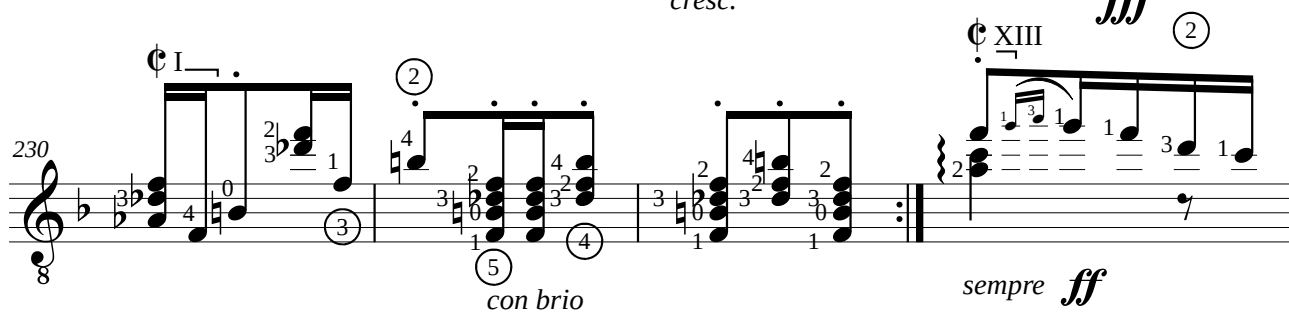
cresc.

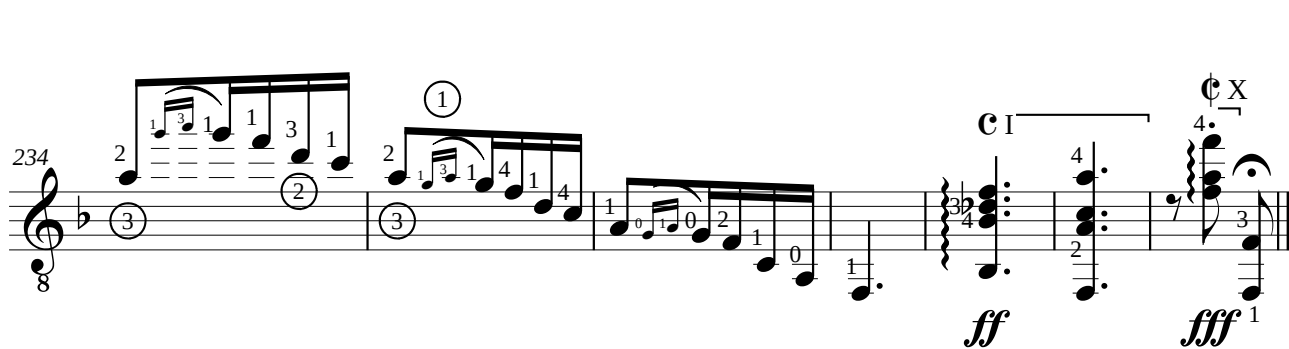
209  *sempre ff*

214  *sempre ff*

220  *subito pp* *cresc.* *arm. octavados*

225  *cresc.* *ff* *fff*

230  *con brio* *sempre ff*

234  *ff* *fff*

Isaac ALBENIZ (1860-1909)

CASTILLA

Seguidillas

n°7 de la Suite espagnole opus 47

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegro

C IV

C IX

C IX

C VI

C VI4/6

C VI

C VI4/6

13 *C II* *C II* *C XIV* *ff* *mf*

16 *C IV* *C VIII* *C VI* *p*

19 *C VI4/6*

22 *p*

25 *C II* *C II* *C XIV* *ff*

28 *p* *rit.* *C I* *C IV*

a tempo
♩ I

31

8

p

34

8

37

8

40

8

p con anima

♩ IX

43

8

♩ VI

♩ IX

♩ VI

♩ VI⁴/₆

p

46

8

p

49

52

55

58

61

64

ff

pp

p

f

rit. molto

67

C I⁷ C II⁷ C IX⁷ C IX⁷

ff

5 6 5

70

p

v v

73

pp

v v v

76

p

v v v v v

C III

79

C II C III

82

f

p

5

85

mf

5

88

f

ff

2

91

poco rit.

5

a tempo

94

p

i

p

97

f

i

100

ff

marcato

v

103

106

109

112

115

118

121 **C IX** **C VI**

124 **V** **IV** **III** **C IV** **C II** **C XI** *a m* *a m* *i p* *i p*

127

130 **C XI**

133 **C VII** **C IX** **C VI** **C XIV**

136 **C VII** **C VI** **C XI**

f *p* *f* *p* *f* *ff* *ff*

Miguel LLOBET (1878-1938)

VARIACIONES SOBRE UN TEMA DE SOR, Op. 15 (1908)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Tema $\text{♩} = 88$

1^a var. (Sor) $\text{♩} = 108$

19

* Union Musical Española = DO#/C#

** Union Musical Española = SOL#/G#

Miguel LLOBET : VARIACIONES SOBRE UN TEMA DE SOR, Op. 15

www.delcamp.net

22 **CIII**

25 **CII**

$\text{♩} = 100$
27 **2^a var. (Sor)** **CIII**

31 **CIII**

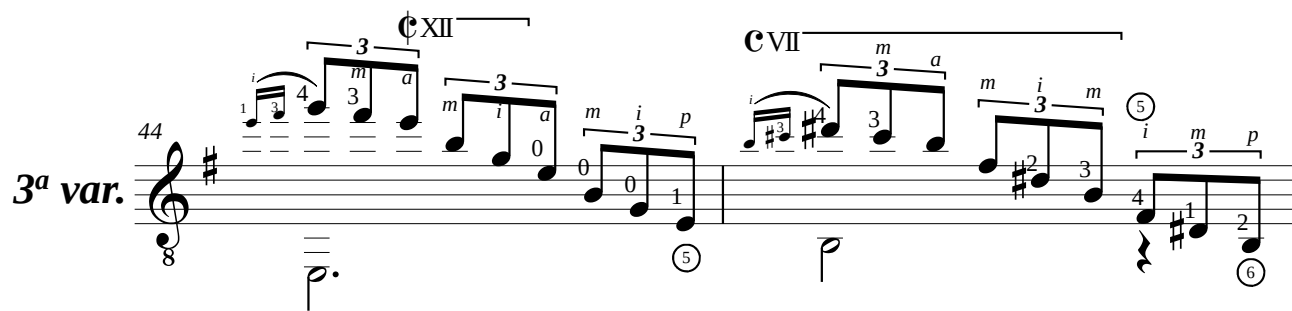
35 **CII**

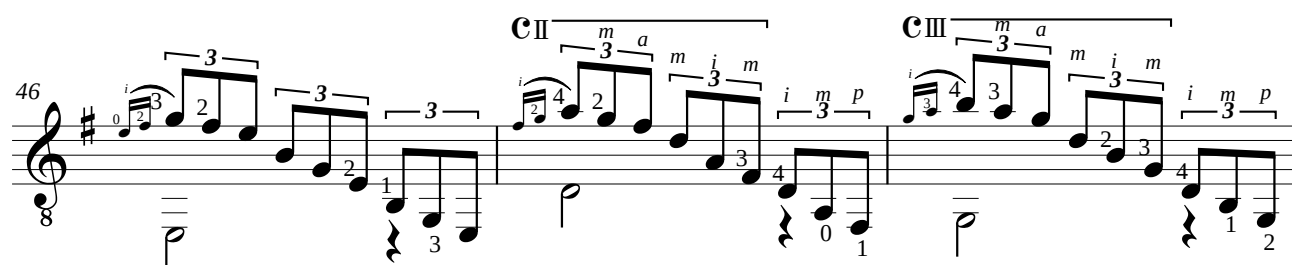
39 **CIII** **CI** **CII**

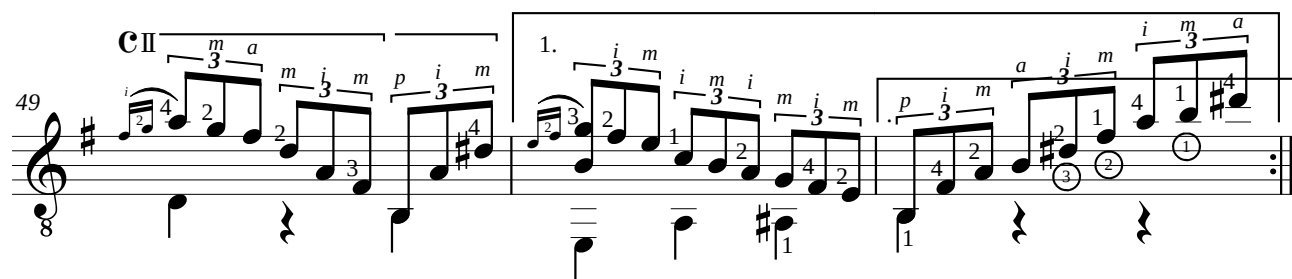
* Union Musical Española = SOL/G

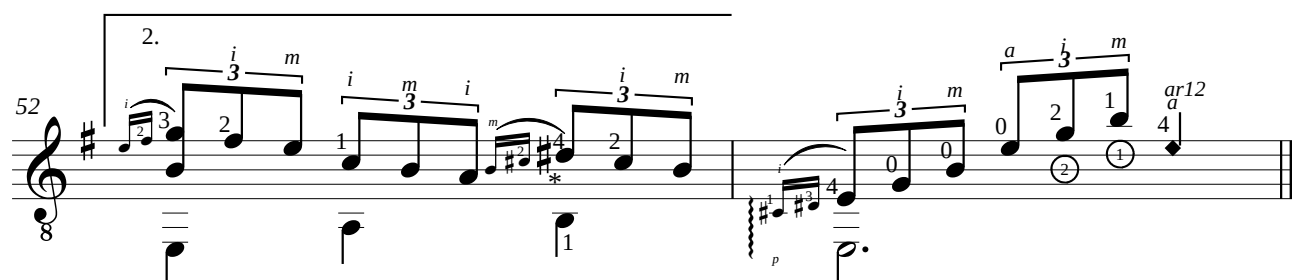
Miguel LLOBET : VARIACIONES SOBRE UN TEMA DE SOR, Op. 15

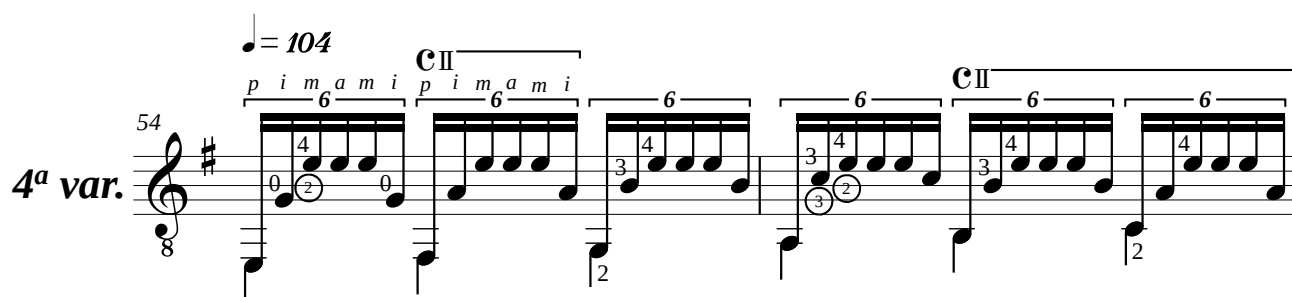
www.delcamp.net

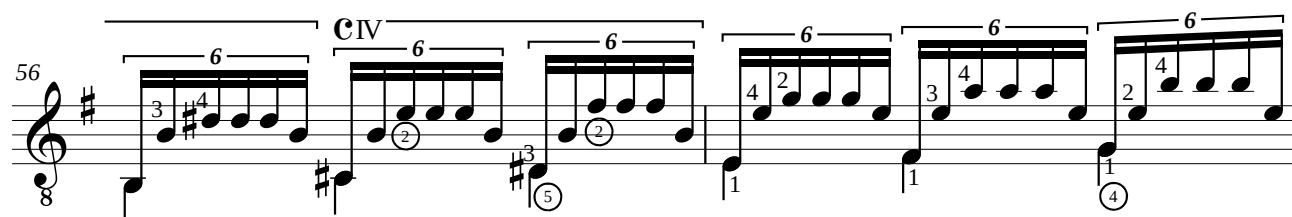
3ª var. 







♩ = 104
4ª var. 



* Union Musical Española = RE/D

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58

60

62

p

64

cresc. -----

66

f

68

dim. -----

rit. -----

C II

C III

C V

C VII

C VIII

5ª var.

$\text{♩} = 116$

p i m p i m

f y brillante

ar12 ar7

70 72 74 76 78

1.

2.

p i m

6ª var.

$\text{♩} = 116$

p i m p i m

81 **CIV** **CVII**

83 **CVII** **CX** **CVII**

85 1. **CII**

86 **CXII** **CV** **CIV** **CII** *p i m a*

88 2. **CVII** **CX**

89 **Vivo** **CVII**

Intermezzo *Andante molto espressivo* ♩ = 60 **CII**

91 *p* *cresc.*

93 **CV** **CIX** **CIV**

95 **CVI** **CIV** **CVI** **CIV** 1.

97 **CII** **CVII** *rall. poco*

99 2. **CIV** *dim.*

101 **CII** **CXI** *dim. - - - - - rall. molto* *p*

$\text{♩} = 69$

7ª var.

103

CII

104

105

C VII

106

107

CII

* Union Musical Española = SOL#/G#

Miguel LLOBET : VARIACIONES SOBRE UN TEMA DE SOR, Op. 15

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108

109

110

111

$\text{♩} = 88$ toda esta variación en sonidos harmónicos.

8ª var. 112

115

* Union Musical Española = ar12

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118

p *i* *m* *p* *m* *i* *p* *i* *m* *i* *m* *a* *p* *i* *m* *a*

5 5 5 3 5 5 7 7 7 3 7 7 7 5 7 7 5 5 5

12 rit. - - - -

$\text{♩} = 96$ toda esta variación con la mano izquierda sola.

9ª var. 120

0 1 2 1 3 4 3 4 3 1 2 1 3 4 2 1 0 3 4 2 1 0

121

3 1 3 0 1 2 1 2 1 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 1 3 4 1 3 4 3 4 3 1 0 4 2 1 1 4 3 1

123

0 1 2 4 1 2 1 2 0 3 1 0 2 1 0 2 4 1 2 4 1 0 1 0 2 1 0 2 1 1 4 3 1

125

0 1 3 4 1 3 1 3 1 0 4 2 1 2 2 3 0 1

126

1 3 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 3 4 1 1 2 4 1 1 3 4 1 1 2 4 1

[illegible]

10^a var.

134

f *p* *a m i* *f* *p* *i m a*

136

f *a m i* *p* *a m i* *p* *a m i* *rall.*

137

a m i *p* *a m i* *p* *a m i* *rall.*

138

f *a m i* *p* *a m i* *p* *a m i* *rall.*

139

f *a m i* *p* *a m i* *p* *a m i* *rall.*

Manuel DE FALLA (1876-1946)

LA VIE BREVE

Danse espagnole n°1

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Molto ritmico

The score is written for guitar in 3/8 time. It consists of five systems of music. The first system starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Molto ritmico'. The first measure is marked 'CV'. The first system ends with a measure marked 'p'. The second system starts with a measure marked 'CVII'. The second system ends with a measure marked 'cresc.'. The third system starts with a measure marked 'f'. The third system ends with a measure marked 'p'. The fourth system starts with a measure marked 'CVII'. The fourth system ends with a measure marked 'p'. The fifth system starts with a measure marked 'f'. The fifth system ends with a measure marked 'p'. The score includes various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings like 'pp', 'f', and 'p'. The score is divided into sections labeled 'CV' and 'CVII'.

64

mf *cresc. molto* *ff* sempre

70

75

p subito *poco* *pp*

81

cresc.

86

mf *p*

92

mf

97

CI CII

3 2

p

i m i

p

m

102

CII

2

i p p i m i

p

107

CVI CIII

2 3

m i p i m i

p

i p m i

p

f

112

CIII CIII

p

f

Pesante, ma con fuoco

118

ff e con anima

124

sempre ff

131 *dolce* *p*

137 *poco* *p* *espress.*

143 *f* *marcato* *ff*

156 *ff*

161

Allegramente

166 **CII** *sempre ritmico con brio*

172 **CVII**

177 **CVII**

183 **CVII**

188

194

à Andrès Segovia

- 134 -

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

SONATE IDA PRESTI, opus 31

Sonate n° 2,

à Monsieur Enno VOORHORST

Pour guitare

I

Allegro (♩ = 120) (♩. = 80)

mp

mf

mp

rall.

a tempo

mf

f

allarg.

Allegro Vivace (♩ = 132) (♩. = 88)

mp

f

Un phare en mer, son faisceau balaye la mer.

18 *mp*

24 *rall.*

30 *a tempo* *f* *mf* *mp*

34 *f* *mf*

38 *a tempo* *rall.* *p* *p i m a*

41 *f* *mf* *p i m a*

43 *f* *mf*

45

47

49

54

59

65

67

69 *p i*
f *mf*

71 *mp*

74 *f*

78 *♩ II*

82 *rall.* *♩ II* *arm. 8va*
laisser vibrer

87 *p* *ar12* *ar7*

92 *mp* *mf* *allarg.* *f*

a tempo

96 *mp* *p i m a* *p i m a*

98 *mf*

100 *p i*

102 *mf* *rall.* *a tempo*

104

106 *CII*

108 *rall.* *CII* *laisser vibrer*

II

Adagio $\text{♩} = 50$

*Passacaille en sept mesures
sul tasto_ _ _ _ _*

111 *sul tasto*
mf

116

121

125

129

133

137 **CII** **CVII**

141 **CI** **CII** **CVII** **CVI** *anticiper les doigts 3 et 2* **CV**

III

Allegro (♩. = c. 102)

146 *mf* *rall.* *a tempo*

150 **CI** *mp* *f*

154 **CV** **CIV** **CIII** **CII** *p* *<mf*

159 C I IX

164 *ponticello* *mp*

169 *mf* *mp* *mf* *p* *mp* *p*

175 C I *mp* *mf* *f* *laisser vibrer* *mp*

180 *pp* *p* *mp* *a tempo* *rall.*

186 C VII 1. *a tempo*
un chœur de pingouins entonne un hymne nocturne

190 *mp* *mf*

194 *f* *p* *mf*

199 *p*

2. Allegretto (♩. = 68) *alors qu'une barque trouve refuge dans une anse.* *mf*

208 *mp* *p*

212 *mf* accel.

Allegroissimo (♩. = c. 102) *mp* *mf* *f* CI

221 *mf* CI

ponticello

226

8

231

8

mp

f

236

8

p

240

8

mf

244

8

f

mf

249

8

f

253

8

p

f

ff

rasg.

C II

Brest, mai 1993 - avril 2024

Antonio JOSE (1902-1936)

SONATA

Gravé par Henri Lebon, révision et doigtés de Rui Namora

Allegro Moderato

The musical score is written for guitar on a single staff in treble clef, 2/4 time. It begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo hairpin. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score includes various guitar-specific notations: natural harmonics (indicated by a circle with a dot), fretted notes (indicated by numbers 0-4), and fingerings (indicated by numbers 1-4). Chord symbols CII, C VII, C VIII, C V, VII, VI, and IX are placed above the staff. The piece features several triplets and slurs. The dynamics change from *f* to piano (*p*) at measure 5, and then to *cresc.* (crescendo) at measure 13. The score ends at measure 17 with a final flourish.

21 **CIV** **CVI** **CII**
p

25 *cresc.*

29 **CVII** **CVIII** **CII**
f

33 *dim.* **CI** **CI**

37 **CIII**
p expres.

41 **CVI**
pp dejando vibrar

46 *mf* C VI *pp*

51 *mf* *pp* rit. mucho C VI

56 C VII *pp*

61 *p*

66 C IV C IX

72 *ossia 8vb* C IV

77

82

87

92

98

104

110

dim.

p>

f

CII

CIII

115 *mf* *ossia 8^{va}* CIII

120 *ossia 8^{vb}* CXI

124 C VII C II *cresc. y accel. poco*

128 *f* **Tempo I**

133 *apasionadamente* CIV

137 C II CIV

141

cresc. mucho

145

f

CIV

150

p

CIV

156

p

f

p

CIV

161

f

dim.

CIV

166

CVII

CII

CVII

rit. expres.

p a tempo

172

177

f

181

CIV

185

CXII

189

CVII

cresc. y accel.

193

ff

198 **C VII** **C XI** *dejando vibrar*

203

208

213 **C V**

rit. hasta fin

218 *rit.* *despacio*

223 **C II**

Minueto

Musical score for "Sonata in G major, Op. 10, No. 3" by Frédéric Chopin. The score is in 3/4 time and features various musical notations including dynamics (p, mf, p), articulation (cresc., poco rit.), and fingerings. The score is divided into sections labeled C I, C II, C III, C IV, C V, C VI, C VII, and C VIII.

31 **CVII** **CI**

poco rit.

36 **CII** **CII** **CII** **CII** **CII**

marcando bien el canto

41 **CIII**

ossia 8va

46 **CXI**

rit. *a tempo* **CXI** *f*

51 **CIV**

rall. *despacio* *a tempo* **CIV**

56

ff

61 *rall.* *f* **CXI** *poco rall.* -----

66 **CIV** *rit.*

71 *tiempo normal* *p*

76 *rall. mucho* *D. C. ad libitum*

79 **Tempo I**

85 *cresc.* **C1**

90 *rit. molto* *despacio* ----- *rall.*

Pavana triste

Lento

4

expresivo

CIV *un poco más movido* CVI CVI CVII

7

cresc.

10 **f** **CIII** *despacio*

14 *rall.* **CI** *ossia ar12* **mf** (pequeña pausa, como una respiración)

18 **CIV** **CIV**

22 **f** *ossia gva*

25 **CVII**

28

31 *cresc.* *ff*

(sol dans l'original)

34

Tempo I

37 *p*

espressivo *CV*

41 *f*

44 *dim.*

despacio *rall.* *ossia ar12* *ar.8do*

47

Final

Allegro con brio

↑ ↓ ↑ ↓
> > > >

8 rasqueado

5 CV

f siempre

9 CV

13

17

33

f subito

p

37

*menos movido
como en el 1^{er} movimiento*

p

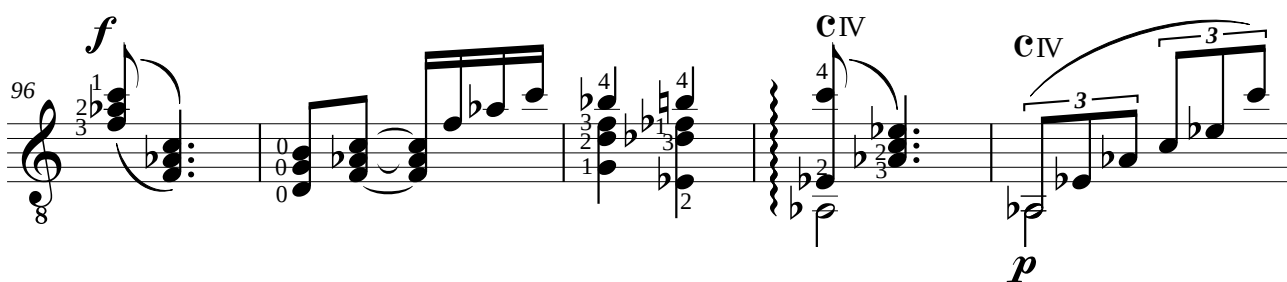
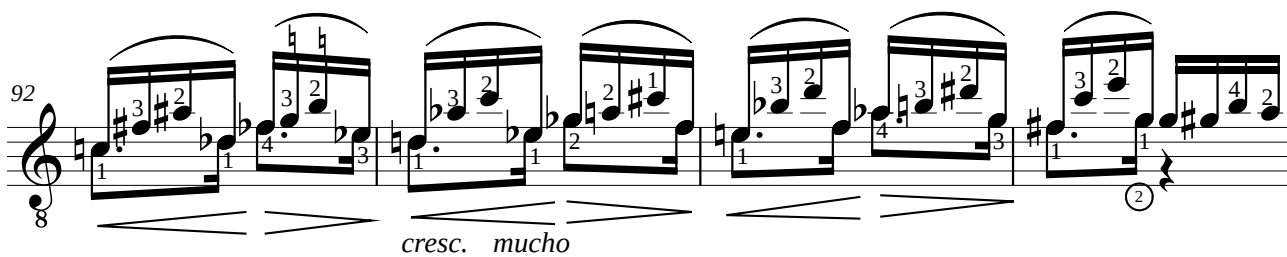
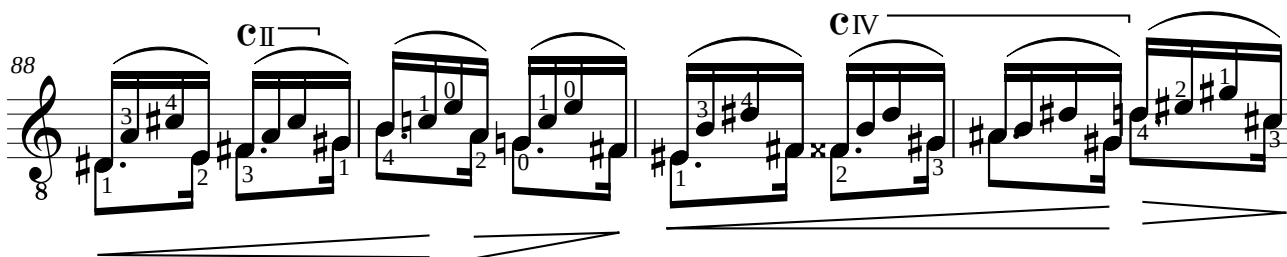
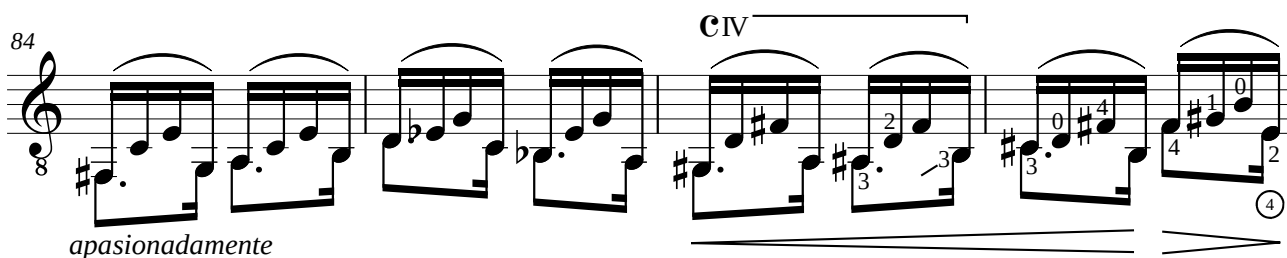
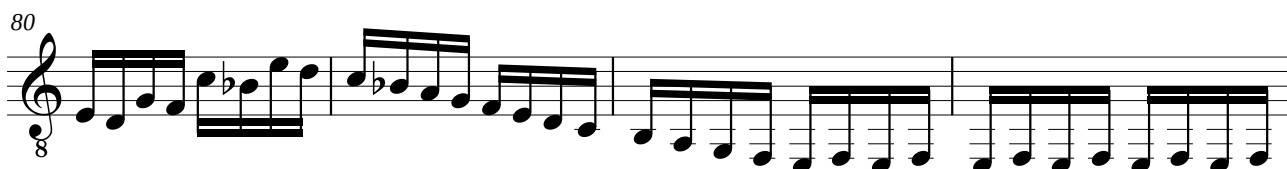
The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system, labeled '52', features a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written on a five-line staff, with notes beamed in groups of four and six. The lyrics 'The Rose Tree' are written below the first staff. The second system continues the melody and lyrics. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#) for the final measure, indicated by a sharp sign on the F line. The lyrics 'The Rose Tree' are repeated. The score is written in a traditional musical notation style with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat.

58 *dim.* *p>*

[illegible]

72

Musical score for 'The Rose Tree' (Meisterlied). The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. It begins with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The melody starts with a series of eighth notes, followed by a half note, and then a series of eighth notes with a slur. The score includes various musical notations such as accidentals (sharps, flats, naturals), slurs, and dynamic markings (accents). The piece concludes with a final cadence.



101

106

p *f* *p*

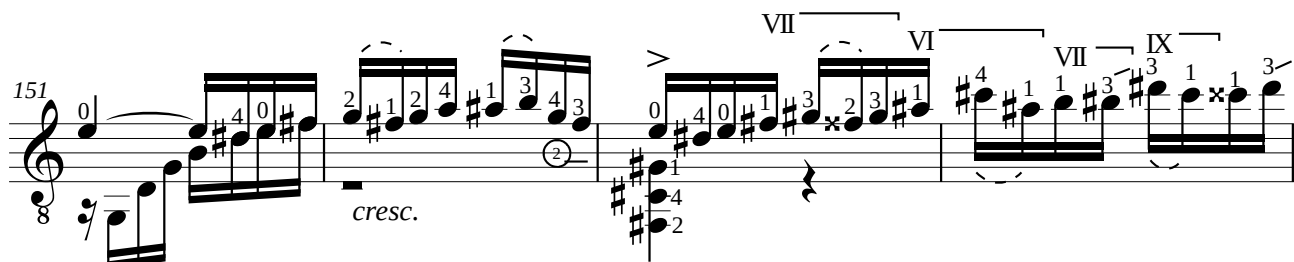
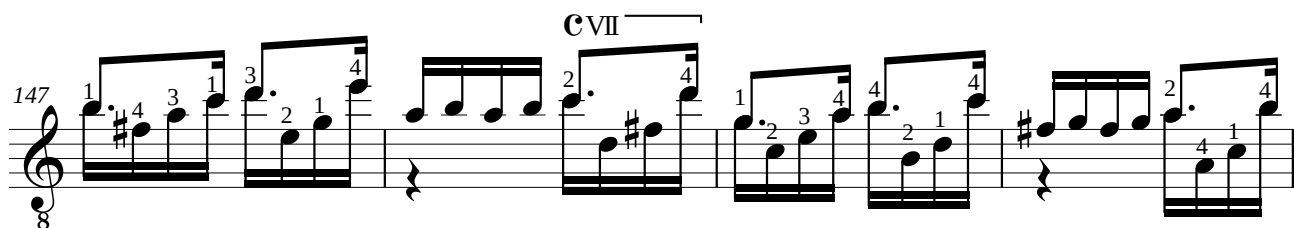
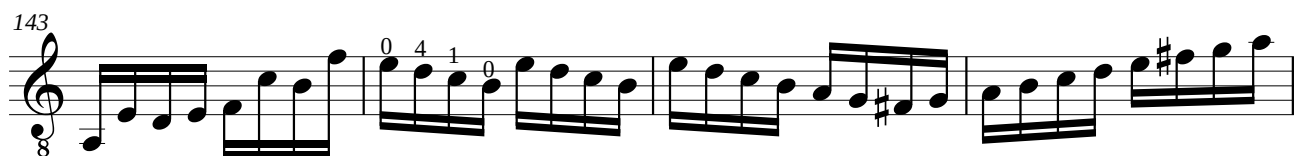
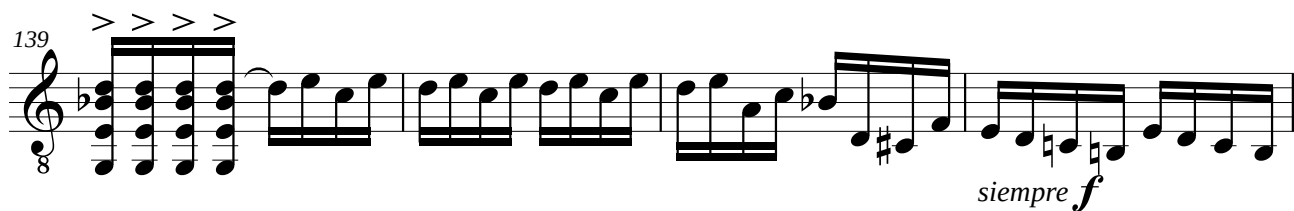
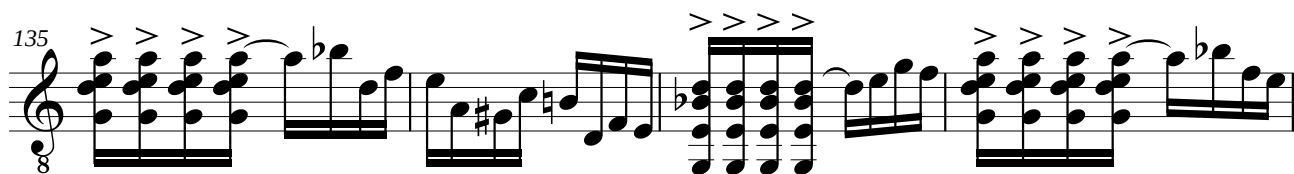
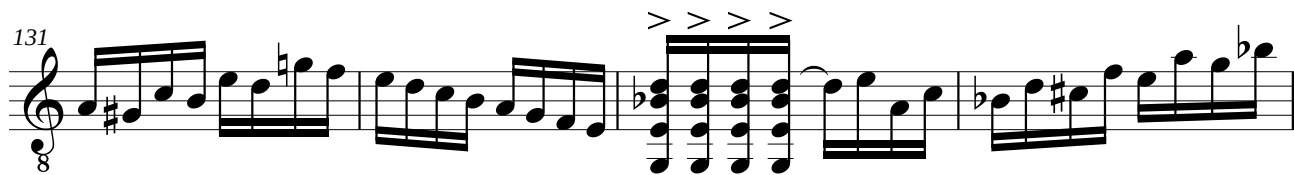
111

f *dim.*

116

122

127



155 *f* **CIV** *p*

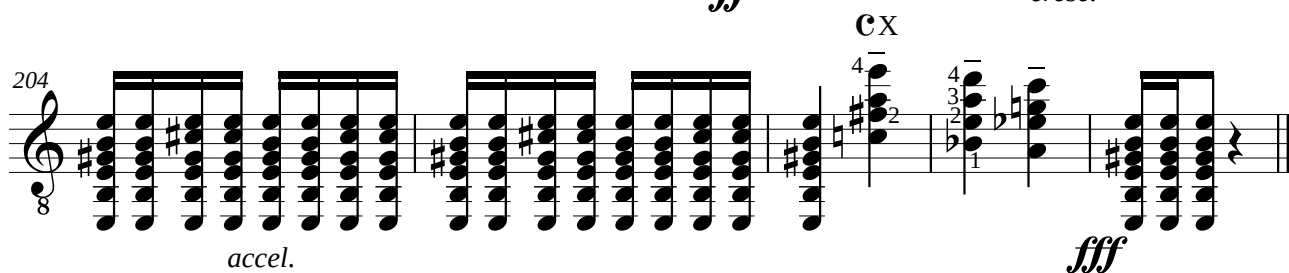
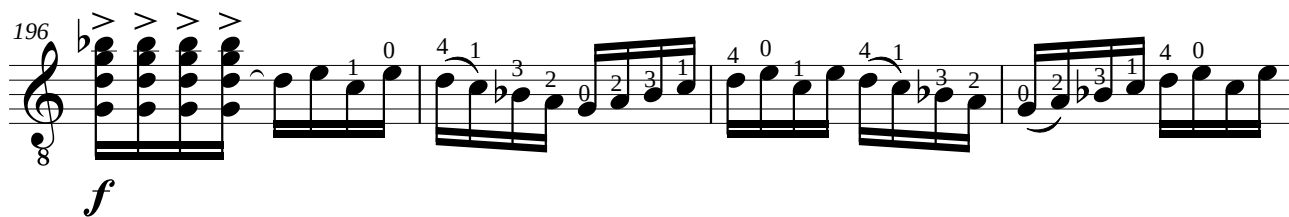
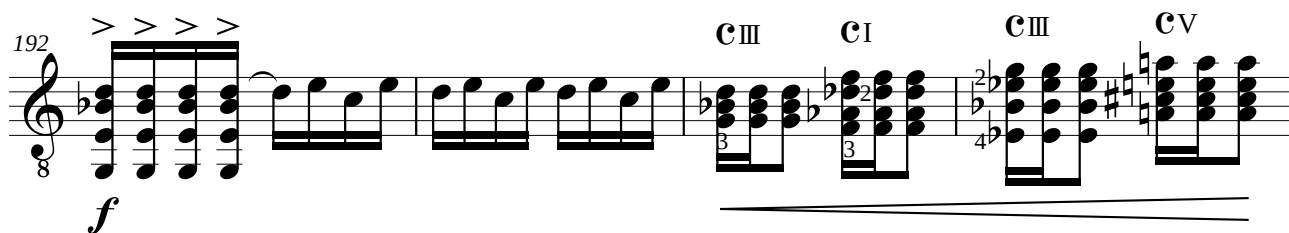
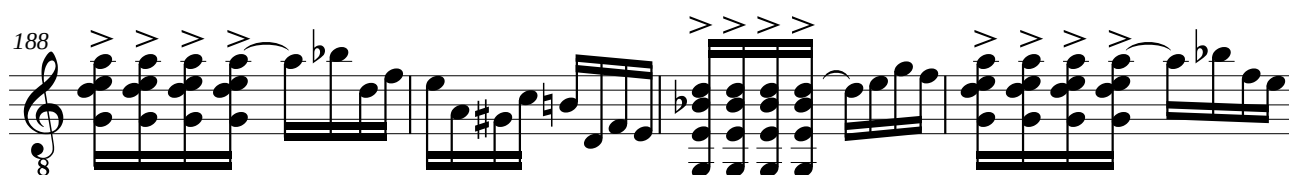
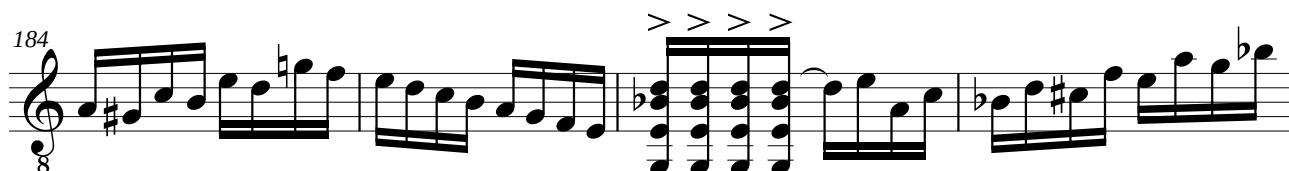
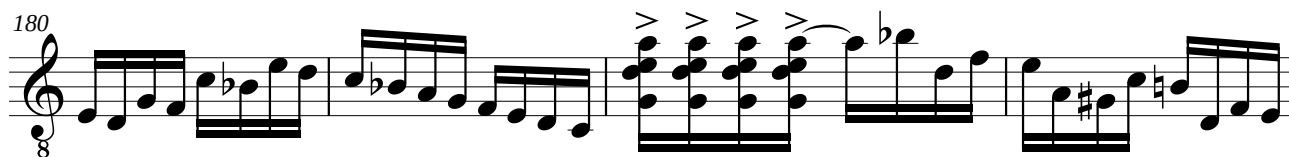
159 **CVI** **CII** *cresc.*

163 **CVII** **CVIII** *f* **CII**

167

171 *dim.* **CI** **CI**

175 *f* *con brio y aún más nervioso que al principio*



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