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# D01

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guitare classique  
chitarra classica  
classical guitar  
guitarra clásica

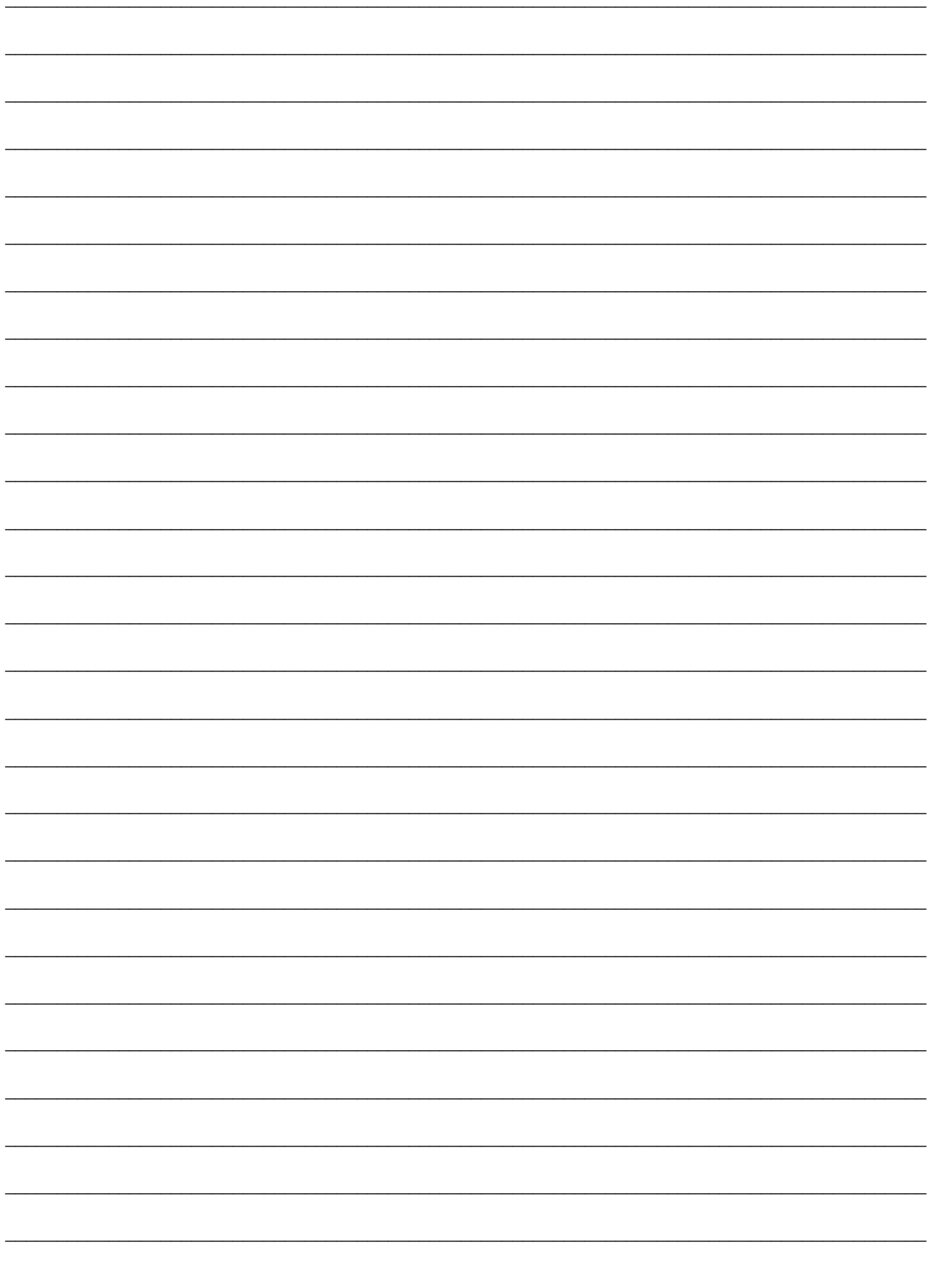
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Jean-François DELCAMP



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Jean-François DELCAMP

# Symboles / Simboli / Symbols / Símbolos

1 2 3 4 - Doigts de la main gauche.  
 - Dita della mano sinistra.  
 - Fingers of the left hand.  
 - Dedos de la mano izquierda.

p i ma - Pouce, index, majeur et annulaire.  
 - Pollice, indice, medio e anulare.  
 - Thumb, index, middle-finger, and ring-finger.  
 - Pulgar, indice, medio y anular.

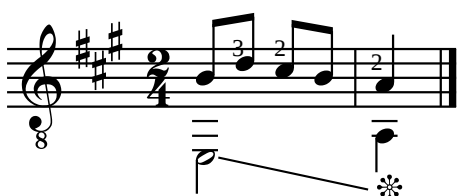
⑥ ⑤ ④ - Les cordes .  
 ③ ② ① - Le corde.  
 - The strings.  
 - Las cuerdas.

**CII CV CIX** - Frette où le premier doigt fait un barré.

**CII CV CIX** - Tasto che il primo dito preme per fare un barré.

**CII CV CIX** - Fret where the first finger makes a barré.

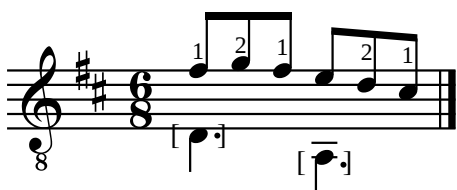
**CII CV CIX** - Traste donde debe extenderse el dedo primero para formar una cejilla.



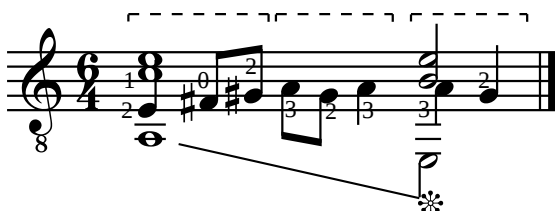
- Stopper la résonance de la note précédente.
- Fermare la risonanza della nota precedente.
- Damp the preceding note.
- Detener la resonancia de la nota precedente.



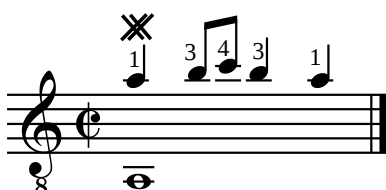
- Les passages difficiles sont encadrés.
- I passaggi difficili sono incorniciati.
- Difficult passages are highlighted in a box.
- Los pasajes más difíciles están enmarcados.



- Les crochets signalent les ajouts de l'éditeur.
- Le parentesi quadre segnalano le aggiunte del trascrittore.
- Square brackets show editorial additions.
- Los parentesis cuadrados muestran añadidos de la editorial.



- Les pointillés précisent une hémiole.
- La linea punteggiata evidenzia un'emioia.
- The dotted lines define a hemiola.
- Las líneas de puntos definen una hemiola.



✖ - vibrato (Gaspar Sanz)

L'emploi du temps d'un débutant : Pour progresser il faut que vous ayez un peu de temps pendant 6 jours de la semaine, voici le minimum nécessaire : 3 jours où vous pouvez consacrer 10 minutes à répéter de 6 à 12 fois chaque passage difficile. Je vous signalerai ces passages difficiles en les surlignant en jaune. Et 3 jours où vous pouvez consacrer 30 minutes à l'étude de la guitare, dont - 10 minutes à travailler les passages difficiles (les passages difficiles sont encadrés), - 15 minutes à répéter plusieurs fois de suite (3 à 6 fois) les membres de phrases (indiqués par des accolades) - et enfin 5 minutes à jouer le ou les morceaux en entier.

Notez bien qu'il faut jouer 6 jours par semaine. Si vous regroupez tout ce temps sur une journée, c'est à dire 2 heures en un seul jour, vous ne progresserez pas et en plus vous risquez de vous faire mal en sollicitant trop longtemps certains muscles. Fractionnez votre travail et jouez un peu tous les jours.

Faites l'essentiel de votre travail sur ce que vous avez du mal à jouer : les passages difficiles, les membres de phrase difficiles. Ne jouez les morceaux en entier qu'une ou deux fois par semaine. Pour bien nous comprendre, voici un exemple d'emploi du temps où alternent les séances de 10 et 30 minutes : lundi 30 minutes, mardi 10 minutes, mercredi 30 minutes, jeudi 10 minutes, vendredi 30 minutes, samedi 10 minutes.

I tempi di studio di un allievo del primo anno: Per progredire è necessario avere un po' di tempo per 6 giorni a settimana, ecco il minimo necessario per questi livelli: 3 giorni dove potete dedicare 10 minuti per ripetere da 6 a 12 volte ogni passaggio difficile. Vi segnalo i passaggi difficili evidenziandoli in giallo. E 3 giorni dove potete dedicare 30 minuti allo studio della chitarra, di cui - 10 minuti per lavorare sui passaggi difficili (i passaggi difficili sono incorniciati), - 15 minuti per ripetere più volte di seguito (da 3 a 6 volte) le parti di frasi (indicate tra parentesi) - e infine 5 minuti per suonare i brani per intero.

Notate bene che occorre suonare 6 giorni alla settimana. Se impiegate tutto questo tempo in una sola giornata, vale a dire 2 ore in un solo giorno, non progredirete e rischiate di procurarvi dei danni insistendo per un tempo troppo prolungato su certi muscoli. Frazionate il vostro tempo di studio e suonate un poco tutti i giorni .

Sfruttate al massimo il vostro tempo per affrontare i passaggi difficili, le frasi difficili. Suonate i brani in modo completo solo una o due volte alla settimana. Per farvi comprendere meglio ecco un esempio d'orario di studio con sessioni alternate di studio di 10 e 30 minuti: Lunedì 30 minuti, Martedì 10 minuti, Mercoledì 30 minuti, Giovedì 10 minuti, Venerdì 30 minuti, Sabato 10 minuti.

Timetable for the beginner: In order to progress, you need a little time each day for 6 days of the week. Here is the minimum necessary when you are a beginner: 3 days when you can devote 10 minutes to repeating each difficult passage from 6 to 12 times. I'll indicate these difficult passages to you by highlighting them in yellow. And 3 days when you can devote 30 minutes to studying the guitar, made up of - 10 minutes practising the difficult passages (difficult passages are highlighted in a box), - 15 minutes repeating the individual phrases (indicated by phrase marks) several times in succession (3 to 6 times) - and finally 5 minutes playing the piece or pieces in full.

Note that you must play for 6 days of the week. If you combine all this time into one day, that is to say, 2 hours in a single day, you will not make progress and furthermore you will risk injuring yourself by making demands on certain muscles for too long. Divide up your practice and play a little each day.

Spend most of your practice time on the parts you have trouble playing: difficult passages, difficult phrases. Only play pieces the whole way through once or twice a week. So we understand one another properly, here is an example of a timetable where sessions alternate between 10 and 30 minutes: Monday 30 minutes, Tuesday 10 minutes, Wednesday 30 minutes, Thursday 10 minutes, Friday 30 minutes, Saturday 10 minutes.

Organización del tiempo para principiantes : Para poder progresar hay que tocar un poco cada día y por lo menos 6 días a la semana. Podéis organizar el tiempo de estudio siguiendo por lo menos dos tipos de programas: Un programa de estudio de 10 minutos. Durante este tiempo habrá que ensayar 6 a doce veces seguidas los compases, especialmente los más difíciles. Os indicaré estos compases difíciles subrayándolos en amarillo. Un segundo programa de estudios de 30 minutos organizado de la siguiente manera: - 10 minutos para estudiar los compases difíciles (los pasajes más difíciles están enmarcados), - 15 minutos para ensayar varias veces seguidas (de 3 a 6 veces) partes de algunas falsetas (que marcaré entre corchetes), - y, para acabar, 5 minutos para tocar la o las piezas enteras.

Es importante tocar los 6 días de la semana. Si en lugar de repartir el trabajo os ponéis a tocar un único día a la semana, o sea 2 horas seguidas el mismo día, no vais a mejorar, además lo más probable es que os hagáis daño por utilizar algunos músculos del cuerpo durante tanto tiempo seguido. Es importante fraccionar el tiempo de trabajo y estudiar un poco cada día.

Intentad centrar vuestros esfuerzos en las partes que os resulten más complejas : compases o falsetas (frases) más difíciles. Solo debéis tocar las piezas enteras un par de veces por semana. Para no dejar lugar a duda, os doy un ejemplo de organización de vuestra semana para estudiar la guitarra (alternando sesiones de 10 y 30 minutos) :

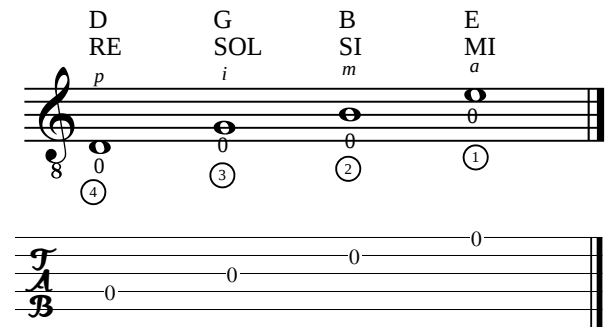
lunes 30 minutos, martes 10 minutos, miércoles 30 minutos, jueves 10 minutos, viernes 30 minutos, sábado 10 minutos.

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## CORDES A VIDE - OPEN STRING

Pour guitare

D RE G B E  
RE SOL SI MI  
*p* *i* *m* *a*



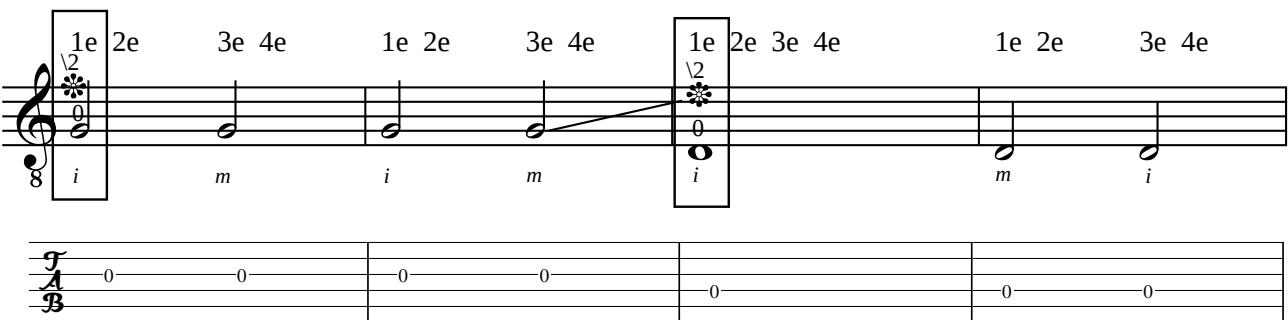
Prenez appui sur la corde 6 avec votre pouce droit tout au long de la pièce.

● = **104** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

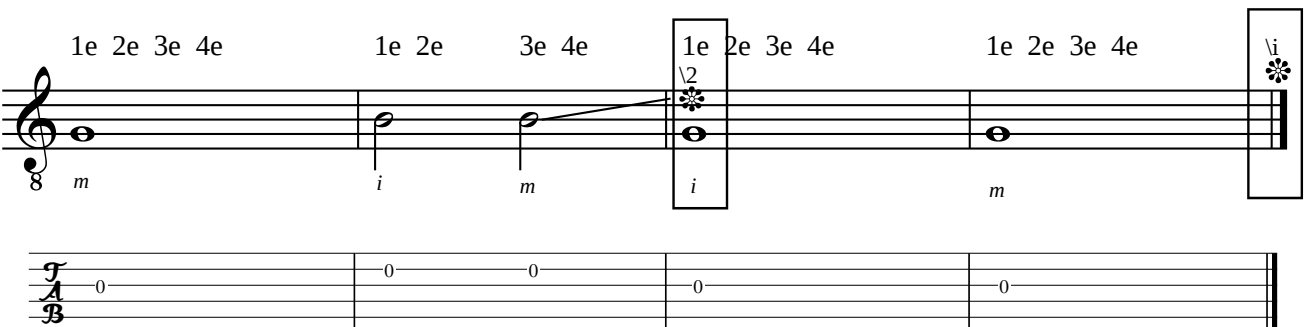
1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e



1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e



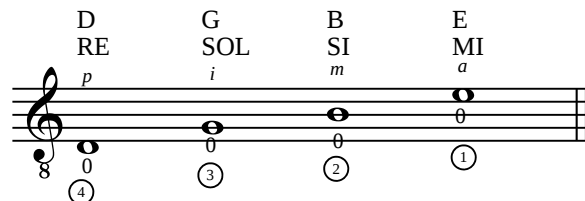
1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e



# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

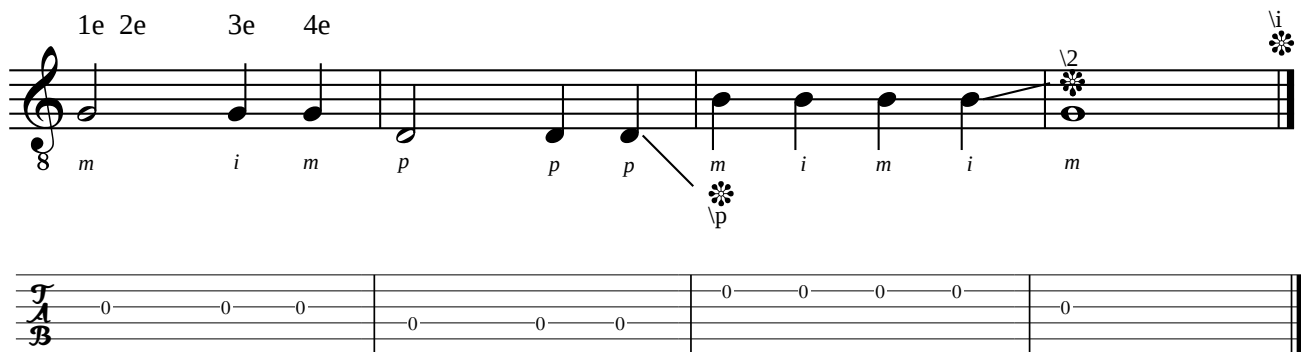
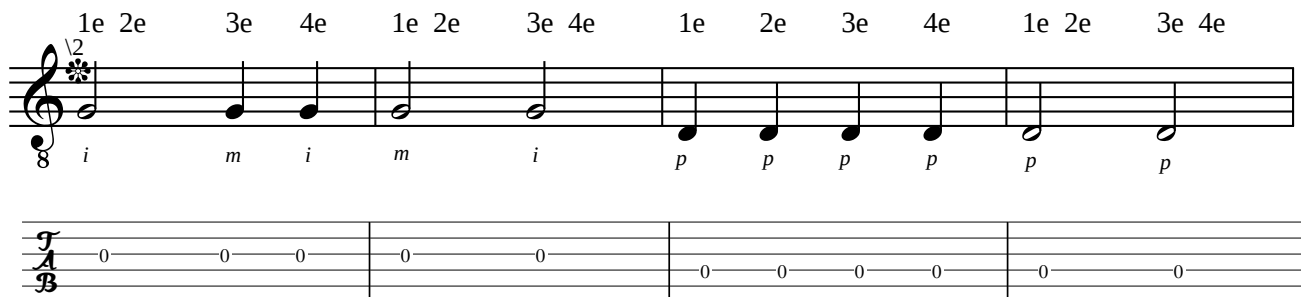
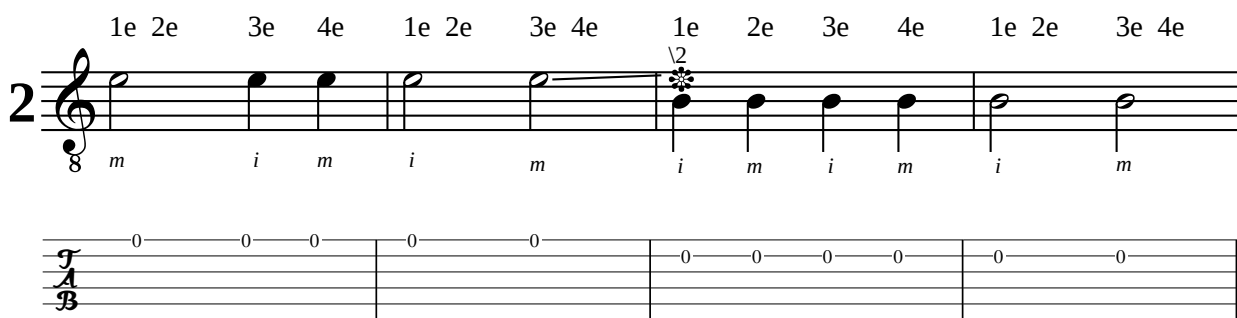
## CORDES A VIDE - OPEN STRING

Pour guitare



Prenez appui sur la corde 6 avec votre pouce droit tout au long de la pièce.

**104** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*



# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## SOL LA SI DO - G A B C

Pour guitare

G SOL      A LA      B SI      C DO

**♩ = 120** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e

1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e

1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## SOL LA SI DO - G A B C

Pour guitare

G SOL      A LA      B SI      C DO

♩ = 120 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e    3e 4e    1e 2e    3e 4e    1e 2e    3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e

1e 2e    3e 4e    1e 2e    3e 4e

1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e

# ANONYME

## A LA CLAIRE FONTAINE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

G A B D  
SOL LA SI RE

♩ = 144 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

# ANONYME

## OLD MAC DONALD

United States of America

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

D E G A B  
RE MI SOL LA SI

The first system shows the vocal melody in treble clef and guitar accompaniment in bass clef. The vocal line has notes for D (RE), E (MI), G (SOL), A (LA), and B (SI). The guitar accompaniment consists of a single bass line with fret numbers 0, 2, 0, 2, 0.

♩ = 152 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

The second system (measures 1-4) features a vocal melody with fingerings (1e, 2e, 3e, 4e) and guitar accompaniment with fret numbers (0, 2, 0, 2, 0). It includes a rest stroke (p) and a half note (1/2).  
 The third system (measures 5-8) continues the vocal melody and guitar accompaniment, with a half note (1/2) and a rest stroke (p).  
 The fourth system (measures 9-12) features a vocal melody with fingerings (1e, 2e, 3e, 4e) and guitar accompaniment with fret numbers (0, 2, 0, 2, 0). It includes a half note (1/2) and a rest stroke (p).  
 The fifth system (measures 13-16) continues the vocal melody and guitar accompaniment, with a half note (1/2) and a rest stroke (p).

# ANONYME

## AU CLAIR DE LA LUNE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

D
E
F#
G
A
B
B
RE
MI
FA#
SOL
LA
SI
SI

● = 168
buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

5
1e
2e
3e
4e

9

# ANONYME

## IL EST MINUIT

Canon

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

|    |    |     |     |    |    |    |
|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| D  | E  | F#  | G   | A  | B  | B  |
| RE | MI | FA# | SOL | LA | SI | SI |

♩ = **152** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

# GAMMES - SCALE - SCALES - ESCALAS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

[illegible]

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## TERMINER - FERMARE - DAMP - APAGAR

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

Dans les exercices suivants, vous allez travailler l'enchaînement des notes, c'est à dire que vous allez terminer une ou des notes au moment exact où vous commencez la ou les notes suivantes. Les exercices 17 à 20 sont pour les doigts de la main droite. Le signe (x) indique que le doigt de la main droite est posé sur la corde. L'exercice 21 est pour la main gauche : penchez le doigt gauche pour bloquer la corde voisine en même temps que vous commencez la nouvelle note.

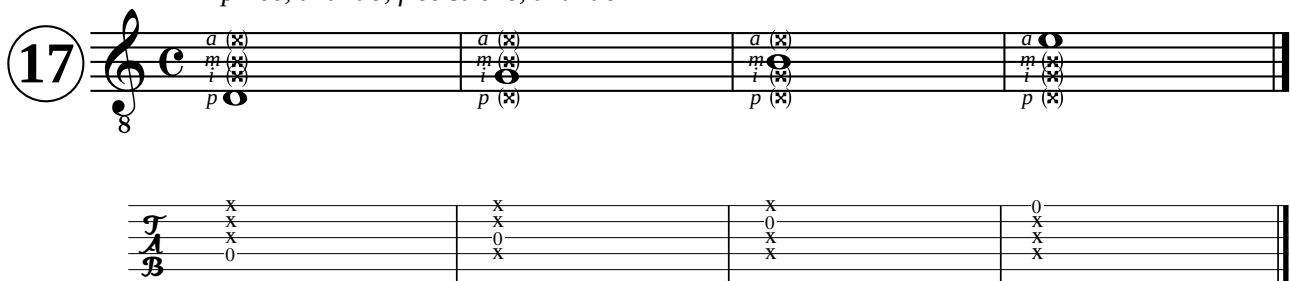
Negli esercizi seguenti andrete a lavorare sulla successione delle note, cioe' dovrete terminare una o piu' note nel momento esatto in cui iniziate la o le note seguenti. Gli esercizi da 17 a 20 sono per le dita della mano dx. Il segno (x) indica che il dito della mano dx e' posato sulla corda. L'esercizio 21 e' per la mano sinistra: inclinate il dito sinistro per bloccare la corda vicina nello stesso momento in cui iniziate la nuova nota.

In the following exercises, you will work on getting a smooth join between notes, that is to say that you will end one or more notes at the exact moment that you start the following note (or notes). Exercises 17 to 20 are for the fingers of the right hand. The sign (x) indicates that the right hand finger is placed on the string. Exercise 21 is for the left hand: lean the left hand finger to damp the adjacent string at the same time as you start the new note.

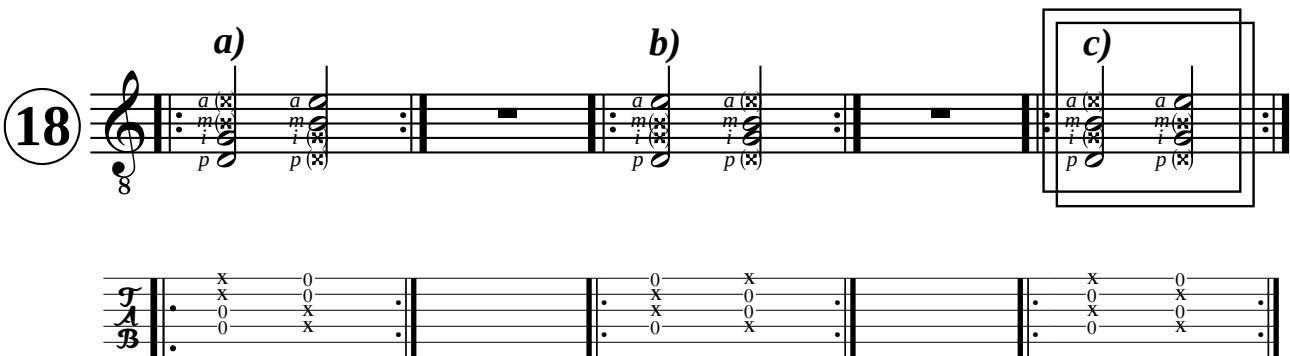
En estos ejercicios, vais a ejercitar el encadenamiento de las notas, o sea vais a acabar una o varias notas en el momento exacto en el que empezáis a tocar la o las notas siguientes. Los ejercicios 17 a 20 están hechos para los dedos de la mano derecha. La señal (x) indica que el dedo de la mano derecha se apoya sobre la cuerda. El objetivo del ejercicio 21 es ejercitar la mano izquierda: a la vez que se esta posicionando el dedo de la mano izquierda para preparar la nota, inclinar el dedo de la mano izquierda que va a presionar la cuerda hacia abajo. El objetivo de esta posición es apagar la vibración de la cuerda que hemos tocado justo antes.

*pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando*

**17**



**18**



19

a) b) c) d)

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

20

a) b) c)

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

21

a) b) c) d)

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

## Deutschland

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

1 e 2 e 1 e 2 e 1 e 2 e 1.

8 m i m i m i m i m

tr

2 1 1

3 0 3 0 1 0 1 3 0 2 2 1 1

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The upper staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 3/4 time signature. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The lower staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 3/4 time signature. The bass line is written in a simple, folk-like style. The score includes a repeat sign and a first ending bracket. The first ending bracket is labeled "2." and contains a measure with a whole note G4 and a half note F#4. The score ends with a double bar line.

# ANONYME

## JIG

Irland

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 80 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

# ANONYME

## LONDON'S BURNING

canon

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

D G A B B C D  
RE SOL LA SI SI DO RE

8

• = 88 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

8

4

8

# ANONYME

## UNE SOURIS VERTE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 84$  *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1 e 2 e 1e 2e 1 e 2 e 1 e 2e 1 e 2 e

m i m i m i

6 1e 2e 1 e 2 e 1e 2 e 1 e 2 e 1e 2e

12

# ANONYME

## J'AI DU BON TABAC

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

|    |    |    |    |     |
|----|----|----|----|-----|
| C  | D  | E  | F  | G   |
| DO | RE | MI | FA | SOL |

♩ = **132** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1 e 2 e 1e 2 e 1e 2e 1e 2e 1 e 2 e

6

12

19

# ANONYME

## LA TÊTE BIZARDE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

|    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| D  | G   | A  | B  | B  | C  | D  | E  |
| RE | SOL | LA | SI | SI | DO | RE | MI |

♩ = **138** buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

*Fine*

20

8 *i*

3 0 1 3 0 3 1 4 4 2 0 1 3 1 0

3 0 1 3 0 3 1 4 4 2 0 1 3 1 0

27

8 *m*

*D.C. al Fine*

1 0 3 0 1 3 0 3 1 4 2

1 0 3 0 1 3 0 3 1 4 2

# ANONYME FRERE JACQUES

canon

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

|    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| D  | G   | A  | B  | B  | C  | D  | E  |
| RE | SOL | LA | SI | SI | DO | RE | MI |

♩ = 120 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

7 1e 2e 3e 4e

8 m p i m p i

0 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 2 4 0

11 1 e 2 e 3e 4e

0 1 3 0 1 3 3 0 3 1 0 0

14

3 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## GAMMES - SCALE - SCALES - ESCALAS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F F# G  
MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA FA# SOL

8 *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *m* *i* *m* ①

⑥ ⑤ ④ ③ ② ①

0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 0 1 3 0 1 2 3

DO Majeur - C Major

①

8 *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m*

1/2 1/3 1/3

3 0 2 3 0 2 1 0 2 0 3 2 0 3

SOL Majeur - G Major

②

8 *m* *i* *m*

0 2 0

DO Majeur - C Major

8 *i* *m*

1 3 2 2 2 2 2 2

1/2 1/3 1/2

1 3 0 2 3 2 0 3 1 0 2 0

③

8 *m* *i* *m*

*pp*

3 0 2

8 *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m* *i* *m*

1/3 1/2 1/3

0 2 3 2 3 0 3 0 2 0 2 0 1 0 1 3 1 3 0 3 0 1

8 *f* *mf*

0 1 3 3 0 1

# ANONYME

## SCARBOROUGH FAIR

England

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

C D E F G A B C D E  
DO RE MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI

● = **112** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

*Fine*

8

*D.C. al Fine*

# ANONYME

## AH VOUS DIRAI-JE MAMAN

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = **136** buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

*Fine*

3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e

*D.C. al Fine*

3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

# ANONYME

## LA BONNE AVENTURE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

|    |    |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| E  | F  | G   | A  | B  | C  | D  | E  | F  |
| MI | FA | SOL | LA | SI | DO | RE | MI | FA |

♩ = 152 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e *Fine*

5 *D.C. al Fine*

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## SI SI RE

Pour guitare

♩ = 104 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e2e 3e4e 1e2e3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1 e 2 e 3e 4e 1 e 2e 3 e 4e

8 *m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i*

0 0 3 3 0 0 0 0 3 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0

6 *m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i*

3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3

11 *m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i*

0 0 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0

16 *m i m i m i m i m i m*

3 3 0 0 0 0 3 3 0

# ANONYME

## SUR LE PONT D'AVIGNON

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

G A B C D E F G  
SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA SOL

♩ = 144 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

4 *Fine*

8 *D.C. al Fine*

# Johann Kaspar MERTZ (1806-1856)

## Übungen im Wechsel – Anschlag. auf zwei Saiten

Schule für die Gitarre

Pour guitare

♩ = 104 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

3/8

♩ = 104 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

4/8

# Patty & Mildred J. HILL GOOD-MORNING TO ALL

England (1893)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

G A B C D E F G  
SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA SOL

$\bullet = 120$  *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

3 e 1e 2e 3e 1e 2e 3 e 1e 2e 3e

4 1e 2e 3 e 1e 2e 3e 1e 2e 3 e 1e 2e 3e 1e 2e

# Dionisio AGUADO (1784-1849)

## LECCION 5a

de "Nuevo Método para Guitarra" (Madrid, Campo 1843)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 120 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e 1e 2 e\1

m i m i m i m i m i m i m i

8

0-3 1-0-1 0-2-0 1-0 0-3 1-0-1 2-3-0-0 1

9

2 1 2 1

m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m

8

0-3 0-1-0 1-3-0-3 3-0 3-0-0 0-1-0 1-3-0-3 1

# ANONYME

# LO, NOUS MARCHONS SUR UN ETROIT CHEMIN

Israel

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

● = 84 buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat major or D minor). It begins with a quarter note G4 (labeled '8' below), followed by a half note F#4 (labeled 'p'), and then a quarter note E4 (labeled 'p'). A slur covers the next three eighth notes: D4 (labeled 'p'), C4 (labeled 'p'), and B3 (labeled 'p'). This is followed by a double bar line. After the double bar line, there is a quarter note G4 (labeled 'p'), followed by a half note F#4 (labeled 'm'), and then a quarter note E4 (labeled 'm'). A slur covers the next three eighth notes: D4 (labeled 'i'), C4 (labeled 'm'), and B3 (labeled 'i'). This is followed by a triplet of eighth notes: A3 (labeled 'p'), G3 (labeled 'p'), and F#3 (labeled 'p'). The bottom staff is a bass clef staff with a key signature of one flat. It begins with a quarter note G2 (labeled '2'), followed by a half note F#2 (labeled '0'), and then a quarter note E2 (labeled '2'). This is followed by a double bar line. After the double bar line, there is a quarter note G2 (labeled '0'), followed by a half note F#2 (labeled '2'), and then a quarter note E2 (labeled '2'). A slur covers the next three eighth notes: D2 (labeled '0'), C2 (labeled '2'), and B1 (labeled '2'). This is followed by a triplet of eighth notes: A1 (labeled '0'), G1 (labeled '2'), and F#1 (labeled '0').

[illegible]

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The upper staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The melody is written in eighth and sixteenth notes, with a long, sweeping slur over the first two measures. The lower staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one flat and a 4/4 time signature. The bass line is written in eighth and sixteenth notes, with a long, sweeping slur over the first two measures. The score is divided into three measures by vertical bar lines. The first measure contains a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 4/4 time signature. The second measure contains a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 4/4 time signature. The third measure contains a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 4/4 time signature. The score is written in a standard musical notation style, with notes, rests, and bar lines clearly visible.

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## GAMMES - SCALE - SCALES - ESCALAS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F F# G  
MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA FA# SOL

The first scale exercise is written for guitar. The treble clef staff shows the notes E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F#, G. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 above the notes. The guitar-specific staff below shows the fret numbers (0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 2, 3, 0, 2, 1, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3) and string indicators (8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3). The scale is played on strings 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3.

4

The second scale exercise is written for guitar. The treble clef staff shows the notes E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F#, G. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 above the notes. The guitar-specific staff below shows the fret numbers (2, 0, 3, 2, 0, 3, 1, 0, 1, 3, 0, 2, 3) and string indicators (8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3). The scale is played on strings 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3.

5

The third scale exercise is written for guitar. The treble clef staff shows the notes E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F, F#, G. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 above the notes. The guitar-specific staff below shows the fret numbers (3, 0, 2, 3, 0, 3, 1, 0, 2, 3) and string indicators (8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3). The scale is played on strings 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3.

# ANONYME

## LA CUCARACHA

Mexique

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

D F# G G# A B B C D E  
RE FA# SOL SOL# LA SI SI DO RE MI

• = 144 buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

7

3

13

4

2

1

4

m

m

i

3

0

3

1

4

2

4

0

0

0

0

0

4

0

0

0

The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of a vocal melody line and a piano accompaniment line. The vocal line is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The piano accompaniment is written in bass clef with a 4/4 time signature. The score is divided into three measures. The first measure of the vocal line starts with a tenor clef (C4) and a piano (p) dynamic. The piano accompaniment starts with a bass clef (C2) and a piano (p) dynamic. The second measure of the vocal line has a piano (p) dynamic. The third measure of the vocal line has a piano (p) dynamic. The piano accompaniment has a piano (p) dynamic. The score is written in a simple, clear style with a white background and black text.

The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 4/4 time signature. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a 4/4 time signature, providing a harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the bass staff. The score is for a single melodic line, with the lyrics "The Rose Tree" written below the bass staff. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a 4/4 time signature, providing a harmonic accompaniment. The lyrics "The Rose Tree" are written below the bass staff.

# ANONYME

## C'EST LA CLOCHE DU VIEUX MANOIR

canon

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

D G A B B C D E  
RE SOL LA SI SI DO RE MI

$\bullet = 60$  buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

# ANONYME

## LE COUCOU

canon

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 106$  buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

The first system of musical notation is for the guitar. It consists of a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in a single line. Above the staff, there are fingerings: '4e' for the first note, and a sequence of '1 e 2 e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1 e 2 e 3e 4e' for the subsequent notes. Below the staff, there are fingerings: 'i' for the first note, and a sequence of 'm i m i m i m i m i m' for the subsequent notes. A box is drawn around the first four notes of the melody. Below the treble staff is a bass staff with a common time signature (C). It contains a sequence of fret numbers: '0 0 0 0 4 0 0 4 2 0 2 4'. A slur is placed over the first four fret numbers.

4

The second system of musical notation is for the guitar. It consists of a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in a single line. Above the staff, there are fingerings: 'i' for the first note, and a sequence of 'i i i i i i i i i' for the subsequent notes. Below the staff, there are fingerings: '0 3 0 3 0 3 1 0 1 3 0'. A slur is placed over the first four fret numbers. The system ends with a double bar line.

# ANONYME

## ALOUETTE, GENTILE ALOUETTE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

D E G A B B C D E  
RE MI SOL LA SI SI DO RE MI

♩ = **112** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2 e 3e 4e 1 e 2 e 3e 4e 1e 2 e 3e 4e

*Fine*

4 1 e 2 e 3e 4e

*D.C. al Fine*

7

# ANONYME

## VENT FRAIS, VENT DU MATIN

Canon

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = **112** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

# ANONYME

## LUNDI MATIN

France

Adaptation pour guitare de  
Jean-François Delcamp

|    |    |    |    |     |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|
| C  | D  | E  | F  | G   | A  | B  | C  |
| DO | RE | MI | FA | SOL | LA | SI | DO |

$\bullet = 104$  *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

# ANONYME CADET ROUSSELLE

France

Adaptation pour guitare de  
Jean-François Delcamp

|     |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| G   | A  | B  | C  | D  | E  | F  | G   |
| SOL | LA | SI | DO | RE | MI | FA | SOL |

$\bullet = 84$  *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6

*i* *m* *i*

1 0 3 3 3 3 0 1 3 1 0 1

$\sqrt[12]{*}$

*m* *m* *m* *m* *m* *m*

1 1 0 2 0 1 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 1

$\sqrt[12]{*}$

*m* *m* *m* *m* *m* *m*

1 1 0 2 0 1 0 1 3 3 1 0 1

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## POLYPHONIE - POLYPHONY

Pour guitare

E MI A LA D RE E MI

♩ = **132** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

*i m i m i m*

7

• = **132** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*  
 1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e    1e 2e 3e 4e

1e 2e 3e 4e

7

13

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## BUTÉ - APOYANDO - REST STROKE - APOYANDO

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

*buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

15

# Antonio CANO-CURRIELLA (1811-1897)

## LECCION 1

de "Metodo completo de guitarra" Madrid

Révision de  
Jean-François Delcamp

E A D E G# A B C D E F  
MI LA RE MI SOL# LA SI DO RE MI FA

The first exercise is a single-measure piece in 2/4 time. The treble clef staff shows the notes E4 (MI), A4 (LA), D5 (RE), E5 (MI), G#5 (SOL#), A5 (LA), B5 (SI), C6 (DO), D6 (RE), E6 (MI), and F6 (FA). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 on the right hand and 0-6 on the left hand. The guitar staff shows the corresponding fret numbers for each note.

♩ = 66 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1 e 2 e 1 e 2 e

The second exercise is a four-measure piece in 2/4 time. The treble clef staff shows the notes E4 (MI), A4 (LA), D5 (RE), E5 (MI), G#5 (SOL#), A5 (LA), B5 (SI), C6 (DO), D6 (RE), E6 (MI), and F6 (FA). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 on the right hand and 0-6 on the left hand. The guitar staff shows the corresponding fret numbers for each note.

5

The third exercise is an eight-measure piece in 2/4 time. The treble clef staff shows the notes E4 (MI), A4 (LA), D5 (RE), E5 (MI), G#5 (SOL#), A5 (LA), B5 (SI), C6 (DO), D6 (RE), E6 (MI), and F6 (FA). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-3 on the right hand and 0-6 on the left hand. The guitar staff shows the corresponding fret numbers for each note.

[illegible][illegible]

# EXERCICES DE SIMPLE ALTERNATION

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

B C C# Db D D# Eb  
 SI DO DO# REb RE RE# MIb

0 1 2 2 3 4 4  
 i m i m i m i

② \_\_\_\_\_

0 1 2 2 3 4 4

[illegible]

5

8

*m i m i m i m i* *m* *m a m a m a m a* *m a m a m a m a*

*T*  
*A*  
*B*

0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0 . 0 . 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0 0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0 .

9

The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a common time signature 'C'. The melody starts with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter rest, and then a half note A4. This is followed by a double bar line. The next section consists of two measures of eighth notes: G4-A4-G4-A4 in the first measure, and G4-A4-G4-A4 in the second measure. This is followed by another double bar line. The next section consists of two measures of eighth notes: G4-A4-G4-A4 in the first measure, and G4-A4-G4-A4 in the second measure. This is followed by another double bar line. The final section consists of a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter rest, and then a half note A4. The system ends with a double bar line.

8 *m*

*a m a m a m a m a m a m a*

*T*  
*A*  
*B*

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

♩ = 80 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

2

8 *i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i*

0 1 2 3 4 3 2 1 0 1 2 3 4 3 2 1 0

♩ = 60 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

4

1 e c 2 e c 3 e c 1e c 2ec 3ec

8 *i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i m i*

0 1 0 1 2 1 2 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 2 1 2 1 0

♩ = 60 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

7

8 *a m a m a m a m a m a m a m a m a m a*

0 1 0 1 2 1 2 3 2 3 4 3 2 3 2 1 2 1 0

# ANONYME

## DONNE-MOI LA FLEUR

en sol majeur

Révision de  
Jean-François Delcamp

G SOL A LA D RE G SOL A LA B SI C DO C# DO# D RE E MI F# FA# G SOL

♩ = 168 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e 3e 1e 2e 3e

5

9

*m*

*rit.*

8

2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2

3 0 2 3 2 1

0 0

13

*a tempo*

*m*

8

0 0 0 3 0 3 1 2

0 0 0 0 2 0

3 3

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## GAMMES - SCALE - SCALES - ESCALAS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

G A B B C D E E F G  
SOL LA SI SI DO RE MI MI FA SOL

### Gammes en tierces - Scales in third

♩ = **132** pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando

6

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## BUTÉ - APOYANDO - REST STROKE - APOYANDO

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

*buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

16

III

*mp*

V

III

# ANONYME

## RICERCAR

en la mineur

Révision de  
Jean-François Delcamp

E MI

A LA

E MI

G# SOL#

A LA

B SI

C DO

D RE

E MI

F# FA#

G# SOL#

A LA

● = 144

buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

1 e 2 e 3 e 4 e

5

ANONYME : RICERCAR

- 57 -

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10

II  
m

2 4 2 2

5 2 0 1 3 1 0 1 2 2 2 1 2 0 1 0 1 3

0 0 0 2 0 0

15

II  
m

5 3 3 4

0 2 4 0 5 0 3 1 0 3 1 2 0 2 1 2 0

0 0 0 0 0 0

20

II  
m

1 0 1 3 0 2 4 0 5 0 1 3 1 0 1 2

0 0 0 0 0

# Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

## LEÇON I opus 60

en do majeur, de "Introduction à l'étude de la guitare en 25 leçons progressives"

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

G B C D E F G A B C D E F F# G  
SOL SI DO RE MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA FA# SOL

♩ = 152 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*  
1 e 2 e 3 e 4 e

*pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando*

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves: a vocal melody line in treble clef and an acoustic guitar accompaniment line in bass clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a 4/4 time signature. It features a series of eighth and quarter notes, with a long melisma line spanning several measures. The guitar part is written in bass clef and uses a simple chordal accompaniment style with a steady eighth-note rhythm. The score includes various musical notations such as accidentals, dynamics (p, m), and articulation marks.

[illegible]

# Matteo CARCASSI (1792-1853)

## EXERCICE opus 59

en do majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

E F G A B C D E F G A B C D E F G  
MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA SOL

$\text{♩} = 108$  [ Moderato ]

8

3 2 0 3 0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 2

8

0 1 3 0 3 0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0 1 2 3

8

0 0 2 3 0 2 0 0 1 3

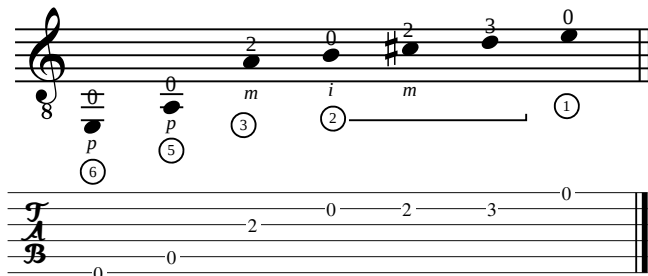
# ANONYME

## QUAND J'ÉTAIS CHEZ MON PÈRE

en la majeur

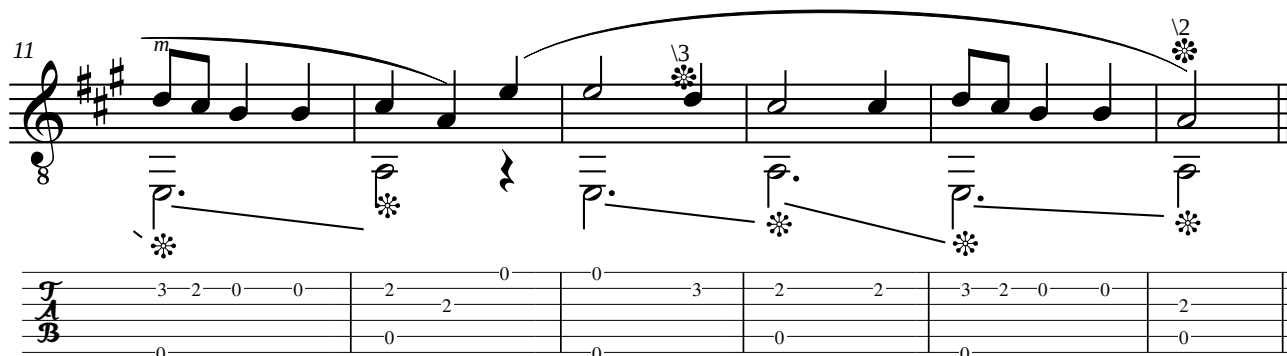
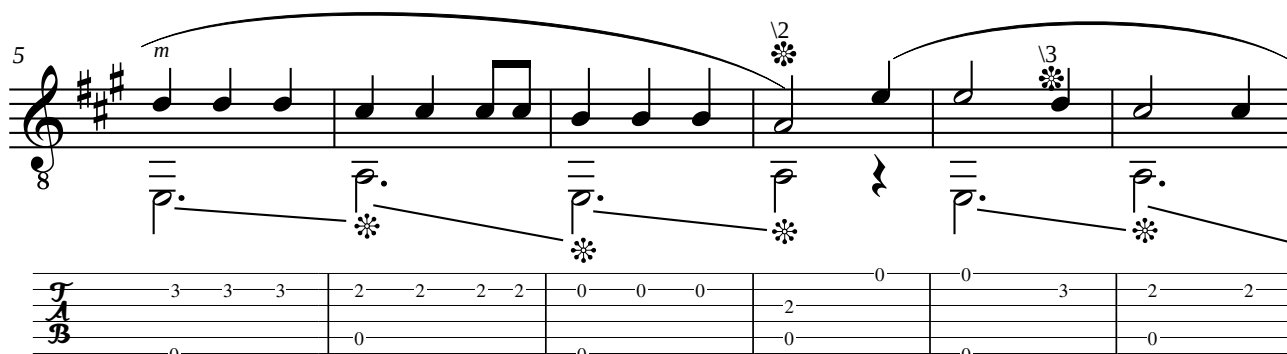
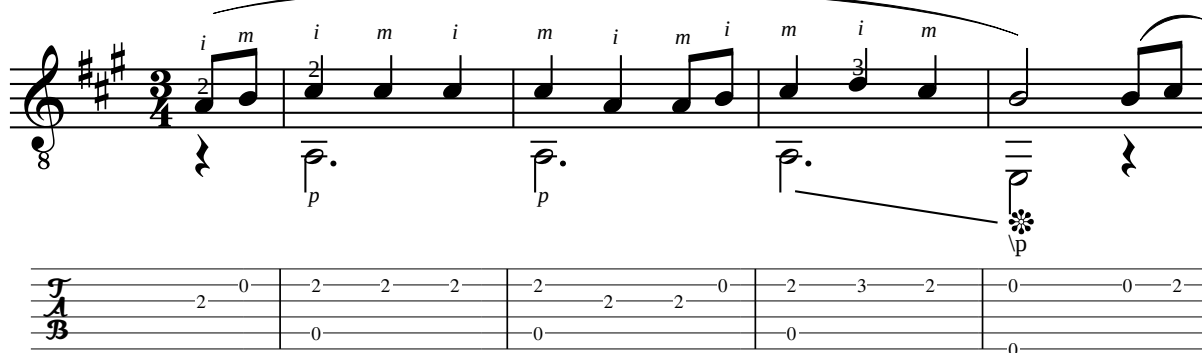
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

E A A B C# D E  
MI LA LA SI DO# RE MI



♩ = 192 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

3 e 1 e 2 e 3 e



# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## BREF n°2

Pour guitare

♩ = 80 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*  
1 e 2 e 3e4e

8

*p*

2 0 2 3 0

2 0 2 3 0

0 0 0 3 2 0

2 2

0 0 0 0

# ANONYME

## SAVEZ-VOUS PLANTER DES CHOUX ?

France

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

E A E G# A B C# D  
MI LA MI SOL#LA SI DO# RE

♩ = 104 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)  
BREF n°1

Pour guitare

● = **104** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1e 2e 3e 1e2e3e 1e 2e3 e 1e2e3e 1e2 e 1e 2e

*p p p i m i p i m p*

8

0 0 2 1 0 0 2 1 0 1 2 1 2 0

Italia

|    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|
| E  | A  | D  | E  | A  | B  | C  | C#  | D  | E  | F  |
| MI | LA | RE | MI | LA | SI | DO | DO# | RE | MI | FA |

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system features a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is written on a five-line staff, with notes and rests corresponding to the lyrics 'The rose tree in the garden'. The lyrics are written below the staff, with some words like 'i' and 'm' in italics. The second system continues the melody on a similar staff, with the lyrics 'The rose tree in the garden' repeated. The score includes various musical notations such as clefs, key signatures, notes, rests, and lyrics.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system shows the beginning of the piece, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written on a single staff, featuring a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped with beams. Various ornaments are indicated above the notes, including 'e' (natural), 'm' (mordent), 'i' (grace note), and '2' (trill). A box highlights the first four measures, which are also indicated by a '2' at the start of the staff. The guitar accompaniment is shown below the melody, with fret numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) and a '2' indicating a second fret. The second system continues the melody and accompaniment, with the guitar part showing fret numbers 0, 1, 2, and 3. The score is written in a clear, legible font, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 2/4.

The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef melody with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, some grouped in triplets and slurs. There are dynamic markings like 'm' (mezzo) and 'p' (piano). The bottom staff is a guitar accompaniment in standard notation, showing fret numbers (1, 3, 0, 1, 0, 3, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0) and a 'p' marking. The score is divided into four measures.

# ANONYME

## NO LE DABA EL SOL

España

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

G D G A B C D E F# G  
SOL RE SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA# SOL

● = 92 pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando

1 e 2 e

6

12

*p*

0 3 2 3 0 3 3 0 2 3 0 1

17

0 3 2 3 0 3 3 3 0 2 2 0 1 0 2

22

*m*

0 0 3 3 3 0 2 2 0 1 0 2 2 0 0 3

# ANONYME (ca. 1750)

## AH ! MON BEAU CHATEAU !

en ré majeur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

A D A B C# D E F# G A  
LA RE LA SI DO# RE MI FA# SOL LA

• = 152 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

2 e 1 e 2 e

*Fine*

First system of the musical score. The treble clef staff is in G major (one sharp) and 8/8 time. It features a melody with notes marked 'a' (accented), 'm' (marcato), and 'i' (accented). A slur covers the first four measures. The bass clef staff shows the accompaniment with fingerings 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 0, 2. There are two asterisks (\*) above the bass staff, one in the second measure and one in the fourth measure, with lines pointing to them from the treble staff.

Second system of the musical score. The treble clef staff continues the melody, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots. It includes the instruction 'D.C. al Fine' above the final measure. The bass clef staff continues the accompaniment, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots. There are two asterisks (\*) above the bass staff, one in the first measure and one in the third measure, with lines pointing to them from the treble staff.

# Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

## LEÇON II opus 60

en do majeur, de "Introduction à l'étude de la guitare en 25 leçons progressives"

Révision de  
Jean-François Delcamp

G C D E F G G# A B C C# D E F F# G  
SOL DO RE MI FA SOL SOL# LA SI DO DO# RE MI FA FA# SOL

• = **138** *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*  
1 e 2 e 3 e

[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system features a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 8/8. The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by a half note F#4, and then a quarter note E4. A slur covers the next four notes: D4, C4, B3, and A3. The melody continues with a quarter note G3, a half note F#3, and a quarter note E3. A slur covers the next four notes: D3, C3, B2, and A2. The melody concludes with a quarter note G2, a half note F#2, and a quarter note E2. The second system features a bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 8/8. The bass line begins with a quarter note G2, followed by a half note F#2, and then a quarter note E2. A slur covers the next four notes: D2, C2, B1, and A1. The bass line continues with a quarter note G1, a half note F#1, and a quarter note E1. A slur covers the next four notes: D1, C1, B0, and A0. The bass line concludes with a quarter note G0, a half note F#0, and a quarter note E0.

29

*p* *p* *p* *p* *p* *p*

8

4 4 4 4 4 4

1 1 1 1 1 1

0 0 1 3 0 1 3 0 3 1 0 1 3 0 0 3 1 0 1 2

[illegible]

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

# ARPÈGES - ARPEGGI - ARPEGGIOS - ARPEGIOS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

### *Cordes à vide - Open string*

● = **168** *pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando*

**11**

8 *p i m p i m p i m a m i*

*p i m p i m a m i*

*0 0 0 0 0 0 0*

### *Mi mineur - E minor*

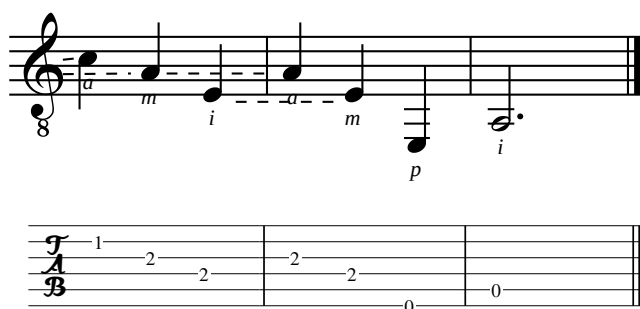
[illegible]

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in two systems. The first system features a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written on a five-line staff, with notes and rests labeled with letters (p, i, m, a) and numbers (8, 3, 2). The second system shows the bass clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bass line is written on a five-line staff, with notes and rests labeled with numbers (0, 2). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

11

*La mîncă! A minor*

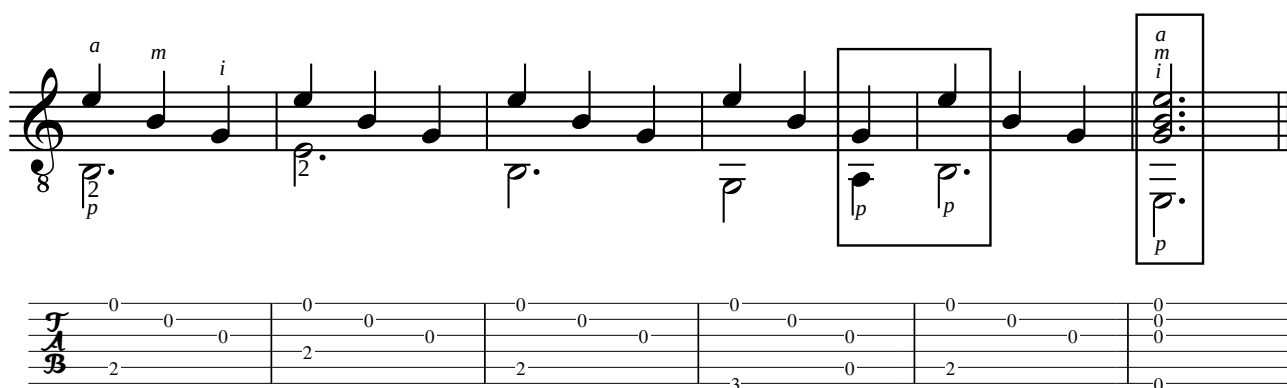
The image shows a musical score for a piece titled "La mîncă! A minor". The score is written for a piano (p) and includes a treble clef, a 3/4 time signature, and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The melody is written on a single staff, and the accompaniment is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The melody consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes beamed together. The accompaniment consists of a simple bass line with notes on the first and second lines of the bass staff. The piece is in A minor, as indicated by the key signature and the title.



14

*a m i a m i*

*p*



# ANONYME MENUET

en ré majeur (1720)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

A LA D C# D E F# G A  
LA RE DO# RE MI FA# SOL LA

♩ = 144 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*  
3 e 1 e 2 e 3 e

5

10

II

3 2 2 0 2 3 2 3 2 0 0 3 2 5

0 0 0 0 0

15

II

3 0 2 3 5 5 3 3 2 5 5 3 3 2 3

0 0 0 0 0 0

21

II

2 0 0 3 2 5 3 0 2 3 5 3 0 2 3

0 0 0 0 0 0

en ré majeur

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 76 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

[illegible]

9

0 0 0 3 0 2 2 2 0 2 4 4 4 2 4 5 5 2

13

0 2 3 2 0 3 2 0 2 2 5 3 2 0 3 2 3 0 2 3 0 3

en mi majeur

D RE E MI F# FA# G# SOL# A LA B SI C# DO# D# RE#

8 p p m i m 2 4 1

0 2 1 2 0 2 4 0 2

- 80 -

7

E

B7

8

p

p

p

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 | 0 0 2 2 0 0 2 2 | 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

0

# ANONYME

## FAIS DODO, COLAS MON P'TIT FRERE

en la majeur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

E MI A LA A LA B SI C# DO# D RE E MI

♩ = 80 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

6

8

0 2 2 3 0 | 0 2 2 2 3 0 | 0 2 0

9

8

2 2 0 2 0 | 2 2 2 0 | 2 2 0 2 0 | 2

0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0

# Joseph KÜFFNER (1776-1856)

## ANDANTINO

duo de "60 Leçons à l'usage des commençants, Op. 168 N°15"

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

G D E G A B C D  
SOL RE MI SOL LA SI DO RE

**Andantino** ♩ = 144  
3 e 1 e 2 e 3 e

*tirando*

First system of musical notation for guitar, featuring a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody is marked with dynamics *i*, *m*, *p*, and *a*, and includes a slur over the first six measures. The bass line is marked with fingerings 0, 3, 2, 1, 0, 0, 3, 1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 3, 1, 2, 3. The guitar part includes a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody is marked with dynamics *i*, *m*, *p*, and *a*, and includes a slur over the first six measures. The bass line is marked with fingerings 0, 3, 2, 1, 0, 0, 3, 1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 3, 1, 2, 3.

Second system of musical notation for guitar, featuring a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody is marked with dynamics *m*, *p*, *i*, *m*, *p*, and *i*, and includes a slur over the first six measures. The bass line is marked with fingerings 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0. The guitar part includes a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody is marked with dynamics *m*, *p*, *i*, *m*, *p*, and *i*, and includes a slur over the first six measures. The bass line is marked with fingerings 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 2, 1, 0, 0, 0.

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## GAMMES - SCALE - SCALES - ESCALAS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

G A B B C D E E F G  
SOL LA SI SI DO RE MI MI FA SOL

### Gammes en tierces - Scales in third

♩ = 132 pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando

7

8

9

en la mineur

|    |    |    |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| E  | A  | C  | E  | G#   | A  | B  | C  | D  | E  | F  | II |
| MI | LA | DO | MI | SOL# | LA | SI | DO | RE | MI | FA | LA |

♣ = *88 buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

[illegible]



# ANONYME (ca. 1600)

## VOLT

en la majeur

Adaptation pour guitare de

Jean-François Delcamp

E MI A LA A LA B SI C# DO# D RE E MI F# FA#

♩ = 184 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

1 e 2 e 3 e

*Fine*

*D.C. al Fine*

# Johann Abraham Peter SCHULZ (1747-1800)

## AIR

en la majeur

Révision de  
Jean-François Delcamp

|    |    |     |    |    |    |     |    |    |     |    |
|----|----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|
| E  | A  | C#  | D  | A  | B  | C#  | D  | E  | F#  | II |
| MI | LA | DO# | RE | LA | SI | DO# | RE | MI | FA# | A  |

♩ = 144 *buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando*

4e 1e 2e 3e 4e 1e 2e 3e 4e

8

2 2 0 0 0 3 3 3 2 2 2

0 0 0 0

12

2 2 0 0 0 5 0 2 0 3 0 2 2 2

0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

# Joseph KÜFFNER (1776-1856)

## ANDANTE

duo de "60 Leçons à l'usage des commençants, Op. 168 N°14"

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

F# G B C D E G A B C D E F# G  
FA# SOL SI DO RE MI SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA# SOL

8

6 5 4 3 2 1

**Andante**

8

3 2 1 2 3 4

*pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando*

3 2 1 2 3



# VALSE en sol majeur

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

9

13

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## LIAISONS - LEGATURE - SLURS - LIGADOS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

|    |     |    |    |     |    |     |      |    |    |    |     |    |    |     |
|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|-----|------|----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|
| A  | Bb  | B  | D  | D#  | E  | G   | G#   | A  | B  | C  | C#  | E  | F  | F#  |
| LA | SIb | SI | RE | RE# | MI | SOL | SOL# | LA | SI | DO | DO# | MI | FA | FA# |

buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando

9

# Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

## ACCORDS - CHORDS

NIVEAU 1 - LIVELLO 1 - LEVEL 1 - NIVEL 1

Pour guitare

E MI G SOL A LA B SI D RE E MI G SOL B SI E MI

♩ = 168 pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando

10



13

1 0 2 0 1 1 2 0 2 3 3 0 0 0 0 0

20

1 0 1 1 2 0 2 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 1

# Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

## LEÇON III opus 60

en do majeur, de "Introduction à l'étude de la guitare en 25 leçons progressives"

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

G SOL A LA B SI C DO C# DO# D RE E MI F FA F# FA# G SOL G# SOL# A LA Bb SIb B SI C DO

♩ = 144 buté, appoggiato, rest stroke, apoyando  
1 e 2 e 3 e 4 e

5



# Joseph KÜFFNER (1776-1856)

## ALLEGRETTO

duo de "60 Leçons à l'usage des commençants, Op. 168 N°4"

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

G C D E F G A B C D E F F# G  
SOL DO RE MI FA SOL LA SI DO RE MI FA FA# SOL

### Allegretto *pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando*

1e 2e 3e 4e  
p i m a p i m a p i m a p i m a

p m i m i p m i m i p m i m i p m i m i



# Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

## SECOND BRANSLE DE POICTOU

en mode de cornemuse, du "Tiers livre de tablature de guiterre" Paris 1552, folio 23r

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

The musical score is divided into two systems. The first system is a piano introduction, marked with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 4/4 time signature. It begins with a piano (p) dynamic and a forte (f) dynamic. The melody is written on a single staff, with notes corresponding to the letters of the alphabet: D RE, G SOL, A LA, B SI, C DO, C# DO#, D RE, E MI, F FA, F# FA#, G SOL, A LA. The notes are accompanied by fingerings (0, 2, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4) and articulation marks (accents, slurs). The second system is a guitar accompaniment, marked with a guitar clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It features a bass line with notes corresponding to the letters of the alphabet: D RE, G SOL, A LA, B SI, C DO, C# DO#, D RE, E MI, F FA, F# FA#, G SOL, A LA. The notes are accompanied by fingerings (0, 2, 0, 1, 2, 3, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4) and articulation marks (accents, slurs).

*Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare.*

*Potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto.*

*Place a capo at fret V of your guitar.*

$\text{♩} = 88$  pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando

2 e 3 e

m i m i m i m i m i m i m

3 1 3 1 2

p p p p p p p p p p

3 1 0 3 0 1 1 3 3 1 2

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a 4/4 time signature. The melody is written in a simple, folk-like style, featuring a series of eighth and quarter notes. A long, sweeping slur covers the first six measures of the melody. Above the third and fourth measures of the melody, there are decorative floral symbols, each preceded by a "3" and a "1" respectively, indicating a triplet or a specific rhythmic pattern. The bottom staff is a bass clef, also with a key signature of one flat and a 4/4 time signature. It contains a simple bass line with mostly whole and half notes, some with accidentals (sharps and flats). The score concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs in both staves.

14

20

Gaspar SANZ (1640-1710)

## VILLANO

de "Instruccion de musica sobre la guitarra española" (Zaragoza, 1674)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

● = 112 pincé, tirando, free stroke, tirando



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