
RENAISSANCE MUSIC FOR GUITAR

An Anthology by Jean-François Delcamp



Cette édition est destinée exclusivement à l'usage personnel des membres des forums de Delcamp.net. Les partitions de Delcamp.net sont gratuits et libres de droits pour une utilisation individuelle et non commerciale. Vous n'êtes pas autorisé à redistribuer des copies des documents, ni dans le format proposé, ni après conversion dans un autre format.

Questa edizione è riservata all'uso personale dei membri del forum Delcamp.net. Gli spartiti di Delcamp.net sono gratuiti e liberi da diritti solo per uso individuale e non commerciale. Non siete autorizzati a distribuire copie del materiale né nel formato proposto, né dopo conversione in altri formati.

This publication is for the exclusive personal usage of Delcamp.net forum members. Scores from Delcamp.net are free of rights for a non commercial use. **You are not authorized to distribute copies of the documents either in their original form or after their conversion in another format.**

Esta edición está exclusivamente destinada para el uso personal de los miembros de los foros de Delcamp.net. Las partituras de Delcamp.net son gratuitas y libres de derechos para un uso individual y no commercial. Ustedes no están autorizados a redistribuir copias de los documentos en su formato original, ni después de su conversión a otro formato.

Jean-François DELCAMP

Leroy - Bransle Poictou 4	page 4
Leroy - Bransle Poictou 2	page 5
Leroy - Bransle Poictou 3	page 6
Anonyme - Pavane	page 7
Arbeau - Pavane	page 8
Anonyme - Irish Tune	page 9
Leroy - Bransle Poictou 1	page 10
Mainerio - Schiarazula Marazula	page 12
Morlaye - Gaillarde	page 13
Anonyme - Gwin-Ar-Challaoued	page 14
Anonyme - Greensleeves	page 15
Anonyme - Maro Pontkalleg	page 16
Da Parma - Correnta	page 17
Cutting - Packingtons Pound	page 18
Adriaenssen - Branle Anglais	page 19
Milan - Pavane 1	page 20
Milan - Pavane 2	page 22
Milan - Pavane 3	page 24
Pisador - Pavana Muy Llana	page 26
Morlaye - Gaillarde	page 28
Morlaye - Villanesque	page 29
Borrone Da Milano - Pescatore Che Va Cantando	page 30
Leroy - Branle De Bourgongne 1	page 32
Leroy - Almande La Mon Ami	page 34
Leroy - Branle De Bourgongne 5	page 35
Dowland - Mistris Winters Jumpe	page 36
Dowland - Orlando Sleepeth	page 37
Anonyme - The Sick Tune	page 38
Mudarra - Gallarda	page 39
Narvaez - Guardame Las Vacas	page 40
Narvaez - Guardame Las Vacas Por Otra Parte	page 42
Narvaez - Cancion Del Imperador	page 44
Barbetta - Moresca Canarie	page 46
Dowland - Lady Laiton Almain	page 48
Mudarra - Romanesca 1	page 50
Neusiedler - Wascha Mesa	page 52
Leroy - Branle De Bourgongne 2	page 54

Anonyme - Vaghe Bellezze Et Bionde	page 55
Anonyme - Danza	page 56
Anonyme - Bianco Fiore	page 57
Anonyme - Passacaglia	page 58
Anonyme - Gagliarda	page 59
Anonyme - Se Io Maccorgo Ben	page 60
Galilei - Saltarello	page 61
Da Parma - Ballo	page 62
Besard - Ballet	page 63
Jonhson - Alman 7	page 64
Mudarra - Fantasia 1	page 66
Milan - Pavane 6	page 68
Mudarra - Pavana Alexandre	page 69
Mudara - Conde Claros	page 70
Narvaez - Arde Corazon	page 73
Leroy - Passemeze	page 74
Mudarra - Fantasia 13	page 76
Narvaez - Ya Se Asienta	page 78
Brayssing - Fantasie 5	page 80
Milan - Fantasia 16	page 81
Dowland - Lady Hunsdons Puffe	page 84
Narvaez - Baxa De Contrapunto	page 86
Dowland - Tarletons Riserrectione	page 88
Narvaez - Conde Claros	page 89
Mudarra - Fantasia 10	page 94
Dowland - John Smith Almain	page 97
Bakfark - Gagliarda	page 100
Leroy - Fantasie 2	page 102
Barbetta - Moresca Mattacino	page 104
Dowland - Melancholy Gaillard	page 106
Mudarra - Fantasia 14	page 108
Dowland - King Of Denmark	page 110
Janequin - La Guerre	page 114
Dowland - Fantaisie 7	page 119
Batchelard - Almain	page 124
Dowland - Forlorn Hope Fancy	page 132

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

QUATRIESME BRANSLE DE POICTOU

grand bonnet large

du "Tiers livre de tablature de guitterre" Paris 1552, folio 24r

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare.

Potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto.

Place a capo at fret V of your guitar.



$\text{♩} = 88$

A modern musical notation for the Quatresme Bransle de Poictou. The notation is in a standard modern style, using a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 88$. The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings (p, m). The piece is divided into measures, with measure numbers 6, 13, and 20 indicated. The notation is presented in a clear, readable format, suitable for modern guitarists.

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

SECOND BRANSLE DE POICTOU

en mode de cornemuse, du "Tiers livre de tablature de guiterre" Paris 1552, folio 23r

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare.

Potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto.

Place a capo at fret V of your guitar.

$\text{♩} = 88$

6

14

20

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

TROISYESME BRANSLE DE POICTOU

du "Tiers livre de tablature de guitterre" Paris 1552, folio 23v

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).

♩ = 88

6

13

20

27

35

ANONYME (1600)

PAVANE

en la mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 104$

m i m i m i m i m i m i

8 p p p p p p p p

5

8 p p p p p p p p

9

8 p p p p p p p p

13

8 p p p p p p p p

C II

Thoinot ARBEAU (1519-1595)

PAVANE

Belle qui tient ma vie - Orchésographie (Langres, 1589)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 56$

8

4

8

12

5

6

ANONYME (1600)

IRISH TUNE

en ré majeur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 63$

4

8

11

14

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

PREMIER BRANSLE DE POICTOU

du "Tiers livre de tablature de gitterre" Paris 1552, folio 22v

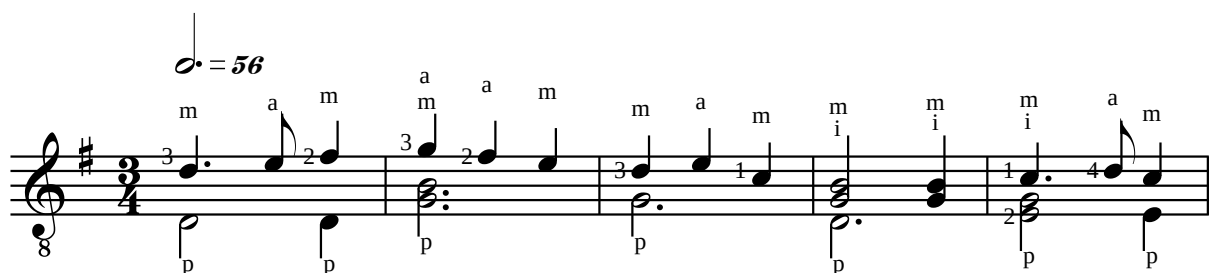
Révision de Jean-François Delcamp



La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).



6

12

[Fine]

18

Plus diminué.

24

28

34

39

44

[D.C. al Fine]

Passemeze en la mineur

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in 2/4 time. The tempo is marked as 112. The melody is written on a treble clef staff, and the bass line is on a bass clef staff. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes, with lyrics "m a m a m i m a m i m i a i m i m a m a m" written above it. The bass line consists of whole and half notes, with lyrics "8 7 p p 1 p 2 p 3 p 2 p 3 p 2 p 4 p 2 p" written below it.

7

Musical notation for Exercise 7, showing a treble and bass staff with eighth and sixteenth notes, and fingerings.

[illegible]

17

3 4 1 3 3 4

8 2 2 2 2 2

23

1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4

8 2 2 2 3 3 2

Example 10 shows a sequence of chords and fingerings. The treble staff contains the following notes and fingerings: C_4 (3), D_4 (4), E_4 (1), F_4 (2), G_4 (1), A_4 (4), B_4 (1), C_5 (3), D_5 (2), E_5 (3), F_5 (2), G_5 (2), A_5 (2), B_5 (2), C_6 (2). The bass staff contains the following notes and fingerings: C_3 (8), D_3 (2), E_3 (3), F_3 (3), G_3 (3), A_3 (3), B_3 (3), C_4 (3), D_4 (2), E_4 (2), F_4 (2), G_4 (2), A_4 (2), B_4 (2), C_5 (2).

Guillaume MORLAYE (1510?-1558?)

GAILLARDE

de "Premier livre de chansons, gaillardes, pavannes ..." Paris 1552

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).

• = 52

8 7 14 20

1. 2.

ANONYME

GWIN AR C'HALLAOUED

de "Barzaz-Breiz", Théodore Hersart de la Villemarqué, Paris 1839

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 96

The score is written for guitar in 2/4 time, with a tempo of 96 beats per minute. It consists of six systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The melody is in the treble staff, and the accompaniment is in the bass staff. The melody features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. The accompaniment consists of chords and single notes, often with fingerings indicated by numbers 1-4. There are several repeat signs (double bar lines with dots) throughout the piece. The lyrics 'm a m a' are written above the melody in the first system. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots in the final system.

m a m a m a m a m m a m a m

7

14

19

24

30

England

120

i m i m a m i m i m i

p p p p p

The Rose Tree

Musical score for the 'Fine' section. The notation is on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The melody is in the treble clef, and the bass line is in the bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The score consists of 13 measures. The first measure is marked with a '1' above the treble clef and an '8' below the bass clef. The second measure is marked with a '2' above the treble clef. The third measure is marked with a '1' above the treble clef and a '4' below the bass clef. The fourth measure is marked with a '1' above the treble clef. The fifth measure is marked with a '1' above the treble clef. The sixth measure is marked with a '4' above the treble clef. The seventh measure is marked with a '2' above the treble clef. The eighth measure is marked with a '3' above the treble clef. The word 'Fine' is written above the staff at the end of the section.

[illegible]

27 *D.C. al Fine*

8 3

ANONYME

MARO PONTKALLEG

Gwerz,
de "Barzaz-Breiz", Théodore Hersart de la Villemarqué, Paris 1839

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 46$

The score is a guitar adaptation of a Breton gwerz. It features a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a guitar-specific staff below it. The melody is written in the treble staff with various ornaments (accents, slurs) and fingerings (1-4). The guitar staff contains chords and fingerings. The score is numbered 1 through 24 measures.

Santino GARSI da PARMA (1542-1603)

CORRENTA

en ré majeur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 176$

The score is written for guitar in D major (two sharps) and 3/4 time. The tempo is 176 beats per minute. The notation includes various guitar-specific symbols such as fingerings (i, m, p), dynamics (p), and articulation marks. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Francis CUTTING (ca. 1600)

PACKINGTON'S POUND

en la mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 132

The score is written for guitar in 3/8 time, key of A minor. It consists of 48 measures, divided into six systems of eight measures each. The notation includes a variety of rhythmic values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and accidentals. Fingerings (1-4) and dynamics (p) are indicated throughout. The piece features several melodic motifs, including a recurring eighth-note pattern in measures 1-2, 9-10, 17-18, 25-26, 33-34, and 41-42. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/8.

Emanuel ADRIAENSSEN (1554-1604)

BRANLE ANGLAIS

en la mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare.

Potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto.

Place a capo at fret V of your guitar.

The musical score is written for guitar in A minor (three sharps: F#, C#, G#). It consists of five staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of three sharps. The tempo is marked as quarter note = 84. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings (i, m, 1, 2, 3, 4). The first staff starts with a common time signature 'C' and a key signature change to three sharps. The second staff begins with a measure rest for 4 measures. The third staff begins with a measure rest for 7 measures. The fourth staff begins with a measure rest for 11 measures. The fifth staff begins with a measure rest for 15 measures and includes two first and second endings. The first ending leads back to the beginning of the piece, and the second ending leads to the final cadence. The score is adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp, with instructions to place a capo at the fifth fret.

Don Luys MILÁN (1500-1562)

PAVANA I

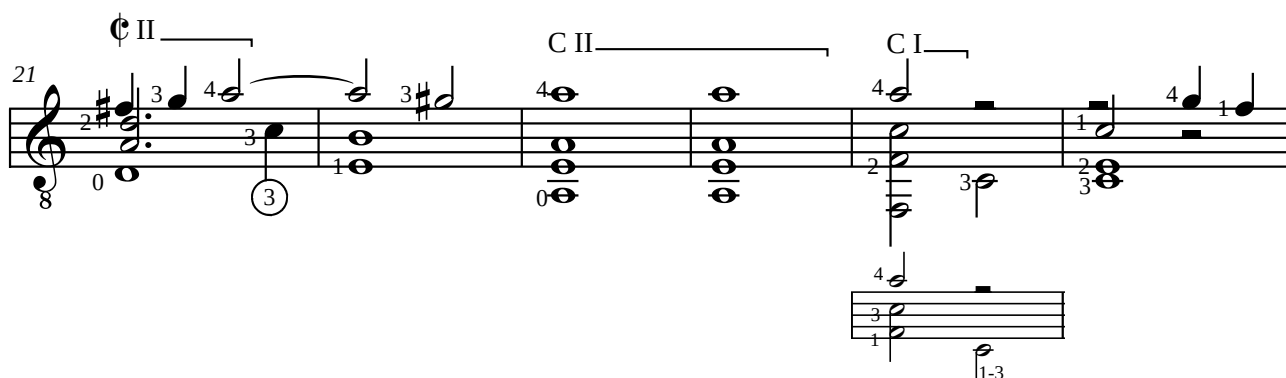
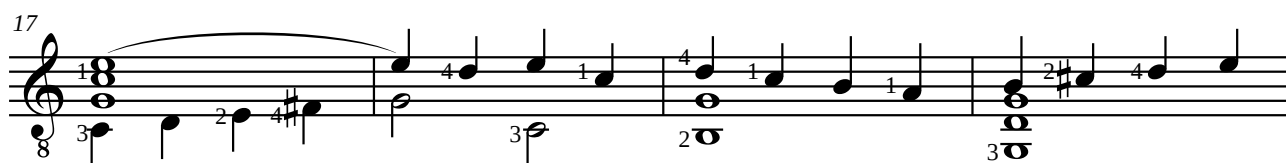
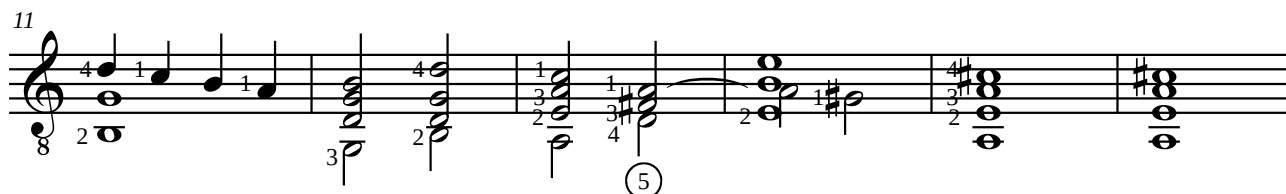
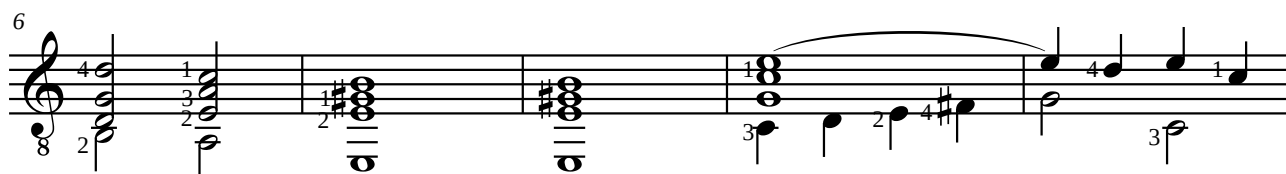
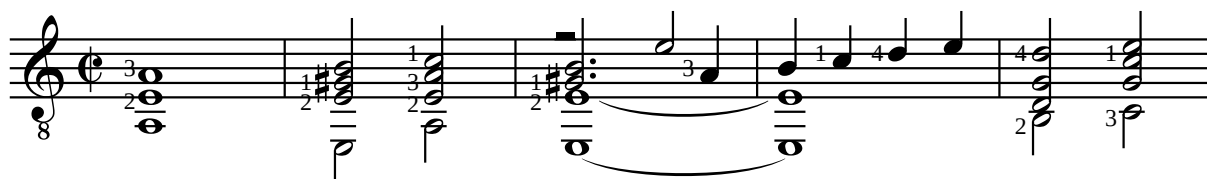
de "Libro de musica de vihuela de mano Entitulado El maestro"
(Valencia, 1536)

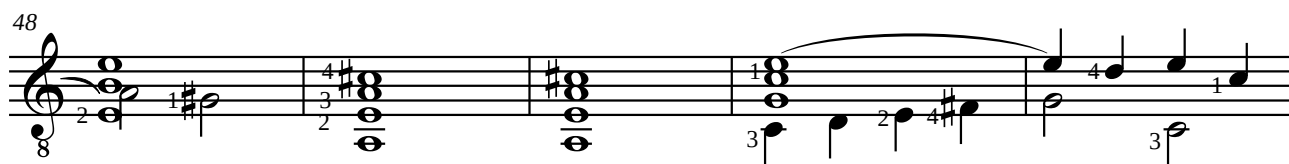
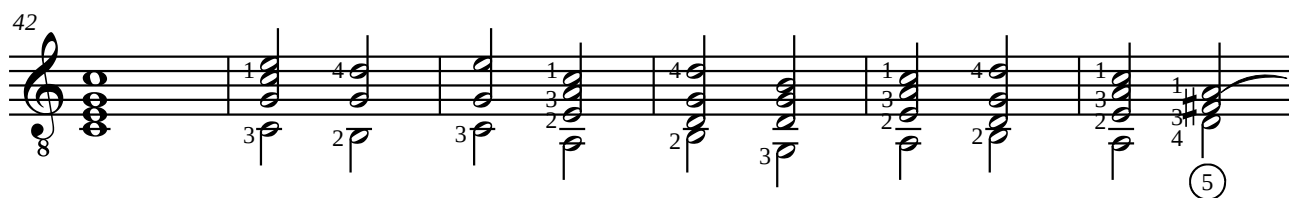
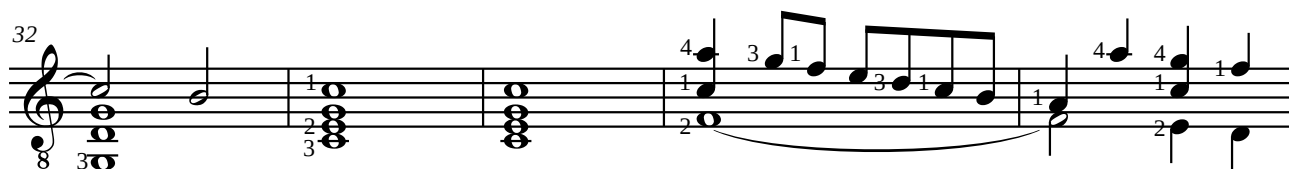
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 84$

Compas algo apressurado

Mouvement assez rapide





Don Luys MILÁN (1500-1562)

PAVANA II

de "Libro de musica de vihuela de mano Entitulado El maestro"
(Valencia, 1536)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 84$

Compas algo apressurado

Mouvement assez rapide

8 1 4 3 2 2 3 1

6 3 2 2 2 3 4 0 3 1

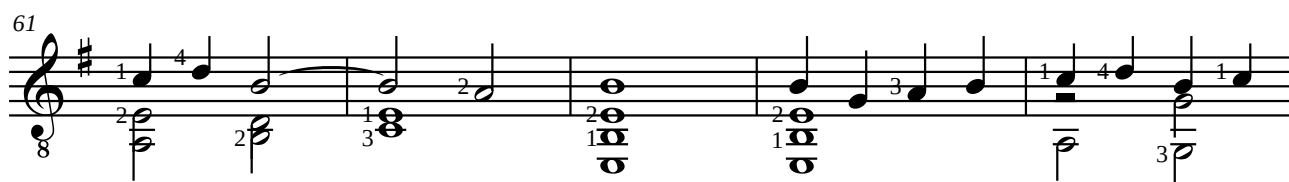
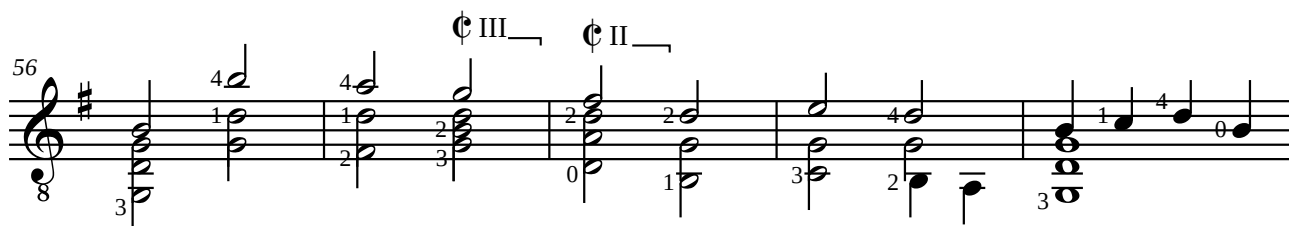
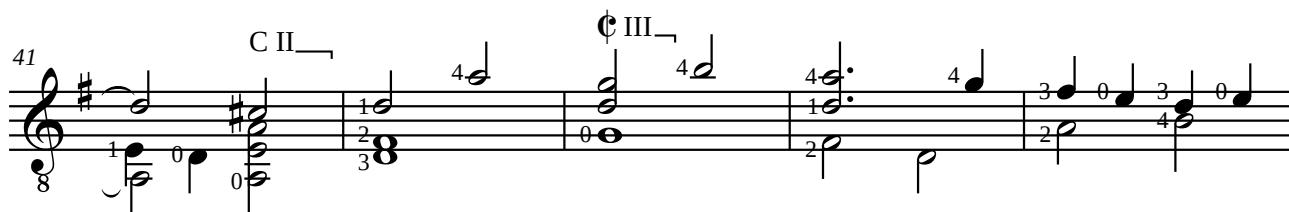
11 3 4 1 0 3 1 0 1 2 3 0 4

16 1 2 0 2 4 4 1 3 4 3 2 0 4

21 2 2 4 1 3 2 2 3 1 3 2 3 1

26 4 3 1 1 3 1 0 1 2 1

C III



Don Luys MILÁN (1500-1562)

PAVANA III

de "Libro de musica de vihuela de mano Entitulado El maestro"
(Valencia, 1536)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 104$

Compas algo apresurado

Mouvement assez rapide

6

12

18

23

28

34

②

[illegible]

45

57

②

③

[illegible]

68

8 3

1 3 4

2

4 3

1 4

4 1

3 2

1 2 3

1 2 3

1 2 3 4

1 2 3

C I

C III

75

8 3

1 2 3 4 2 0 3 2 3 2

80

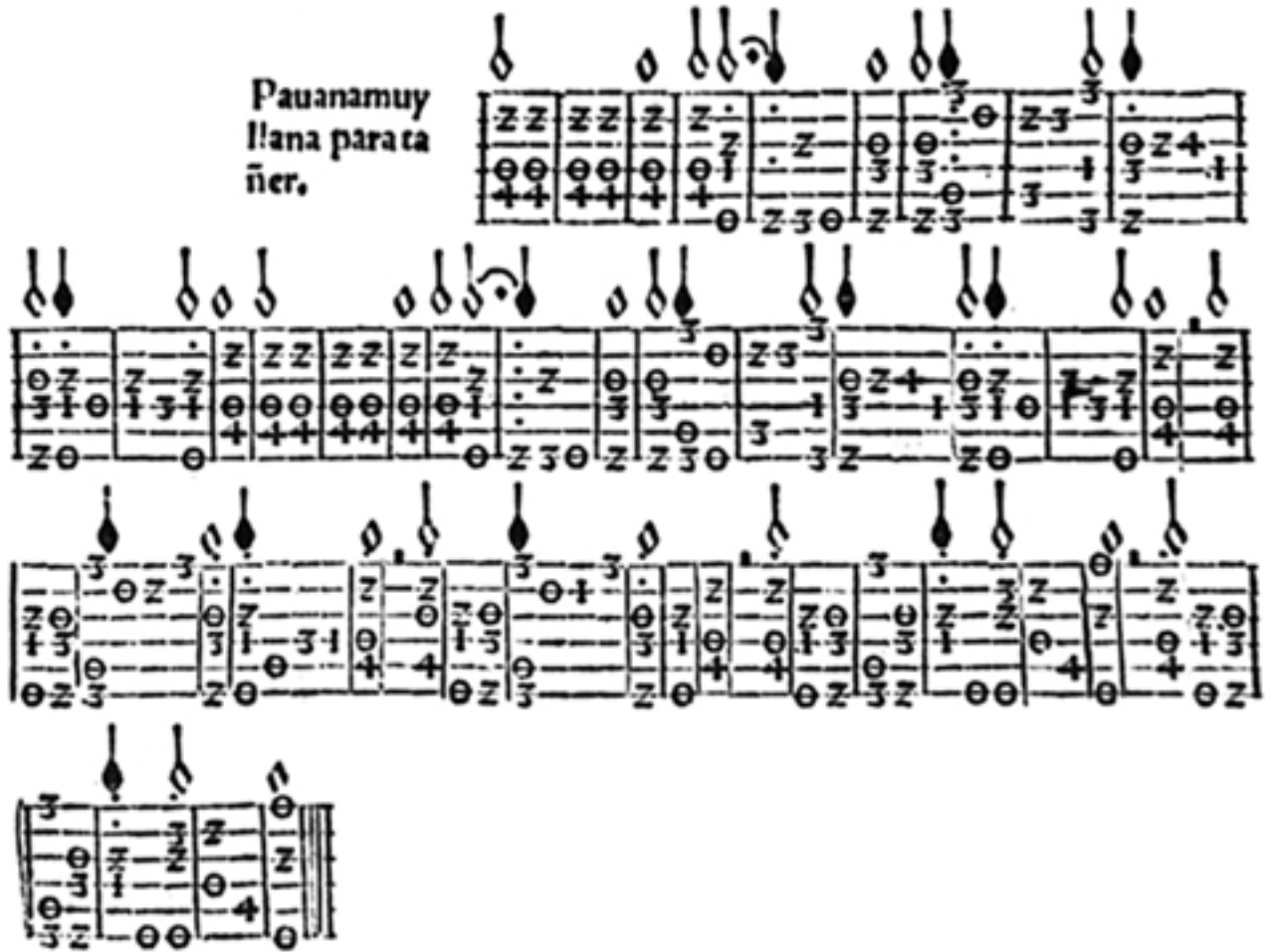
C I

8 3 2 3

0 4 1 3 3 3 1 2 3

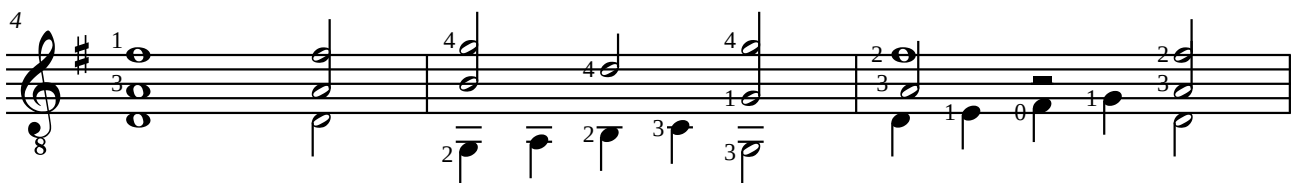
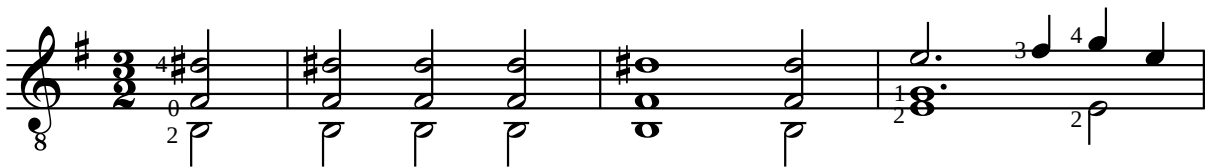
de "Libro de Mùsica de vihuela" (Salamanque, 1552)

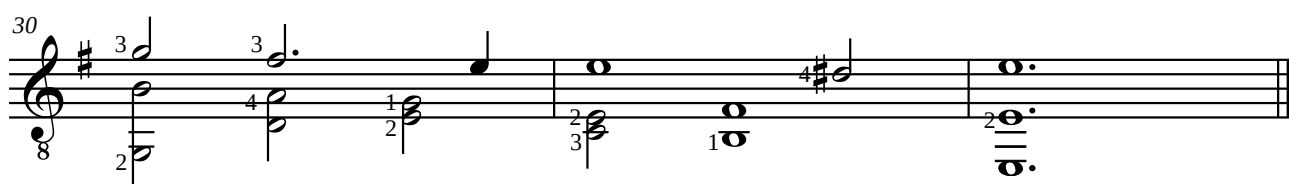
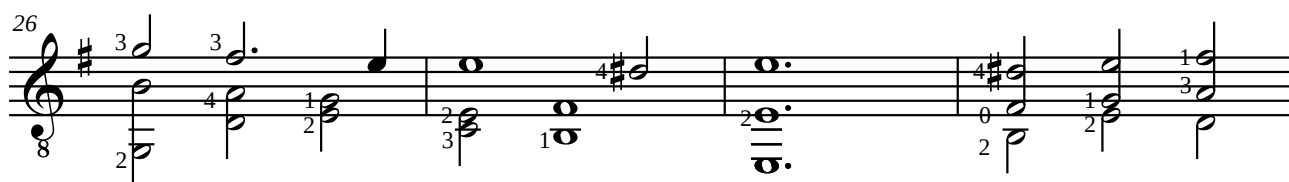
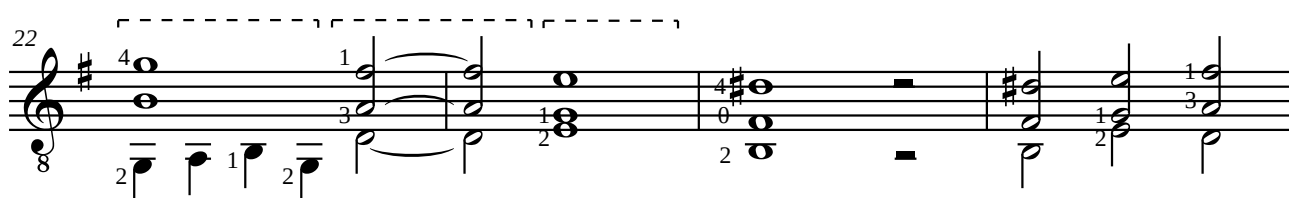
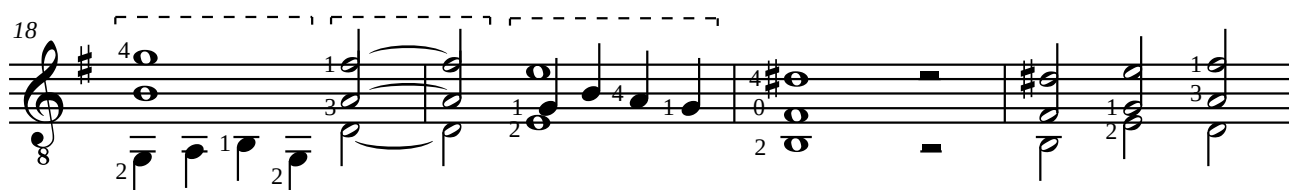
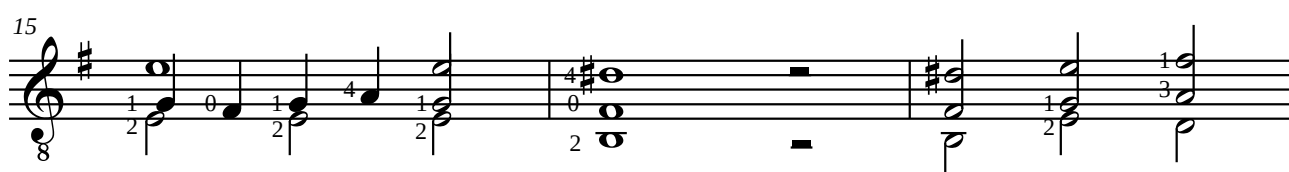
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



③ =FA#

$\text{♩} = 104$





Guillaume MORLAYE (1510?-1558?)

GAILLARDE

de "Le second livre de chansons" Paris 1553

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



A modern guitar transcription of the Gaillarde. The piece is in 3/8 time, indicated by a tempo marking of quarter note = 52. The transcription is written on a single staff in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It includes fingerings (numbers 1-4) and breath marks (^) for the melody. The piece is divided into measures, with measure numbers 8, 14, and 20 marked at the beginning of their respective lines. The transcription ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Guillaume MORLAYE (1510?-1558?)

VILLANESQUE

de "Le second livre de chansons" Paris 1553

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).

La guitarra renacentista, para la que esta obra fue originalmente compuesta, estaba afinada en 4 acordes: SOL - DO - MI - LA. Poned una cejilla en el traste V de vuestra guitarra para conseguir un efecto similar. Esto reproducirá el tamaño de la guitarra renacentista, que es más pequeña (longitud del diapason de 55 cm) que nuestras guitarras modernas (65 cm).

♩ = 69

♩ = 69

♩ = 69

♩ = 69

♩ = 69

PIETRO PAULO BORRONO DA MILANO (1490-1563)

PESCATORE CHE VA CANTANDO

Casteliono (Milano, 1536)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 160

4

9

14

18 *Alto modo*

22

26

30

35

40

44

48

52

56

Alto modo

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

PREMIER BRANLE DE BOURGONGNE

du "Premier livre de tablature de guiterre" Paris 1551, folio 21r

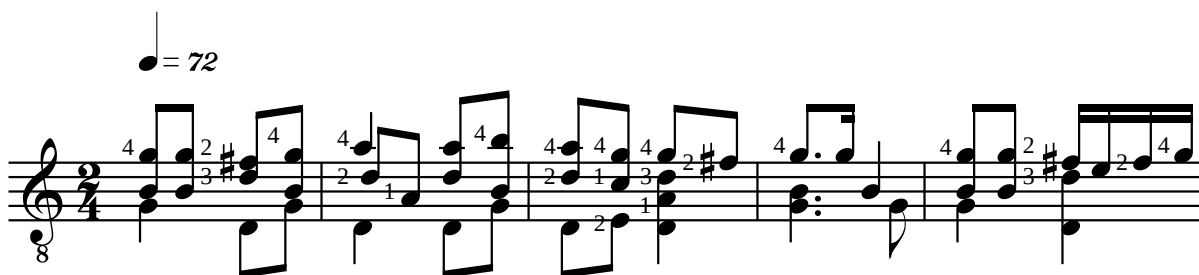
Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

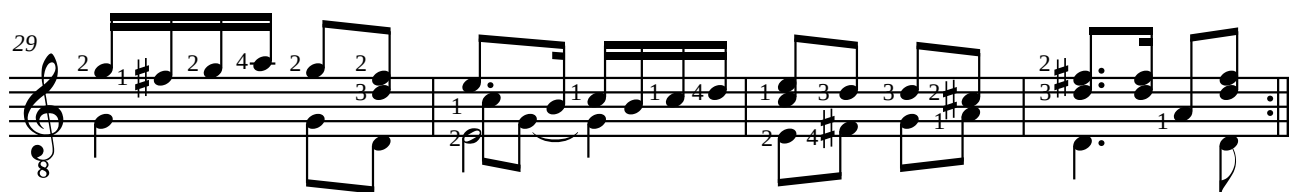
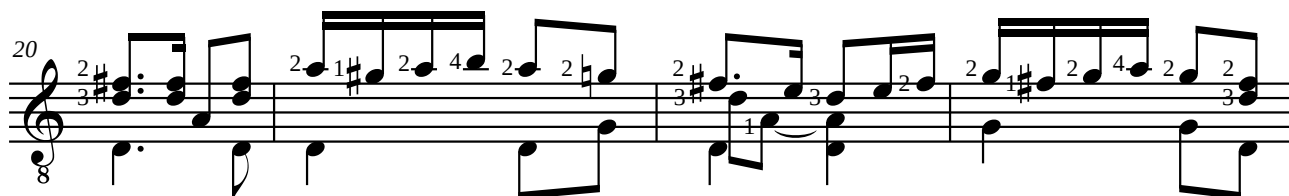
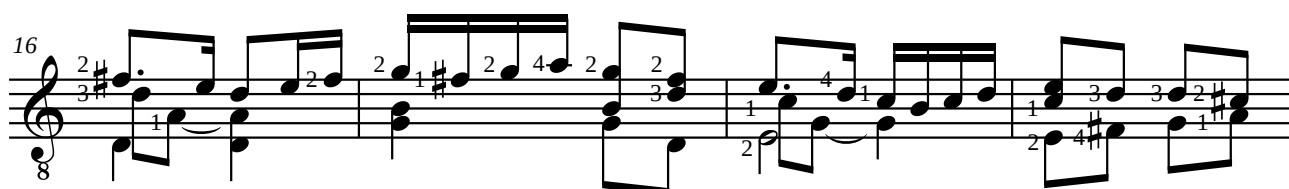
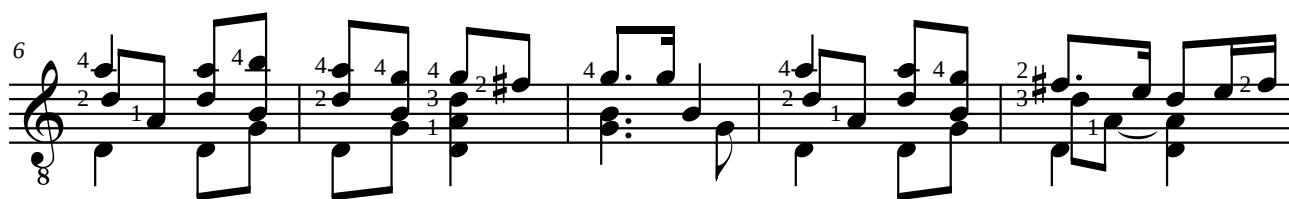


La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).





Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

ALMANDE "la mon amy la"

du "Premier livre de tablature de guitte" Paris 1551, folio 20v
d'après Clément Janequin

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



Modern guitar transcription of the Almande "la mon amy la" by Adrian Le Roy. The piece is in 2/4 time, with a tempo marking of 76 bpm. The transcription is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is divided into measures, with measure numbers 6, 10, and 14 indicated. The notation includes various rhythmic values, accidentals, and fingerings (1-4) for the right hand. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

CINQUIEME BRANLE DE BOURGOGNE

du "Premier livre de tablature de guitte" Paris 1551, folio 22

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

• = 76

5

8

14

18

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

MISTRIS WINTERS JUMPE

en la majeur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 56$

4

7

10

14

C II

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

ORLANDO SLEEPETH

Ballad

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

The musical score is written for guitar in treble clef, common time (C), with a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 54$. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is divided into four systems, each starting with a measure number (1, 4, 8, 11) and a guitar-specific fingering number (8, 1, 2, 3) below the staff. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and fingerings (1-4). There are repeat signs with first and second endings. The first ending leads back to the beginning of the piece, and the second ending leads to the final measure. The score concludes with a double bar line.

ANONYME (1600)

THE SICK TUNE

en mi mineur

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 52

8

6

10

14

Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

GALLARDA

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546).

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# $\text{♩} = 120$

4

8

11

15

19

22

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

DIFERENCIAS SOBRE GUARDAME LAS VACAS

"Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

Primera diferencia ♩ = 160

The musical score is written for guitar in 4/4 time, with a tempo of 160 beats per minute. It consists of two parts: 'Primera diferencia' and 'Segunda diferencia'. The 'Primera diferencia' section spans measures 1 to 6, and the 'Segunda diferencia' section spans measures 7 to 13. The score is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation includes various rhythmic values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and fingerings (1-4). The 'Primera diferencia' section begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The 'Segunda diferencia' section begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The score is adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp.

Tercera diferencia

19 3 1 3 4

4 1 3 3 2 1 4 2 1 2 4

8 1 3 1 3 4 3 4 3 4

C III 3 4 4 3 4 3 4

22

3 4 4 3 4 2 1 2 1

4

1 4 3 4

8

2

3

1

4

Quarta diferencia

25 *Quarta diferència*

The musical score for 'Quarta diferència' is written on a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The melody in the treble clef starts with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter rest, then a beamed eighth-note triplet (A4, B4, C#5), and a quarter note D5. The bass clef accompaniment starts with an eighth-note triplet (F#3, G3, A3), followed by an eighth-note triplet (B3, C4, D4), and a quarter note E4. The piece continues with various rhythmic patterns and fingerings indicated by numbers 1-4.

[illegible]

34

Musical score for 'The Rose Tree' (continued). The score is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The melody is in the treble clef, and the accompaniment is in the bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and rests. There are also some markings above the staff, possibly indicating fingerings or breath marks. The score ends with a double bar line.

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

TRES DIFERENCIAS POR OTRA PARTE

"Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

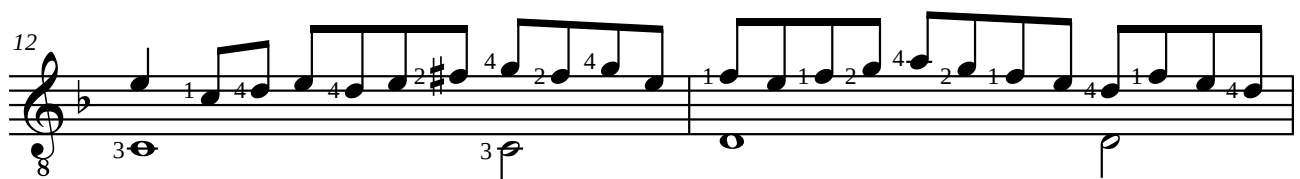
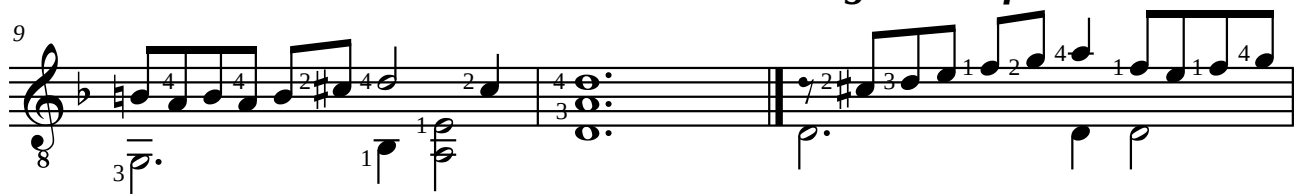
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

Primera diferencia ♩ = 160



Segunda diferencia



[illegible]

Tercera diferencia

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is shown. It consists of a treble clef staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by a quarter note A4, and then a quarter note B4. The next measure contains a quarter note C5, a quarter note D5, and a quarter note E5. The final measure of the system contains a quarter note F5, a quarter note G5, and a quarter note A5. The system is marked with a '25' in the top left corner.

29

8

3

0

1

4

2

4

2

4

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

CANCION DEL EMPERADOR

du troisième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 60

5

9

14

19

24 C III

28

32

37

42

47

52

57

62

66

70

74

Giulio Cesare BARBETTA (ca. 1540-1603)

MORESCA DETTA LE CANARIE

de "Intabolatura di liuto" (Venezia 1585)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ =FA# ♩ = 63

8

6

12

17

22

28

33

38

43

48

53

58

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

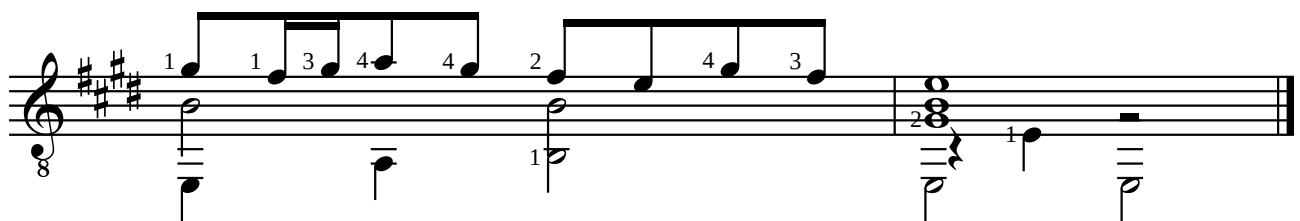
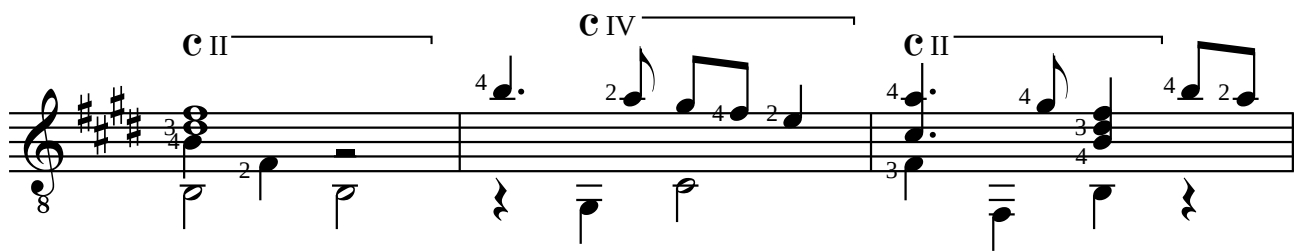
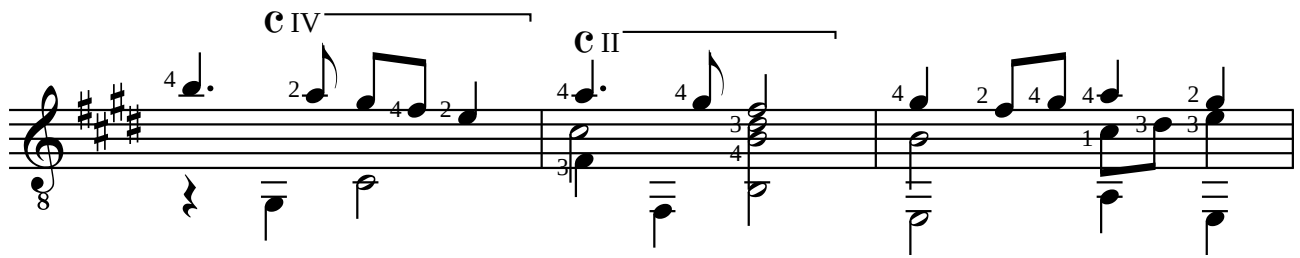
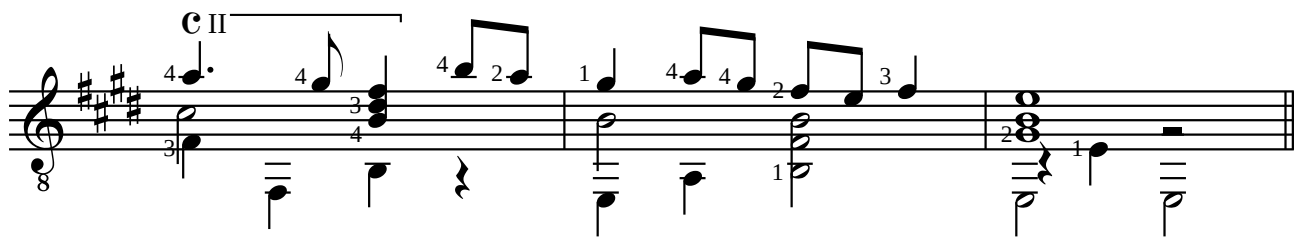
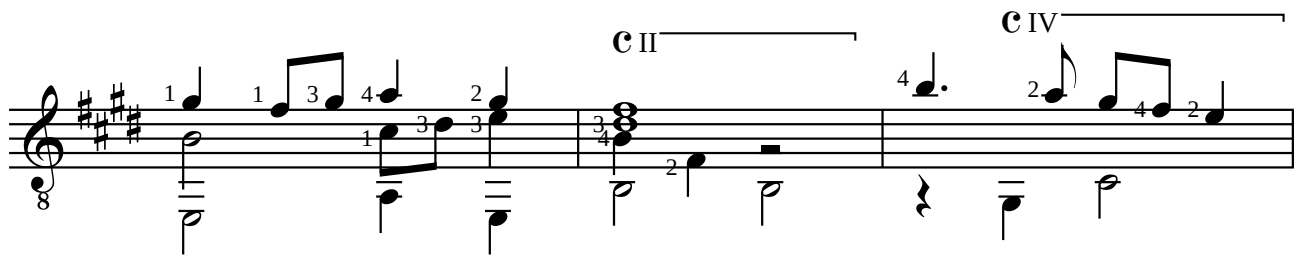
LADY LAITON 'S ALMAIN

Almain

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ =FA# ♩ = 63

The musical score is written for guitar and consists of four systems. The key signature is D major (three sharps: F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 63. The first system begins with a circled '3' and the instruction '=FA#'. The notation includes treble and bass staves with various notes, rests, and fingerings (1-4). The second and third systems have a 'C II' marking above the staff. The fourth system ends with a double bar line.



Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

ROMANESCA sobre "o guardame las vacas"

de cinco maneras, para vihuela

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546).

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 88

5

9

13

17

21

25 **C I**

29 **C III** **C V**

32 **C I**

35

39 **C I**

42 **C V**

45 **C III**

48

Hans NEUSIEDLER (1508-1563)

WASCHA MESA

de "Lautenbuch", Nurenberg

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 76$

8

4

7

10

13

16

C I —

19 C I ———

22

Der hupff auff ♩ = 76

25

31

38

45

52

59

Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

SECOND BRANLE DE BOURGONGNE

de "Premier livre de tablature de guitterre" Paris 1551, folio 21v

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

♩ = 84

C VII

8

6

10

15

20

24

ANONYME

VAGHE BELLEZZE ET BIONDE TRECCIE

D'ORO VEDI CHE PER TE MORO

d'après "La Gratie d'Amore" de Cesare Negri (1602), transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE

Andante

7

13

Fine

19

D.C. al Fine

ANONYME

DANZA

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ =RE

Andante

C II

5

9

13

C II

The musical score is written for a lute, indicated by the 'C II' marking. It is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The tempo is marked 'Andante'. The score is divided into four systems, each starting with a measure number (6, 5, 9, 13). The notation includes treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and fingerings. The score is transcribed by Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916) and revised by Jean-François Delcamp. The piece is identified as 'ANONYME : DANZA'.

ANONYME

IL BIANCO FIORE

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ =RE **Allegro** 2131 *tr* C II _

5 10 15 21

8 8 8 8 8

1. 2.

C II 2131 *tr*

ANONYME

PASSACAGLIA

d'après un livre pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegretto

⑥=RE

f

p

②

ANONYME

GAGLIARDA

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

Moderato

⑥ = RE

4

7

10

13

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

ANONYME : SE IO M'ACCORGO BEN MIO D'UN ALTRO AMANTE
- 60 -

ANONYME

SALTARELLO

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE

Allegro

6

12

17

24

30

simile

ar7 ar7 ar5 ar7 ar12

Santino GARSI da PARMA (1542-1603)

BALLO DEL SERENISSIMO DUCA

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE

♩ = 108

The score is written for guitar in 2/4 time, key of B-flat major. It consists of five systems of music. The first system includes a tempo marking of 108 and a key signature change to B-flat major. The second system features first and second endings. The third and fourth systems include repeat signs and first endings. The fifth system concludes the piece with a double bar line. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4, and triplets are marked with a '3' and a bracket. The score is adapted for guitar by Jean-François Delcamp.

Jean-Baptiste BESARD (1567-1625)

BALLET

de "Novus Partus" (Augsburg, 1617)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE ♩ = 60 C II

5

8

12

15

Robert JOHNSON (1583-1633)

ALMAN VII

de Ad. Ms. 38539, folio 17 British Museum, London

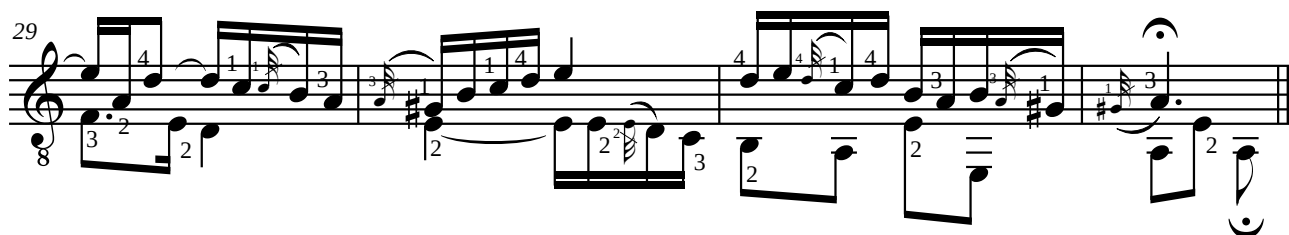
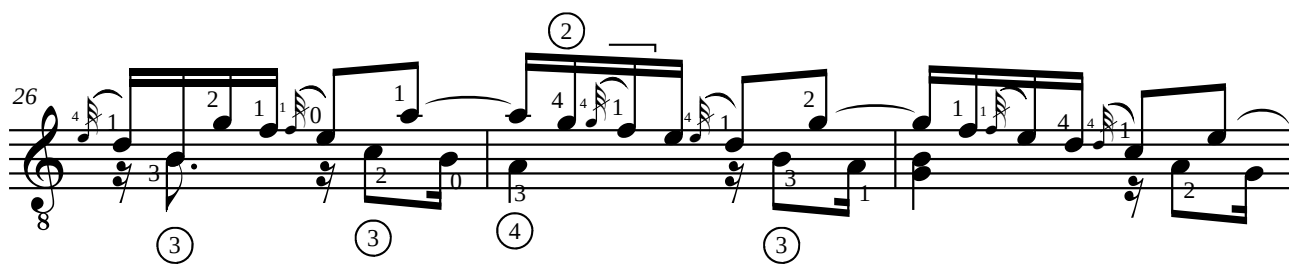
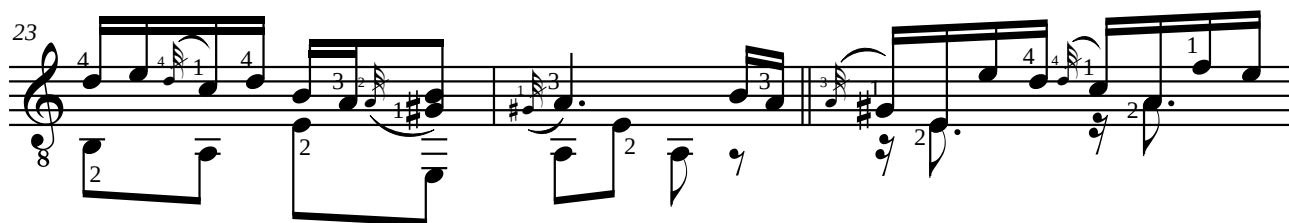
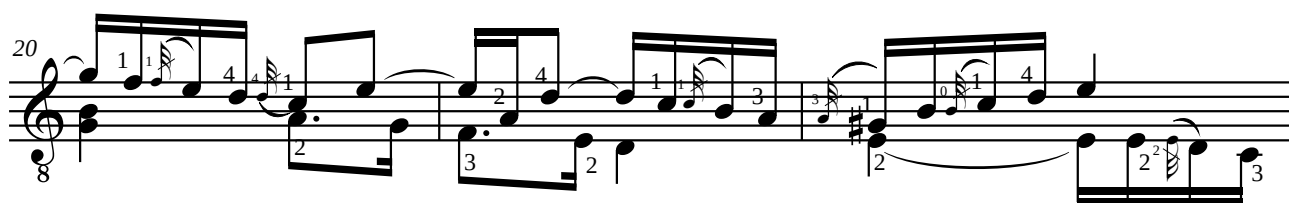
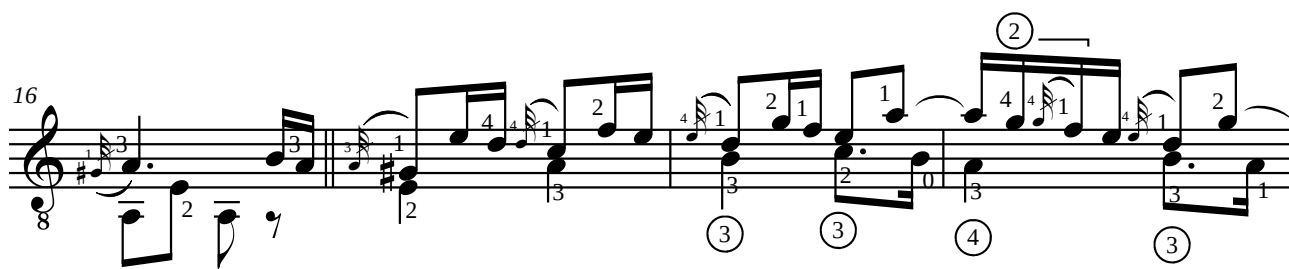
Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

● = 56

4

8

12



Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

FANTASIA I

de pasos largos para desenboluer las manos.

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

♩ = 126

8

5

9

12

Musical score for Alonso MUDARRA : FANTASIA I, measures 14-28. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The time signature changes to 8/8 at measure 14. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and triplets, along with fingerings and articulation marks.

Measure 14: Starts with a treble clef, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The time signature changes to 8/8. The melody begins with a quarter note G4, followed by eighth notes A4, B4, and C5.

Measure 16: Continues the melodic line with eighth notes and quarter notes, including fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4).

Measure 18: Features a half note G4 and a quarter note A4, with a fermata over the half note.

Measure 21: Includes a half note G4 and a quarter note A4, with a fermata over the half note.

Measure 24: Continues the melodic line with eighth notes and quarter notes, including fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4).

Measure 26: Features a half note G4 and a quarter note A4, with a fermata over the half note.

Measure 28: Ends with a half note G4 and a quarter note A4, with a fermata over the half note.

Don Luys MILÁN (1500-1562)

PAVANA VI

de "Libro de musica de vihuela de mano Entitulado El maestro"
(Valencia, 1536)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#/F# *Compas algo apressurado* ♩ = 96

4

7

11

14

18

21

Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

PAVANA DE ALEXANDRE

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

$\text{♩} = 76$

C II C III

1 5 9 13 16 20

Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

CONDE CLAROS

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 104

The musical score is written for guitar in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 104. The score is divided into four systems, each containing a single staff. The first system starts with a circled 3 and a note indicating FA#. The second system begins with a circled 7. The third system begins with a circled 13. The fourth system begins with a circled 18. The score includes various musical notations such as chords, arpeggios, and fingerings. A 'C II' section is marked above the second system, and a 'C III' section is marked above the fourth system. A circled 5 is also present at the end of the fourth system.

23

3

4

2

6

3

4

3

4

3

4

3

4

2

4

28

3

4

3

4

3

4

1

2

4

4

3

2

1

3

1

2

33

2

4

2

3

2

4

2

4

3

1

3

1

3

III

38

2

1

1

3

1

4

3

1

1

3

2

1

3

43

2

3

1

3

1

1

3

1

1

3

1

3

1

4

48

1

3

1

1

3

2

3

2

3

2

3

2

3

2

4

2

[illegible]

60

2 2 3 2 3 1

4 4 4 4 4 3 4

8

1

65

4 3 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 3 3

C II C II C III

76

8

1 3 2 3 1

4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2

4 3

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

AY ARDE, CORAÇON, ARDE

du cinquième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 60$

8

5

10

15

20

25

6

2

Adrian LE ROY (1520-1598)

PASSEMEZE

de "A Briefe and easye instru[c]tion to learne the tabetre" (London 1568)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ =FA#

♩ = 110

p i p i - - - - . *sempre* p i p i m

5

8

11

14

17

20

23

25

28

30

32

C II5/6 _____

33

Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

FANTASIA XIII DEL QUINTO TONO

para guitarra, al temple nuevo

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546)

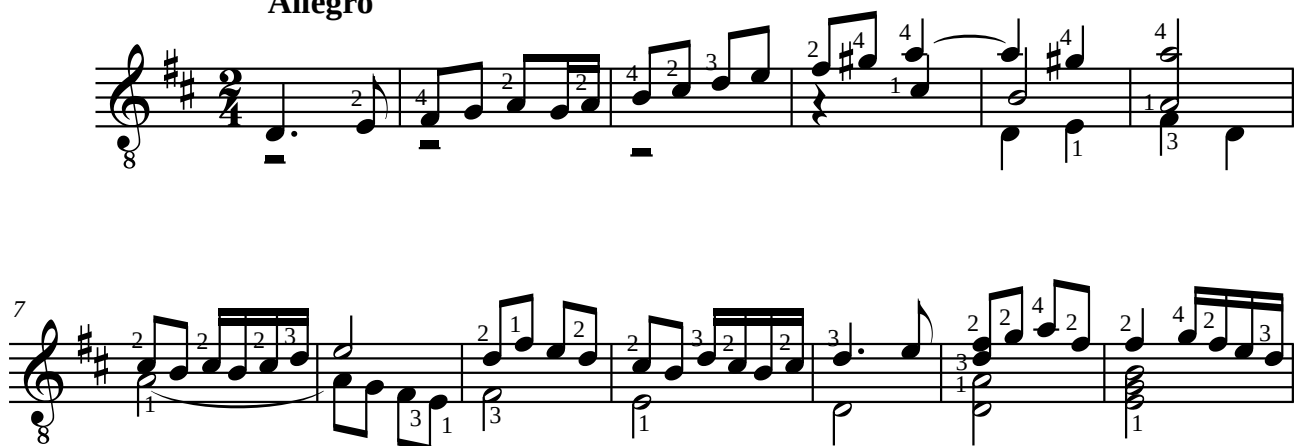
Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

LIBRO I. GUITARRA. AL TEMPLE NUEVO. FOLXXIII

Fantasia del quinto tono.



Allegro



Alonso MUDARRA : FANTASIA XIII DEL QUINTO TONO

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

YA SE ASIENTA EL REY RAMIRO

du cinquième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 208

2

5

7

9

C III 5/6

C II

11

13

15

17

19

21

Grégoire BRAYSSING (publié en 1553)

FANTASIE V

du "Quart livre de tablature de guitte" édité par Adrien Le Roy et Robert Ballard à Paris en 1553, folio 5

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

• = 63

7

13

20

26

C IV

C II

C IV

Don Luys MILÁN (1500-1562)

FANTASIA XVI

de "Libro de musica de vihuela de mano Entitulado El maestro"
(Valencia, 1536)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

las consonancias a espacio y los redobles apriessa
(les harmonies lentement et les gammes rapidement)

⑥ = FA *consonancias* ♩ = 104

♩ I

7 *redobles* ♩ = 104

♩ V

12 *consonancias* *redobles*

17 ♩ I ♩ VII

22 ♩ II

27

31

35

40

44

50

56

61

66

Don Luys MILÁN : FANTASIA XVI

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

MY LADY HUNSDON'S PUFFE

Almain

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE ♩ = 80

3

5

7

9

C II

C II

11

13

15

C III

17

19

C II

21

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

BAXA DE CONTRAPUNTO

du sixième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 88

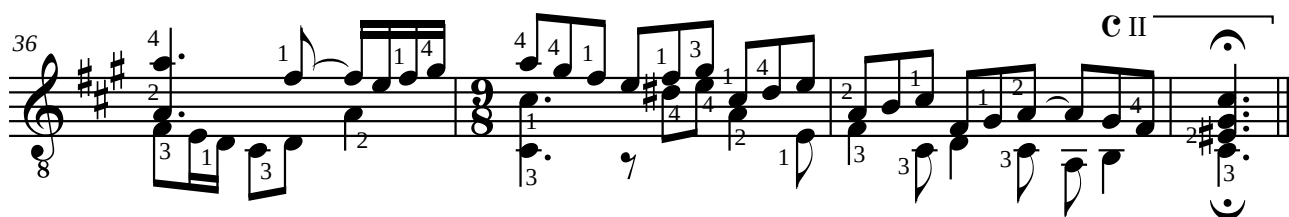
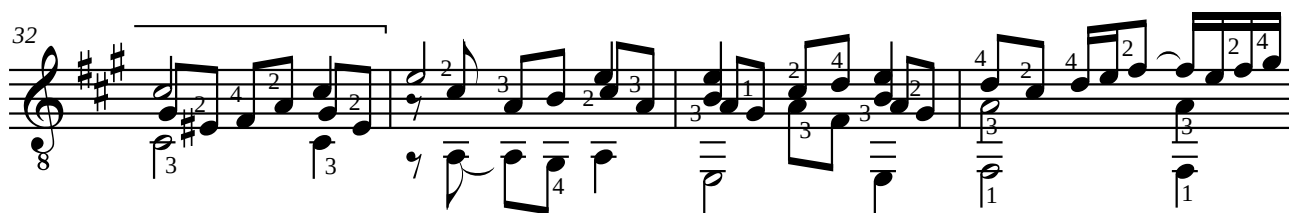
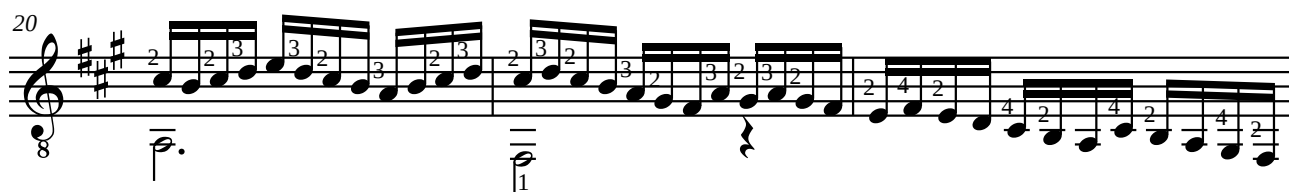
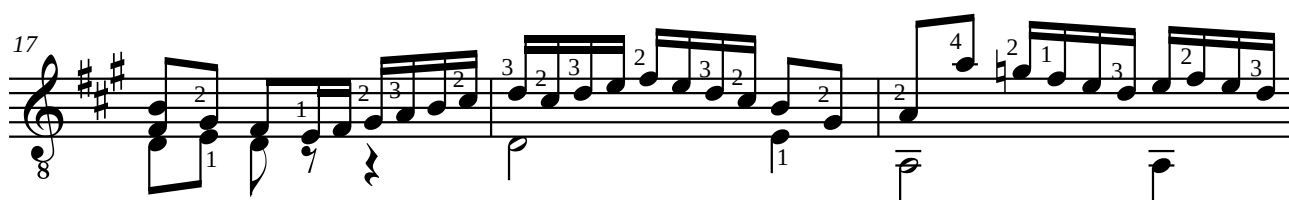
4

7

10

13

C II



John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

TARLETON'S RISERRECTIONE

Jig

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

• = 58

1 3 6 9 12

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

CONDE CLAROS

du sixième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# *Primera diferencia* $\text{♩} = 92$

5 *Segunda diferencia*

9 *Tercera diferencia*

13 *Quarta diferencia*

17 *Quinta diferencia*

21

Diez diferencia

54 *Diez ajer ekeka*

1 1 1 1 3 2

Onze diferencia

[illegible]

Doze diferencia

Treze diferencia

70

8

3 1 3 1 4 2

1 2 4

2 3 1

1 2

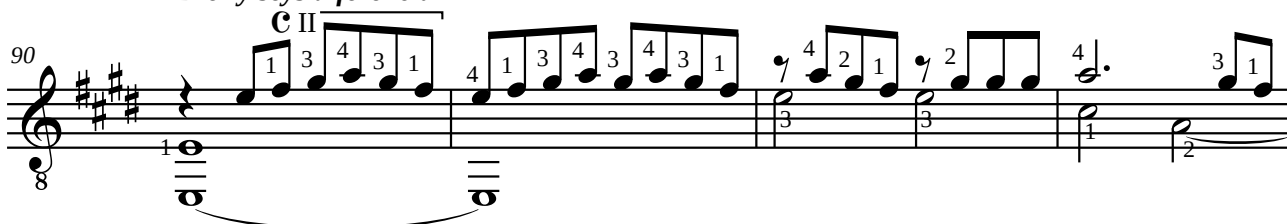
The second system of the musical score, starting at measure 74. The treble clef staff contains the melody, and the bass clef staff contains the accompaniment. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The melody features a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes with various fingerings indicated by numbers 1-4. The bass line consists of a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The system concludes with a double bar line.

Qatorze diferencia

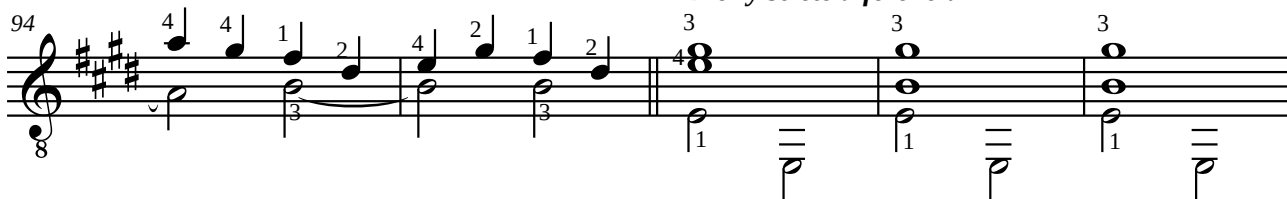
Quinze diferencia. L'otra e haziendo la guitarra



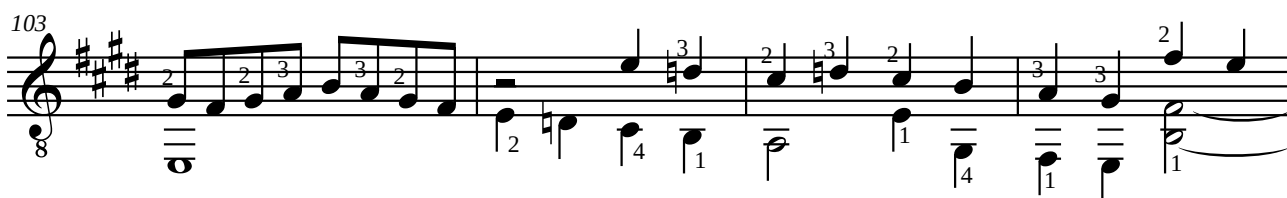
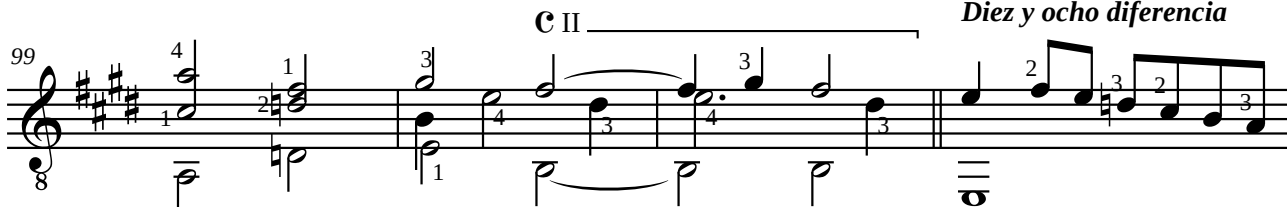
Diez y seys diferencia



Diez y sciete diferencia



Diez y ocho diferencia



Diez y nueve diferencia



*Veynte diferencia.
De proporcion Seys minimias al compas.*

112 **C II**

116

Veynte y una diferencia

119

122

Veynte y dos diferencia

125

128 **C V** **C II**

131 **C IV**

Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

FANTASIA X

que contrahaze la harpa en la manera de Ludovico
de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546).

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 92

6

12

18

24

C II

C III

C III

30

35

40

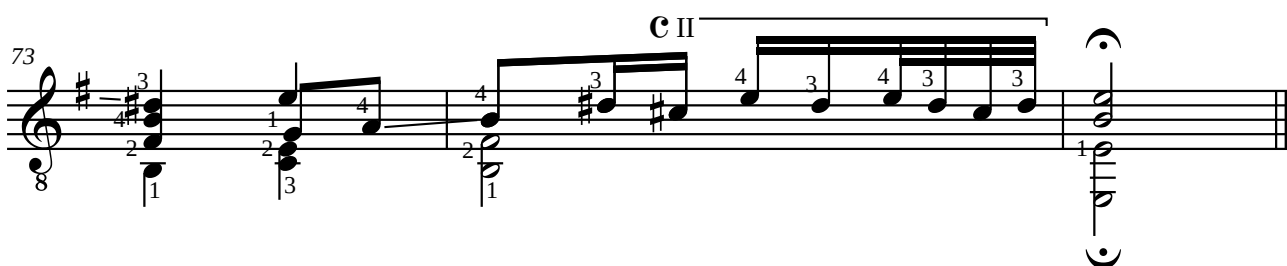
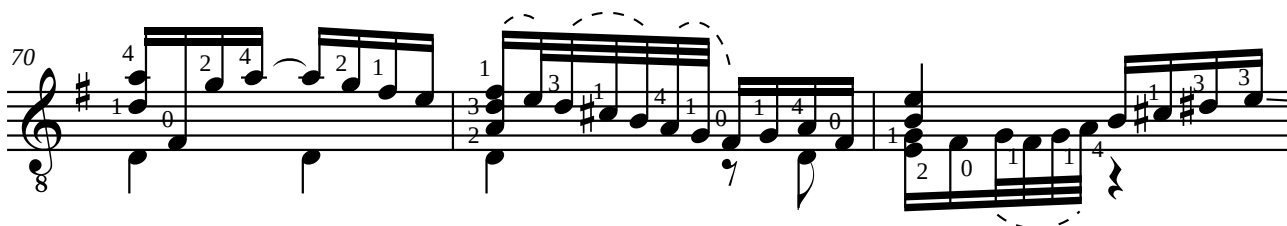
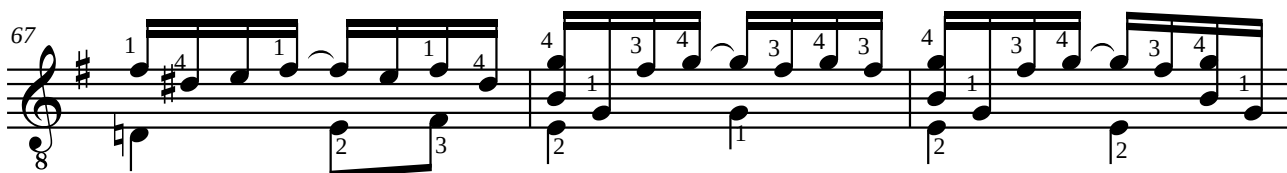
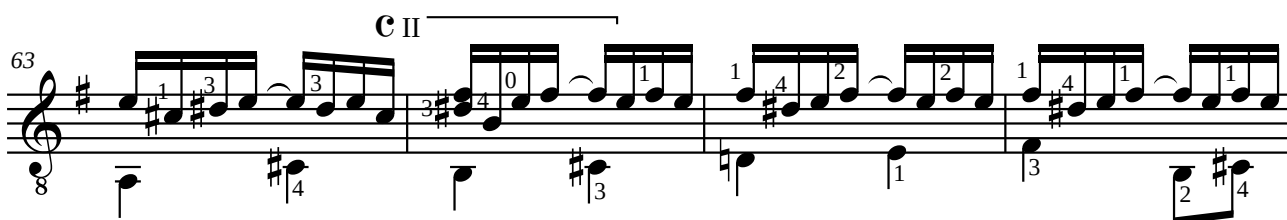
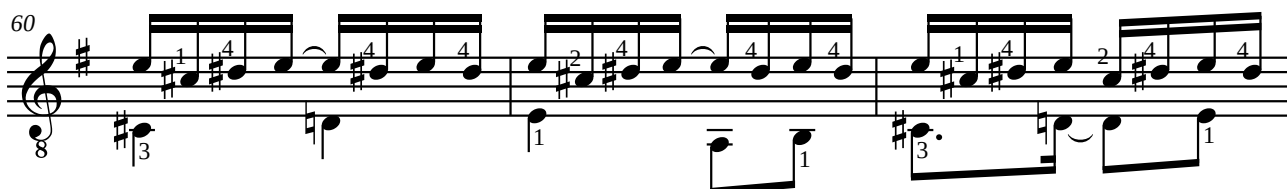
45

50

54



Desde aqui hasta azerca del final ay algunas falsas tañiendo se bien no parecen mal.



John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

SIR JOHN SMITH, HIS ALMAIN

Almain

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Le luth renaissance, pour lequel cette œuvre a été composée à l'origine, était accordé : SOL - DO - FA - LA - RE -SOL. Placez un capodastre à la frette III de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire.

Il liuto rinascimentale, per il quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordato : SOL – DO – FA –LA – RE – SOL. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul III tasto.

The renaissance lute, for which this work was originally composed, was tuned: G-C-F-A-D-G. Place a capo at fret III of your guitar to get a similar effect.

③ =FA# ♩ = 110

5

9

12

15

18

23

27

31

35

38

41

C II

C III

C II

C III

C II

44

47

50

53

55

58

61

63

C II

C V

C V

C II

Bálint BAKFARK (ca. 1507-1576)

NON DITE MAI

Gagliarda

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 160$

6

11

16

21

25

28

32

37

Adrian LE ROY (1520-1598)

FANTASIE SECONDE

du "Premier livre de tablature de guitterre" Paris 1551, folio 3

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

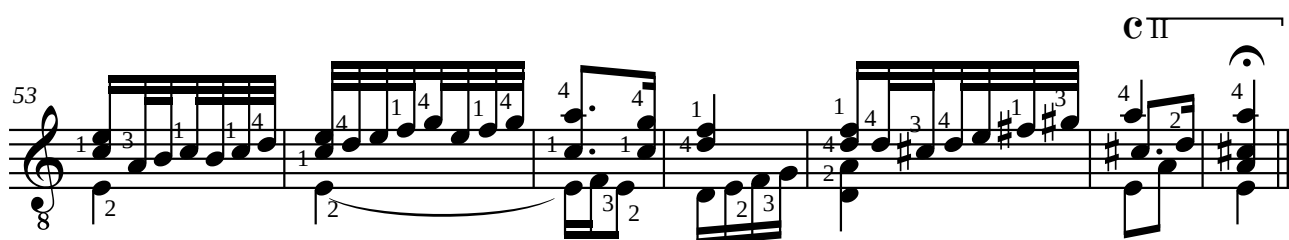
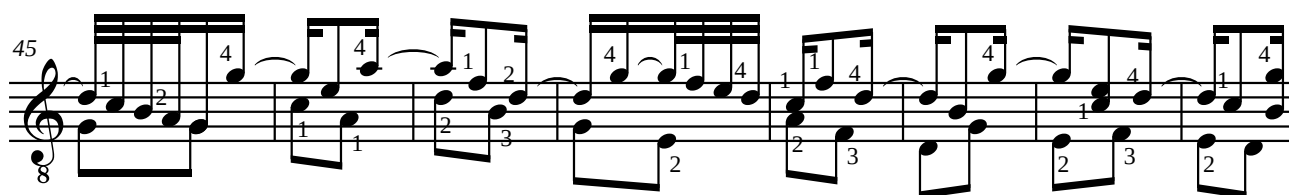
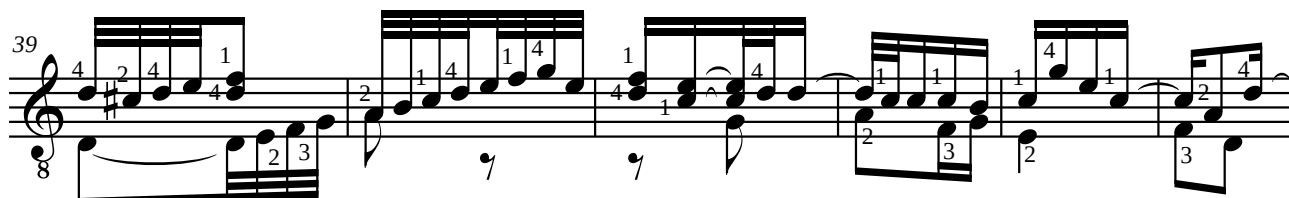
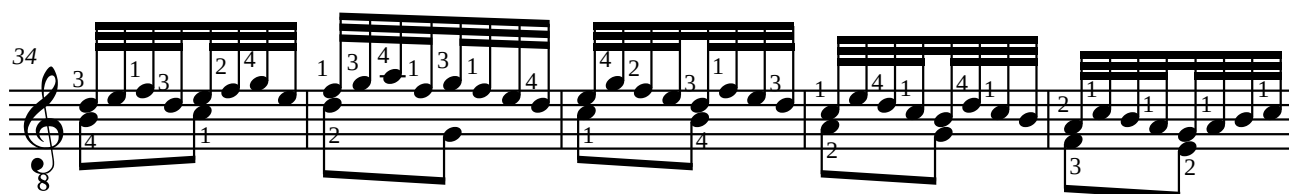
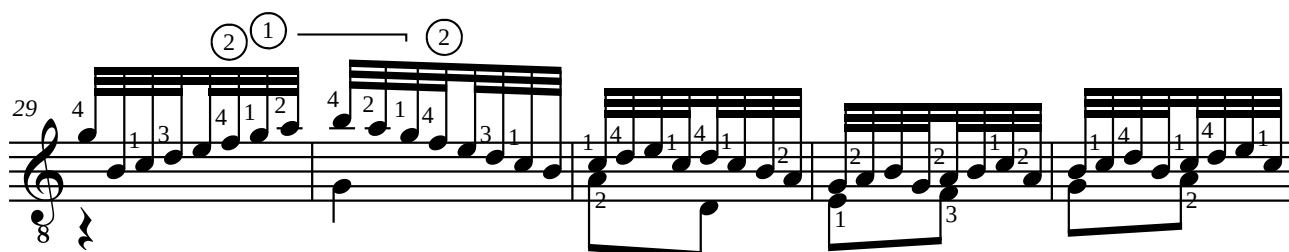
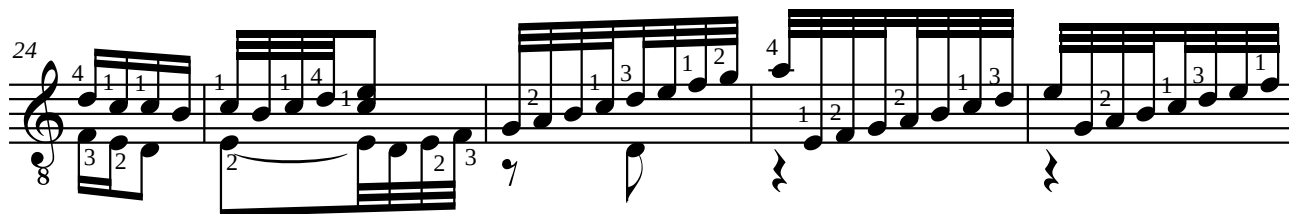
La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).

● = 56

10

18



Giulio Cesare BARBETTA (1540-1603)

MORESCA DETTA IL MATTACINO

de "Intabolatura di liuto" (Venezia 1585)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 63

8

8

14

20

27

33

[illegible][illegible]

58

2 4 2 4 1 3 4 1 3 4 4

3 2 2 2 4 2

8 1 3 1

63

4 4 4 2 3

3

2

1

2 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 3 3

3 3 2 2 4 1 2

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

1

69

Measures 69-73 of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree'. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/8. The melody is written on a treble clef staff. Measure 69 starts with a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes G4 (labeled 2), A4 (labeled 3), and B4. Measure 70 continues with eighth notes C5 (labeled 2), D5 (labeled 3), and E5. Measure 71 features a triplet of eighth notes F#5, G#5, and A5, followed by eighth notes B4 (labeled 2), C5 (labeled 3), and D5. Measure 72 has a quarter note E5, followed by eighth notes F#5 (labeled 2), G#5 (labeled 4), A5 (labeled 1), B4 (labeled 3), and C5 (labeled 4). Measure 73 consists of a quarter note D5, followed by eighth notes E5 (labeled 4), F#5 (labeled 2), G#5 (labeled 3), and A5 (labeled 2). The bass line is written on a bass clef staff. Measure 69 has a quarter note G2 (labeled 8) and a dotted half note G2. Measure 70 has a dotted half note G2. Measure 71 has a dotted half note G2. Measure 72 has a dotted half note G2. Measure 73 has a dotted half note G2.

74

Example 10.17 is a musical score for a piece in D major, 3/4 time. It consists of two staves: a treble staff and a bass staff. The treble staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a 3/4 time signature. The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some triplets indicated by a '3' over a bracket. The bass staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature (C). The bass line features a mix of eighth, sixteenth, and dotted notes, with some triplets and fingerings (e.g., '1', '4', '1') indicated. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

MELANCHOLY GALLIARD

Galliard

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = FA ♩ = 76 C III 5/6

4 8 10

C III

8 10

C III 5/6

12 10

C III

16 8 10

C II C VII

⑤ ⑥ VIII ⑥

20 10

C III C III

Musical score for "Melancholy Galliard" by John Dowland, measures 24-49. The score is written in treble and bass staves, featuring a 3/8 time signature and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The piece is in common time (C). The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and chords, along with fingerings and articulation marks. The measures are grouped into systems, with measure numbers 24, 27, 30, 33, 38, 42, and 46 indicated at the beginning of each system. The score concludes with a double bar line at measure 49.

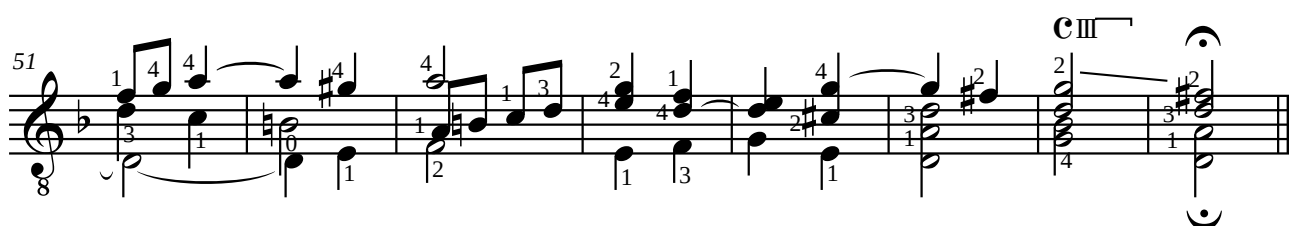
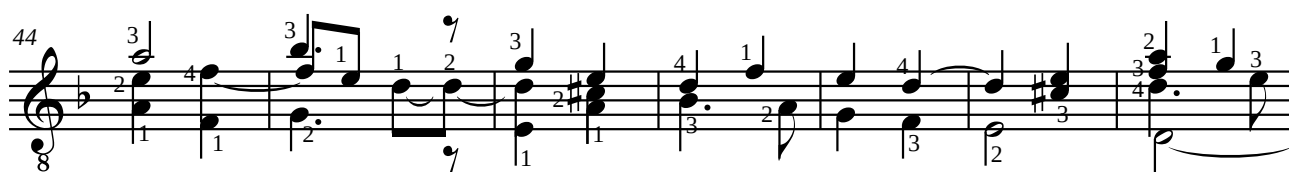
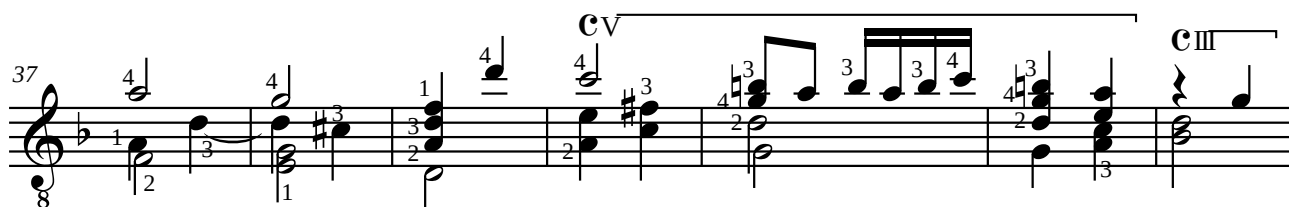
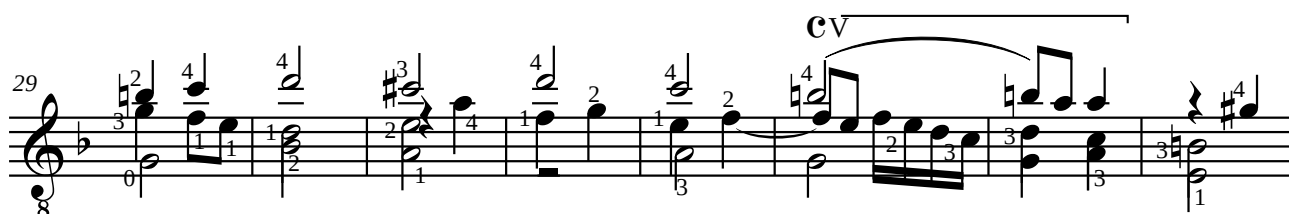
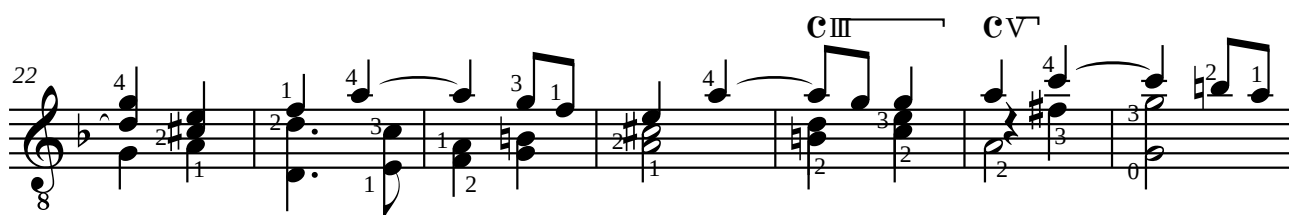
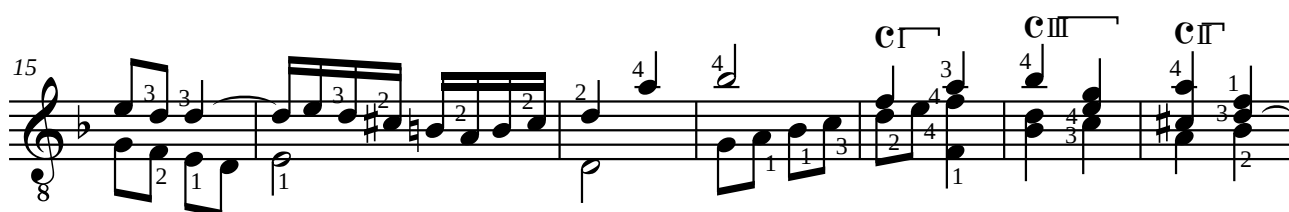
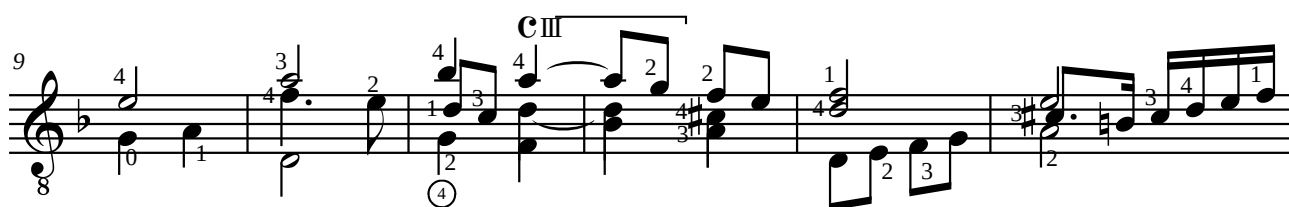
para guitarra, al temple nuevo
de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546)

LIBRO. I. 20 GUITARRA. AL TEMPLE NUEVO. 22 FOL. XXIII.

Fanta-
sia
del pñer
cono

Handwritten musical score for guitar, titled "LIBRO. I. 20 GUITARRA. AL TEMPLE NUEVO. 22 FOL. XXIII." The score is for a piece called "Fantasia del pñer cono". It consists of four systems of music, each with a single staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and fingerings. The first system starts with a treble clef and a common time signature. The second system has a key signature change to one flat. The third system has a key signature change to two flats. The fourth system has a key signature change to three flats. The score ends with a double bar line and a small decorative flourish.

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).



John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

THE MOST HIGH AND MIGHTY CHRISTIANUS THE FOURTH, KING OF DENMARK, HIS GALLIARD

Galliard

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

⑥ = SI

♩ = 88

6

11

16

21

26

31

36

39

44

47

3 3

1 4 3 1 3 1 1 1

8

VII 1 1 5

52

2 3

4 4 1

8

VII 3 6

58

4 1 4 2 1 2 4 4 2

8

III 1

63

1 2 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

8

III 2 V 2 VI 2 VII

68

1 3 4 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

8

1 0

71

3 2 4 1 2 0 2 0 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

8

VII 1 4

75

8

VII|4

VII|4

80

8

84

8

III|2

III|2

89

8

92

8

2

2

95

8

VII|2

VIII|2

VII|1

3

4

Clément JANEQUIN (1485-1559)

LA GUERRE, faite à plaisir

du "Quart livre de tablature de guitterne" Le Roy et Ballard à Paris en 1553, folio 25

Adaptation pour guitterne de Grégoire BRAYSSING (1520-1580)

Révision de Jean-François Delcamp

La guitare renaissance était accordée : SOL - DO - MI - LA. Placez un capodastre à la frette V de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire. Cela vous rapprochera des dimensions de la guitare renaissance qui est plus petite (diapason 55 cm) que nos guitares modernes (65 cm).

La chitarra rinascimentale, per la quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordata : SOL – DO – MI - LA. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul V tasto. In questo modo è possibile riportare la chitarra a dimensioni più simili a quelle della chitarra rinascimentale che è più piccola (diapason 55 cm) rispetto alla chitarra moderna (65 cm).

The renaissance guitar, for which this work was originally composed, had four courses tuned to: G-C-E-A. Place a capo at fret V of your guitar to get a similar effect. This will reproduce the size of the renaissance guitar that is smaller (55 cm scale length) than our modern guitars (65 cm).

La guitarra renacentista, para la que esta obra fue originalmente compuesta, estaba afinada en 4 acordes: SOL - DO - MI - LA. Poned una cejilla en el traste V de vuestra guitarra para conseguir un efecto similar. Esto reproducirá el tamaño de la guitarra renacentista, que es más pequeña (longitud del diapason de 55 cm) que nuestras guitarras modernas (65 cm).

♩ = 110

C II

7

13

17

21

C II

25

31

38

43

48

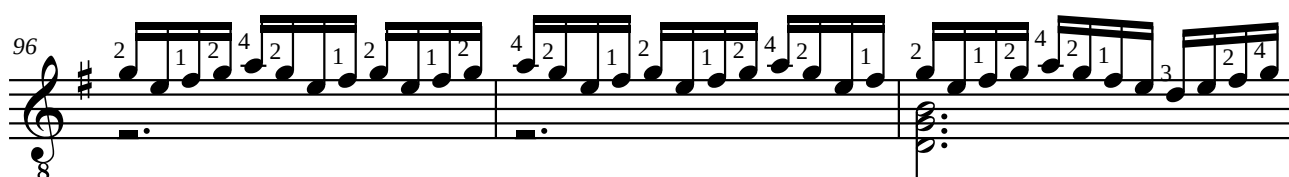
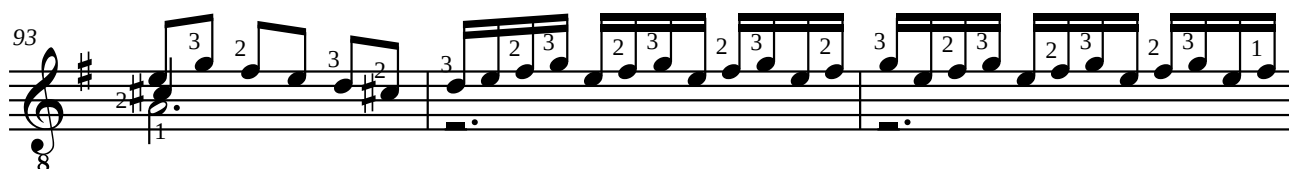
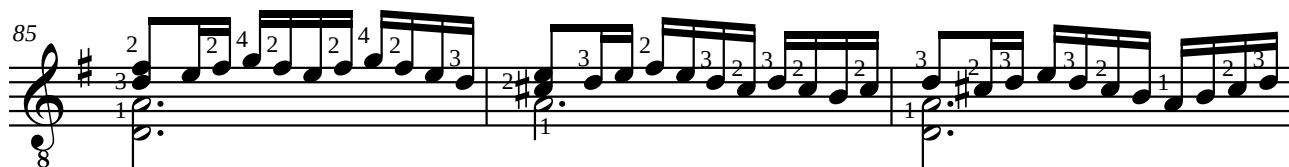
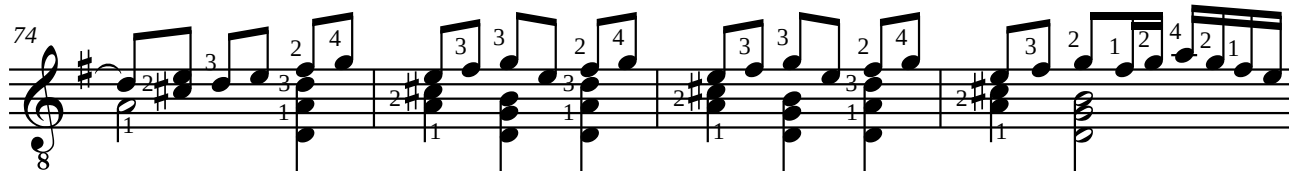
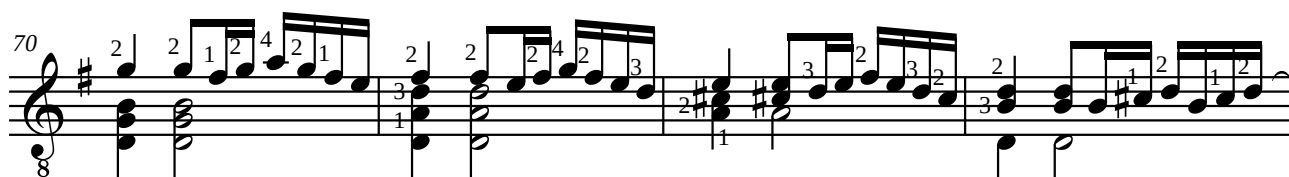
53

60

65

C II

Detailed description: This musical score is for guitar, spanning measures 25 to 65. It is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature is 8/8. The score is characterized by dense, complex fingerings, often indicated by numbers 1-4 above or below notes. Many measures contain multiple beamed notes, suggesting rapid passages. Measure 60 features a trill marked 'C II'. The notation includes various note values (eighths, sixteens, and groups of sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings like 'f' (forte) and 'z' (zuccato). The bottom of the page shows a double bar line and a change in the bass line notation, indicating a shift in the guitar's role or a specific technique.



99

103

108

113

118

122

126

132

www.delcamp.net

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

A FANTASIE

Varietie Of Lute Lessons (London 1610)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Le luth renaissance, pour lequel cette œuvre a été composée à l'origine, était accordé : SOL - DO - FA - LA - RE - SOL. Placez un capodastre à la frette III de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire.

Il liuto rinascimentale, per il quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordato : SOL – DO – FA – LA – RE – SOL. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul III tasto.

The renaissance lute, for which this work was originally composed, was tuned: G-C-F-A-D-G. Place a capo at fret III of your guitar to get a similar effect.

③ = FA#

♩ = 40

4

7

10

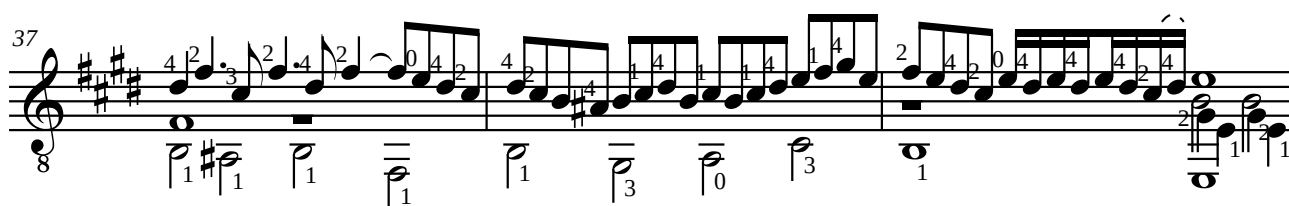
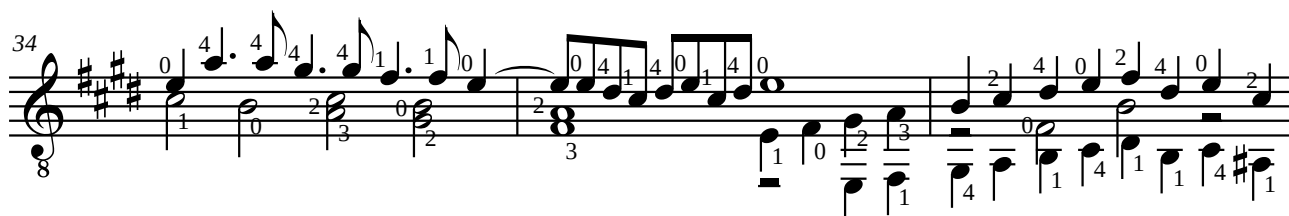
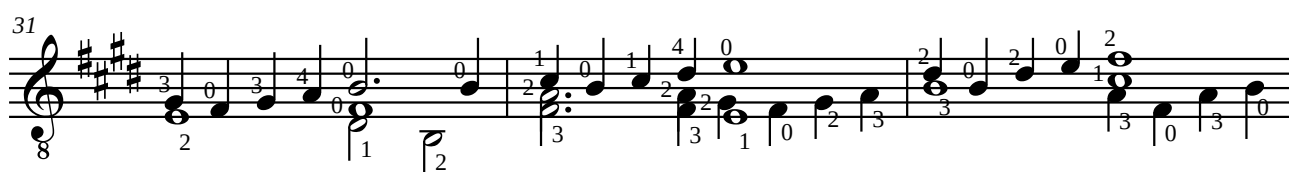
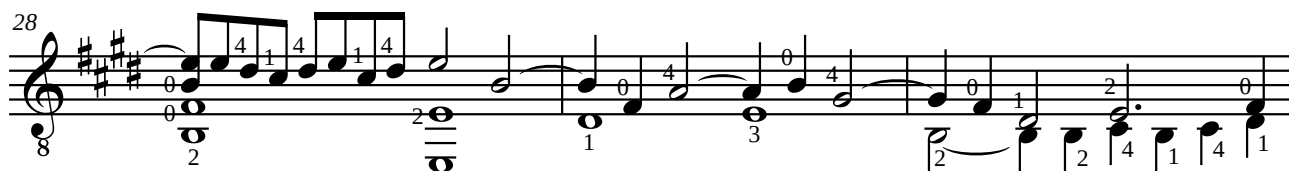
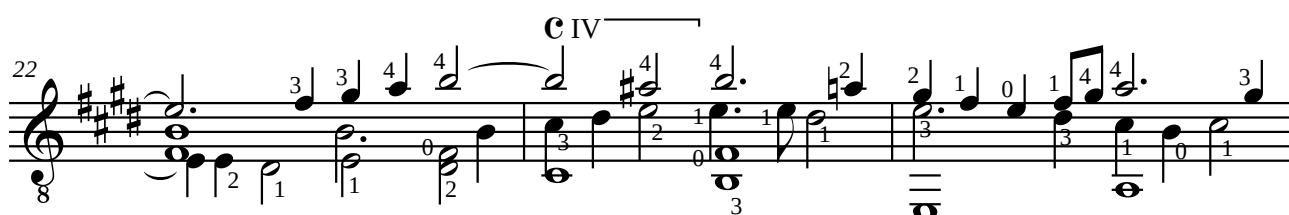
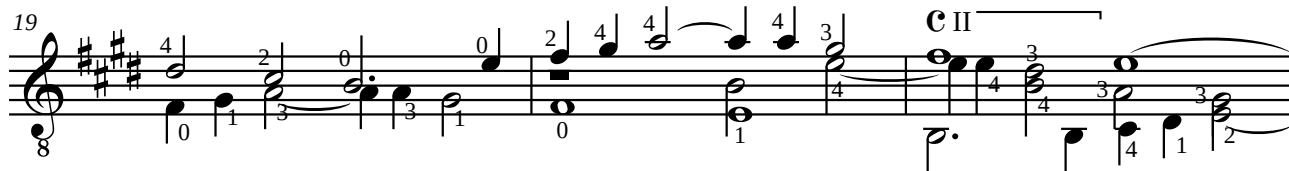
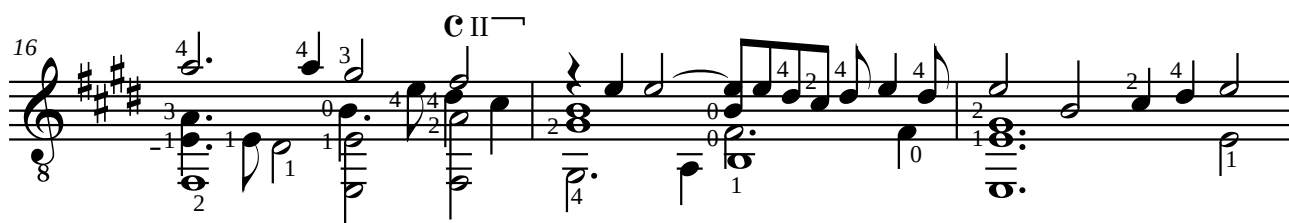
13

C II

C II C IV

* original = LA/A

John DOWLAND : A FANTASIE



**** original = SOL/G**

John DOWLAND : A FANTASIE

62

64

66

68

71

71

original :

74

$\sigma = 40$

76

79

82

85

88

91

94

97

C II^r

♩ = 40

100

Daniell BATCHELER (1572-1619)

MOUNSIERS ALMAINE

de "Varetie of Lute Lessons" (Robert Dowland - London 1610)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Le luth renaissance, pour lequel cette œuvre a été composée à l'origine, était accordé : SOL - DO - FA - LA - RE - SOL. Placez un capodastre à la frette III de votre guitare pour obtenir un accord similaire.

Il liuto rinascimentale, per il quale quest'opera è stata scritta, era così accordato : SOL – DO – FA – LA – RE – SOL. Per ottenere un simile accordo potete collocare un capotasto mobile sul III tasto.

The renaissance lute, for which this work was originally composed, was tuned: G-C-F-A-D-G. Place a capo at fret III of your guitar to get a similar effect.

③ = FA#/F# ♩ = 44

5

9

13

C II

17 22 26 30 34 38 42

46

50

54

58

60

62

66

70 **CII**

72

75

79 **CII**

82

84

87 **CII**

91 CII CI CII

94 CII

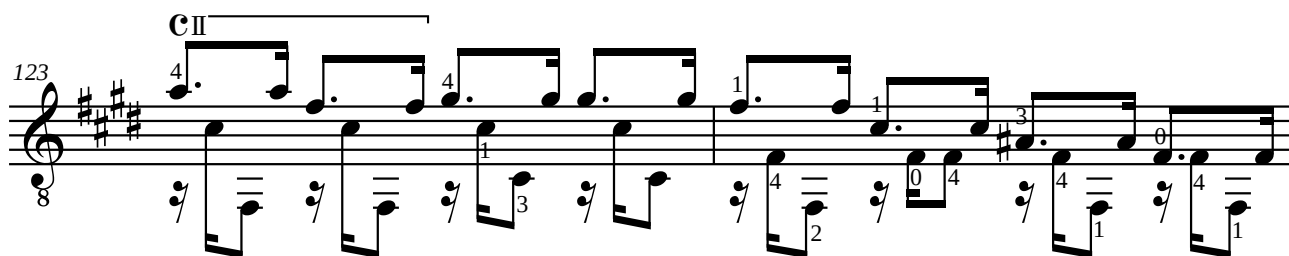
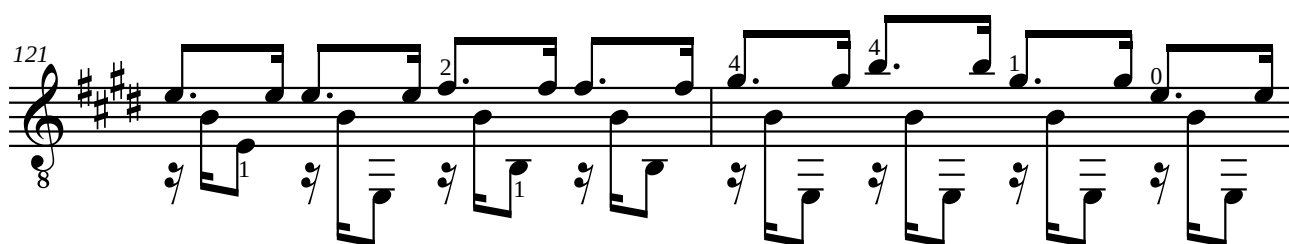
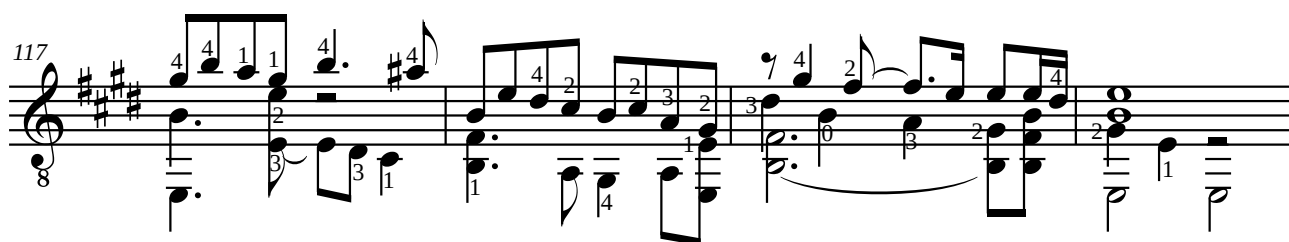
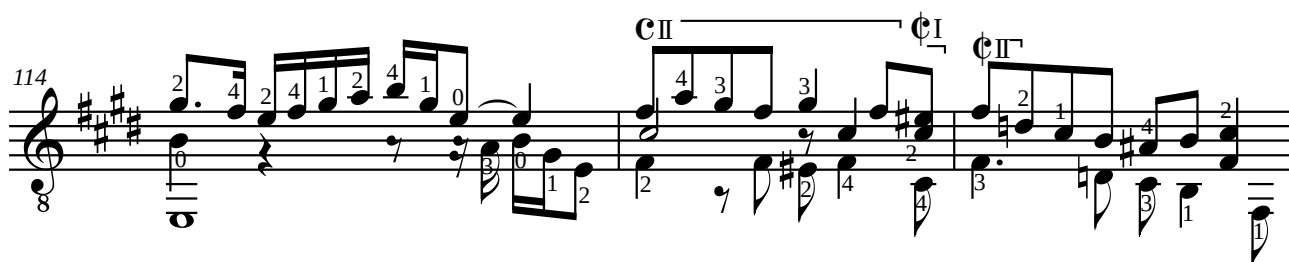
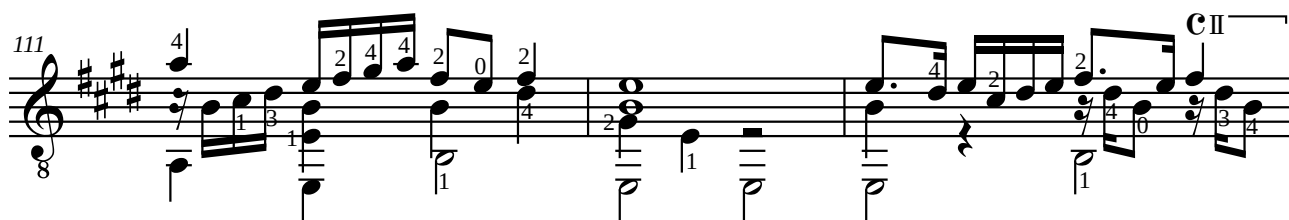
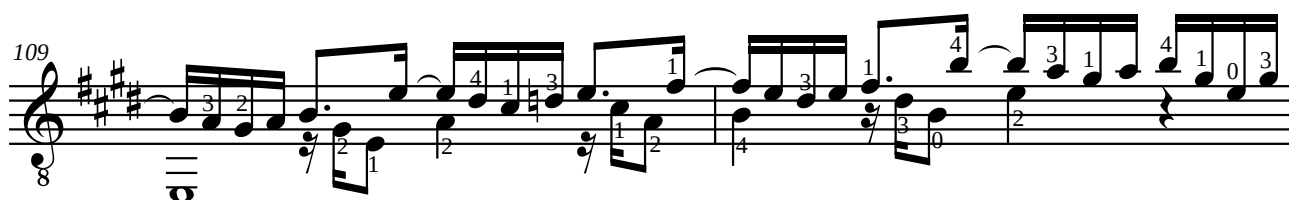
97

99

102

105 CII

107



127 CII

130

133

135

138

142

145

147

149

151

154

156

158

160

* original = RE#D#

Daniell BATCHELER : MOUNSIERS ALMAINE

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

FORLORN HOPE FANCY

Fantasie

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ =FA#/F#

♩ = 52

The image shows a guitar score for the piece 'Forlorn Hope Fancy' by John Dowland, adapted by Jean-François Delcamp. The score is written for guitar in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 52. The score consists of three staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef and a common time signature. The second staff starts with a treble clef and a common time signature. The third staff starts with a treble clef and a common time signature. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings. There are also some specific markings like 'CII' and 'ar12'.

8 **CII**

Measures 8 and 9 of the piece. Measure 8 starts with a treble clef, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a common time signature. It contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes with fingerings (2, 1, 0, 2, 2, 2, 4, 3, 1, 0, 1, 4, 0, 3, 2, 4, 2, 1, 3). Measure 9 continues the melody with similar note values and fingerings, including a * symbol below the staff.

10 **CI**

Measures 10 and 11. Measure 10 continues the melody with fingerings (0, 1, 4, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 4, 2, 1, 3). Measure 11 contains a * symbol and continues the melody with fingerings (0, 1, 3, 2, 0, 3, 2, 4, 2, 1, 3, 4, 3, 4). Below measure 10, there is a section labeled "original:" with a different melodic line.

12 **CII**

Measures 12 and 13. Measure 12 continues the melody with fingerings (0, 1, 4, 3, 1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 0). Measure 13 contains a * symbol and continues the melody with fingerings (4, 1, 4, 3, 1, 4, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0).

15 **CII** **CII** **CII**

Measures 15 and 16. Measure 15 contains a repeat sign and continues the melody with fingerings (4, 1, 4, 3, 1, 0, 2, 4, 3, 0, 3, 1, 0, 3, 0, 3, 0, 3). Measure 16 continues the melody with fingerings (0, 2, 1, 0, 3, 1, 0, 3, 4, 3, 3, 0, 4, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4).

17 **CII**

Measures 17 and 18. Measure 17 continues the melody with fingerings (4, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 3, 2, 1, 3, 2, 3, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1). Measure 18 continues the melody with fingerings (1, 0, 3, 3, 4, 1, 2, 4, 1, 2, 4, 1, 1).

21

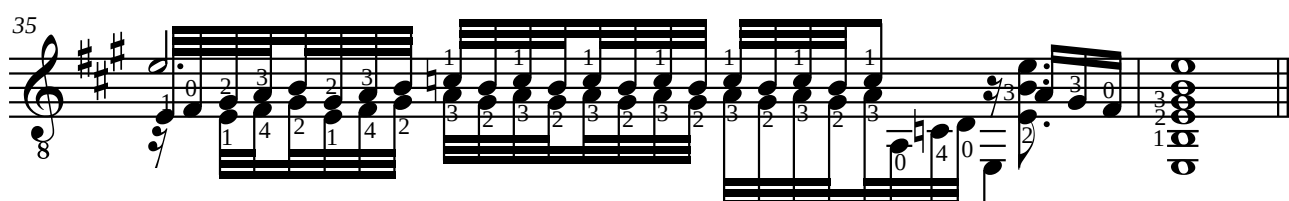
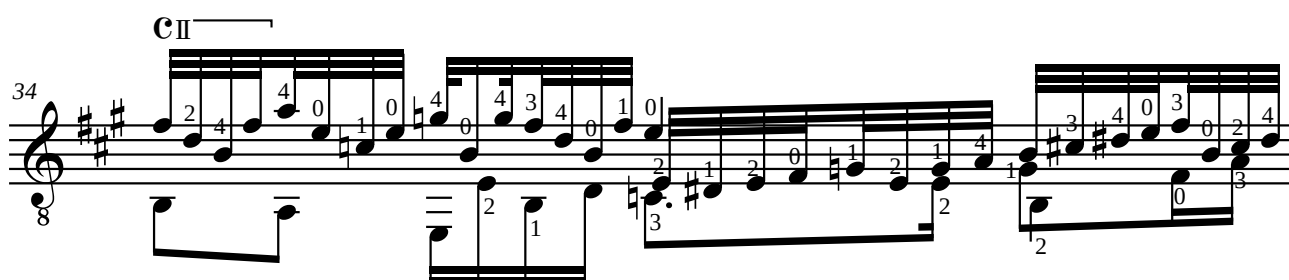
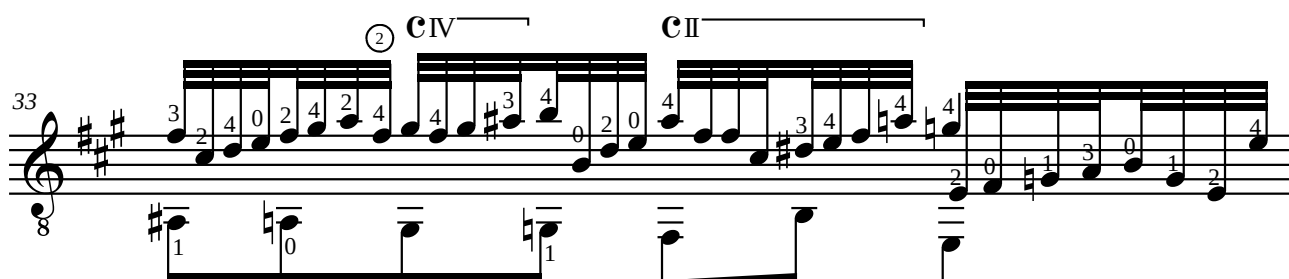
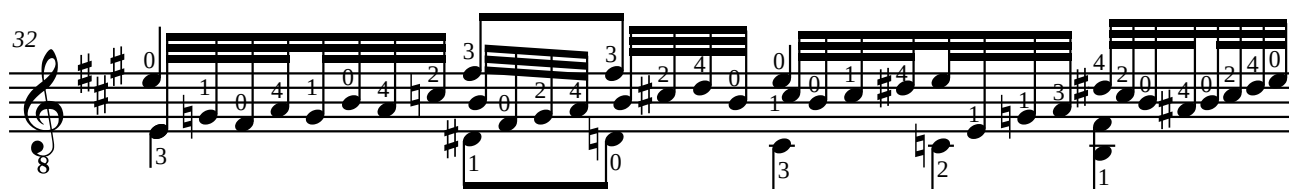
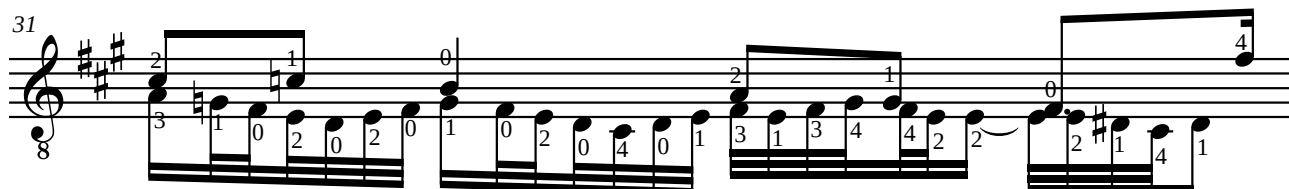
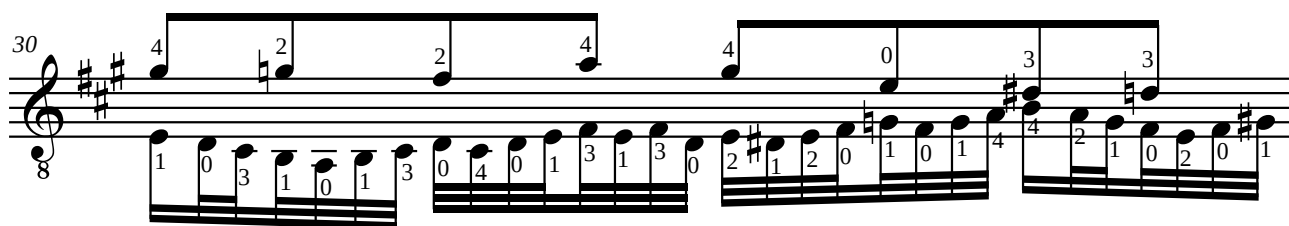
original :

24

27

28

29



9000 sheet music for classical guitar in PDF, by Jean-François Delcamp

Beginner Level Book 1 : 72 Very Easy Classical Guitar Pieces To Start, 68 pages

Beginner Level Book 2 : 70 Easy Classical Guitar Pieces To Start, 92 pages

Beginner Level Book 3 : 96 Easy Classical Guitar Pieces To Start, 114 pages

Beginner Level Book 4 : 81 Easy Classical Guitar Pieces To Start, 140 pages

Intermediate Level Book 5 : 85 Classical Guitar Pieces, 172 pages

Intermediate Level Book 6 : 73 Classical Guitar Pieces, 160 pages

Intermediate Level Book 7 : 78 Classical Guitar Pieces, 180 pages

Intermediate Level Book 8 : 60 Classical Guitar Pieces, 202 pages

Advanced Level Book 9 : 42 Classical Guitar Pieces, 158 pages

Advanced Level Book 10 : 22 Classical Guitar Pieces, 134 pages

Advanced Level Book 11 : 25 Classical Guitar Pieces, 158 pages

Advanced Level Book 12 : 30 Classical Guitar Pieces - 186 pages

Don Luys Milán : 6 Pavanas

Alonso Mudarra : Las Seis Obras para Guitarra

Renaissance Music for Guitar : Adriaenssen : Branle Anglais - Anonyme : Greensleeves, Gwin Ar Challaoued, Irish Tune, Maro Pontkalleg, Pavane, The Sick Tune, Vaghe Bellezze Et Bionde, Passacaglia, Bianco Fiore, Danza, Gagliarda, Se Io Maccorgo Ben, Saltarello - Arbeau : Pavane - Bakfark : Gagliarda - Barbeta : Moresca Canarie, Moresca Mattacino - Batchelard : Almain - Besard : Ballet - Borrono Da Milano : Pescatore Che Va Cantando - Brayssing : Fantasia 5 - Cutting : Packingtons Pound - Da Parma : Ballo, Correnta - Dowland : Fantaisie 7, Forlorn Hope Fancy, John Smith Almain, King Of Denmark, Lady Hunsdons Puffe, Lady Laiton Almain, Melancholy Gaillard, Mistris Winters Jumpe, Orlando Sleepeth, Tarletons Riserrectione - Janequin : La Guerre - Jonhson : Alman 7 - Leroy : Almande La Mon Ami, Branles de Bourgogne 1, 2, 5, Bransles Poictou 1, 2, 3, 4, Fantasia 2, Passemeze - Mainerio : Schiarazula Marazula - Milan : Fantasia 16, Pavane 1, 2, 3, 6- Morlaye : 2 Gaillardes, Villanesque - Mudarra : Conde Claros, Fantasia 1, 10, 13, 14, Gallarda, Pavana Alexandre, Romanesca 1 - Narvaez : Arde Corazon, Baxa De Contrapunto, Cancion Del Imperador, Conde Claros, Guardame Las Vacas, Guardame Las Vacas Por Otra Parte, Ya Se Asienta - Neusiedler : Wascha Mesa - Pisador : Pavana Muy Llana

Georg Philipp Telemann : Concerto pour 4 guitares TWV 40:202.

Baroque Music for Guitar #1 : **Gaspar Sanz** : Esfachata napoles, Espanoleta, Gallarda, Hachas, Paradetas, Rujero, Canarios en sol, Canarios en ré, Pavanas por la D, Prelude por la cruz, Folias, Gallardas - **Robert de Visée** : Suite en ré (Prélude, Allemande, Courante, Sarabande, Gavotte, Bourrée, Passacaille, Menuets, Gigue) - **François Couperin** : Les Baricades Mistérieuses, Les Silvains.

Baroque Music for Guitar #2 : **Johann Sebastian Bach** : 4 pièces du livre de Magdalena Bach, Gavottes BWV 995, 1006, 1012, Préludes BWV 846, 881, 889, 995, 998, 999, 1007, Bourrée BWV 996, Sarabande BWV 1002, Chorals BWV 147, 639, 645, Andante BWV 1034, Fugue BWV 1001, Air BWV 1068, Sicilienne BWV 1031 - **Tomaso Giovanni Albinoni** : Adagio.

Baroque Music for Guitar #3 : **Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello** : Allegro Partita 7, Allegro Partita 9, Allegro Partita 10, **Domenico Scarlatti** : Sonates K34 - K322 - K443 - K78 - K11 - K380 - K32 - K431 - K178 - K208 - K1 - K391.

Baroque Music for Guitar #4 : **Silvius Leopold Weiss** - Prélude de la suite 4, Fantasia, Ciacona, Tombeau Logy, Capricio, Passacaille - **Jean-Philippe Rameau** : Menuet en rondeau, Suite en mi 1724 (Allemande, Courante, Gigue I et II, Le Rappel des Oiseaux, Rigaudons et Double, Musette, Tambourin, La Villageoise.), Menuet, Gavotte et doubles, Le Lardon, Les tricots - **Georg Friedrich Haendel** : Fughette, Sarabande, Chaconne HWV435.

Gaspar Sanz - 34 Piezas para guitarra : Gallarda - Gallarda - Gallarda - Villano - Villano - Dance de las Hachas - Jacaras - Jacara de la Costa - Passacalle - Passacalle - Passacalle - Passacalle - Espanoleta - Folias - Pavana - Rujero - Las paradetas - Granduque de Florencia - Otro Ducal - Baile de Mantua - Saltaren - Zarabanda Francesa - Otra Zarabanda Francesa - La tarentela - Gallarda - Mariona - Villano - Dance de las Hachas - Espanoleta - Pavana - Torneo - Batalla - Preludio, o Capricho, arpeado por la Cruz - Coriente.

Gaspar Sanz - 16 Piezas para guitarra : Las Hachas - Rujero - Paradetas - Matachin - Zarabanda - Clarines y Trompetas -

classical-guitar-sheet-music.com

Cavaleria de Napoles - Canciones - La Garzona - La Coquina Francesa - Lantururu - Le Esfacheta de Napoles - La Miñona de Cataluña - La Mínima de Portugal - Dos trompetas de la Reyna de Suecia - Clarines de los mosqueteros del Rey de Francia

Johann Pachelbel - Canon in D.

Johann Sebastian Bach - L'œuvre pour luth : Suite BWV 995, Suite BWV 996, Partita BWV 997, Prelude, Fugue et Allegro BWV 998, Prelude BWV 999, Fugue BWV 1000, Partita BWV 1006a.

Johann Sebastian Bach - Chaconne BWV 1004

Silvius Leopold Weiss : Fantasia SW 9 - Capriccio - Ciacona - Passacaille - Tombeau sur la mort du comte Logy - Prelude SW 34.

Fernando Sor : 20 Études pour guitare.

Matteo Carcassi : 25 Études mélodiques progressives Op. 60.

Chefs-d'œuvre classiques : **Fernando Sor** : Andante Largo Op. 5, Variations Op. 9, Largo de la Fantaisie Op. 7, Grand Solo Op. 14, Variations Op. 15, Menuet Op. 22, Malbroug Op. 28 - **Mauro Giuliani** : Ouverture Op. 61, Sonate Op. 71, Variations Op. 107 - **Niccolò Paganini** - Grande Sonate, Sonata 4 - **Dionisio Aguado** : Fandango - **Matteo Carcassi** : Variations Op. 7, Etude 25 Op. 60 - **Johann Kaspar Mertz** : Tarantelle, Elegie - **Josè Vinas** : Fantasia Original.

Francisco Tárrega : Complete Guitar Works - Preludio, sobre un tema de Mendelssohn - Preludio nº 6 - La Cartagenera - Estudio en si menor - Danza Mora - Preludio nº 4 - Lágrima - ¡Adelita! - Pavana - Estudio, sobre un tema de Wagner - Estudio, sobre un tema de Verdi - Estudio de Velocidad - Preludio, en mi mayor - Preludio, pentatonica - Preludio nº 5 - Minuetto - Estudio, en mi menor - Malagueña, Fácil - Preludio nº 2 - Preludio sobre los gruppetos - Isabel, vales de Strauss - Estudio en forma de Minuetto - Estudio en arpeggios - Danza Odalisca - Recuerdos de la Alhambra - Preludio nº 13 - Preludio nº 7 - Preludio nº 8 - Maria, Gavota - Las dos hermanitas - Estudio Brillante de Alard - ¡Sueño! - Preludio nº 9 - Gran vals - Estudio en terceras - Alborada - Estudio de Damas - El Carnaval de Venicia - Preludio, en la menor - Preludio nº 12, en la menor - Preludio nº 14, sobre Bach - Estudio ostinato, en la mayor - Estudio de escalas - ¡Marieta! - Andantino - Gran jota de concierto - Preludio nº 1 - Preludio nº 10 - Rosita, Polka - La Mariposa - Fantasia Traviata - Endecha - Preludio nº 11 - Pepita - Vals - Capricho Árabe - Preludio, en ré mayor - Oremus - Estudio de Cramer - El Columpio - Fantasia Marina - Preludio nº 3 - Preludio en sol mayor - Estudio sobre "J'ai du bon tabac" - Mazurka, en sol - Tango - Preludio en do mayor - Paquito - Sueño.

Francisco Tárrega : 30 Preludes for classical guitar.

Miguel Llobet : Complete Guitar Works - Romanza, Estudio capricho, Estudio en mi mayor, Mazurka, Variaciones sobre un tema Op. 15 de Sor, Scherzo-Vals, Respuesta, Prelude-Original en mi mayor, Preludio en ré mayor, Preludio in mi mayor, Preludio en la mayor, La Filla d'el Marxant, Plany, Lo Fill del Rei, Cançó de Lladre, El Testament d'Amelia, El Noi de la Mare, Lo Rossinyol, L'Hereu Riera, El Mestre, La nit de Nadal, La Filadora, La Pastoreta.

Miguel Llobet : 14 Canciones Populares Catalanas - El Mestre, La Filla del Marxant, La Nit de Nadal, La Filadora, Lo Rossinyol, L'Hereu Riera, La Pastoreta, El Noi de la Mare, Canço del Lladre, El Testament d'Amelia, Lo Fill del Rei, Plany, La Preçó de Lleida, Leonesa.

Enrique Granados : 12 Danzas Españolas Op. 37 : Galante, Oriental, Fandango, Villanesca, Andaluza, Rondalla aragonesa, Valenciana, Sardana, Romántica, Melancolica, Arabesca, Bolero. Valses poeticos.

Isaac Albeniz : Suite española Op. 47 : Granada, Cataluña, Sevilla, Cadiz, Asturias, Aragon, Castilla, Cuba. España Op. 165 : Prélude, Tango, Malagueña, Serenata, Capricho, Zortzico.

Manuel de Falla : Danse du meunier - Danse nº1 de "La vie brève" - Homenaje (tribute to debussy).

Joaquín Turina : Sevillana Op. 29 - Fandanguillo Op. 36 - Ráfaga Op. 53 - Sonata en ré mineur - Homenaje a Tárrega Op. 69.

Albert John Weidt : Collected Works for Solo Guitar : Auld Lang Syne - Boston Yodle - Breath of Spring - Cold Molasses Rag - Colonial Days - Dance of The Dryads - Dance of the Kewpies - Dance Of The Moths - Dream Pictures - Drowsy Land - Evening Shadows - Eventide - Falling Stars - Firelight Fancies - Florence - Floriana - Fragrant Flowers - Ger-Ma-Nee - Girlie

classical-guitar-sheet-music.com

- Golden Hours - Golden Memories - Golden Rain - Lillies of the Valley - In Flowerland - Iola - Joy boy - Ken-Tuc-Kee - Koonville Koonlets - La Vera - Lady Mary - Luella - Me Melican Man - Monkey Dreams - Montclair - New Life - On The Trail - Pert and Pretty - Phantom Bells - Pierrette - Posies - Queen City - Rag Tag - Rag Time - Rosalind - Stray Leaves - The Black Cupid - The Blonde Beauty - The Dream Girl - The Hikers - The Home Town Band - The Red Rover - The Serenaders - The Waving Grain - Vernal Bloom - Veronica - Virginian Courtship.

Julio Salvador Sagreras : Las primeras lecciones de guitarra - Las segundas lecciones de guitarra - Las terceras lecciones de guitarra - Las quartas lecciones de guitarra - Las quintas lecciones de guitarra - Las sextas lecciones de guitarra - Obras para guitarra.

João Pernambuco : Sons de Carilhões - Sonho de magia - Pó de Mico - Recordando Nazareth - Interrogando, Jongo

Agustín Barrios Mangoré : La Catedral - Vals op.8 No.3 - Vals op.8 No.4 - El ultimo tremolo Julia Florida - El Sueño de la Muñequita - Choro da Saudade - Danza Paraguaya - Prelude in C minor - Prelude in E major - Estudio de concierto - Estudio del ligado - Las abejas - London Carapé - Cueca - Minueto in C major - Maxixe - Variations on a theme of Tárrega - Villancico de Navidad.

Duos et trios - John Johnson : The flat pavan - Thomas Robinson : A plaine song - A toy - Anonyme : Le Rossignol - Antonio Vivaldi : Adagio du Concerto RV 532 - Johann Sebastian Bach : Inventions n°1, 4 et 8 - Gavottes de la Suite anglaise n°3 - Georg Friedrich Händel : Sarabande de la suite XI - Ludwig Van Beethoven : Sonatine WoO 43a - Ferdinando Carulli : Duo Op. 34 n°2 - Anonyme : Pajarillo verde.

Ñico Rojas : Guajira a mi madre - Lilliam - Francito y Alfonsito - Retrato de un medico violonista - En el abra del Yumuri - El Manisero - Guyun el maestro - Helenita y Jorgito - Ventzeslava.

Jean-François Delcamp - Collected Works For Solo Guitar - First Part - Viviane Op. 1 - Trois jours Op. 2 : Dimanche, Lundi, Mardi - Deux tangos Op. 3 - Deux préludes Op. 4 - Impromptu Op.5 - Quatre pièces Op. 6 : Rue des Trois Frères, Vieux réveil, Paquet de cigarettes vide, La boutique du magicien distrait. - Deux pièces tendres Op. 7 : Petit rondo, Chanson de Moky et Poupy - Papier recyclé et Fugue Op. 8 - Pendant la nuit Op. 9 : Tiento de Saturne, Le rêve d'une lampe de chevet, La voiture tombe en panne. - Réels et imaginaires Op. 10 : Le caméléon en retard, La girafe a reçu du courrier, Danse des ptérodactyles, Picking du nautile, Danseurs-visages, Prélude court, L'albatros rêve dans le ciel, Valse des mésanges, Dans les ramures. - Promenade Op. 10.

Jean-François Delcamp - Collected Works For Solo Guitar - Second Part - Suite des masques Op. 11 - Sous le règne du Do Op. 12 : Villanesca, La plage de la rue des Pétrels, Chanson du cédrat, Saltarelle du 1er novembre. - Milonga d'octobre Op. 13. - Deux pièces brèves Op. 14 : Danse dédiée à John Montes, Les petits pas. - In memoriam Daniel Friederich Op. 15 - Feunteun-Aod Op. 16 - Reflets changeants Op. 17 - Deux études vénéneuses Op. 18 - Huit valse Op. 19 : Valse polyglotte, Valse du Guelmeur, Valse de la rue Poullaouec, Valse de la rue Maleyssie, Valse des souris grises, Passé le col du Somport, Valse en Do majeur, Valse berceuse. - Respirations Op. 20 : Eleições, Îles de Glénan, Trois et deux. - Suite Brestoise Op. 21 : Roches - Gwerz - Arc-en-ciel - Gigue - Saltarelle. - Happy birthday with guitar Op. 22 : Prélude - Danse - Valse sans refrain - Berceuse - Postlude.

Jean-François Delcamp - Collected Works For Solo Guitar - Third Part - Quatre pièces Op. 23 : Isabelle, Le dernier jour de l'année, Choro de travers, Milonga d'hiver. - Prélude n°7 Op. 24 - Sonata Medina del Campo Op. 25 - Deux choros Op. 26 : Choro biscornu, Choro Maxixe. - Picking à Bastia Op. 27 - Comme des vagues, Île Wrac'h Op. 28 - Suite Bretagne Op. 29 : Rivage - Viviane - Merlin - Les roches du Diable - Le pont de Sein. - Deux préludes Op. 30 - Impromptu n°2 Op. 30 - Sonate Ida Presti Op. 31 - Deux pièces Op. 32 : Interlude - Nocturne.

Jean-François Delcamp - Collected Works For Solo Guitar - Fourth Part - Coffre à jouets Op. 33 : Prélude, Avion en papier, Soldat de plomb, Ours en peluche, Voilier, Lune et étoile, Un kayak, On range tout. - Danse de la rue Maleyssie Op. 34 - Douze tablatures Op. 35 : Coquillage, Interlude, En barque, Malagueña, Petit boogie, Soleares, Burkina Faso, Blues de la cabane, Samba du jardin, Valse des lamineurs, Moment musical, Monsieur bourdon butine. - Tablatures Op. 36 : Balade op. 36, Berceuse op. 36. - L'oubli Op. 37 - Suite sans chichi Op. 38 - Hommage à Roque Carabajo Op. 39 - Or et azur Op. 40 : Prélude, Habanera, Tango. - Jabalalamaya Op. 41 - Impromptu n°3 Op. 42. - Play of colors Op. 42 - Cinq pièces Op.43 : Valse noire, Berceuse rouge, Gavotte améthyste, Valse rose, Final pourpre.

Jean-François Delcamp Nocturne Op. 44 - Valse simple Op. 45 - En roue libre Op. 46 - Impromptu n°4 Op. 47 - Samba Op. 48 - Passage Op. 49 - Triptyque de Saint-Just Op. 50 - Prélude n°12 Op. 51 - Récit du vent d'est Op. 52 - Trois pièces Op. 53.

1200 tablatures for classical guitar in PDF, by Jean-François Delcamp

Beginner Level Book 1 - 72 Very Easy Classical Guitar Tabs To Start - 100 pages

Beginner Level Book 2 - 70 Easy Classical Guitar Tabs To Start - 50 pages

Gaspar Sanz - 34 Tablatures for guitar - Tab - 28 pages - 16 Tablatures for guitar - Tab - 20 pages

Johann Pachelbel - Canon in D for classical guitar - Tab - 3 pages

Johann Sebastian Bach - Solo Lute Works Arranged for Guitar - Tab - 110 pages - 2,1 Mo - Lute suite 3 BWV 995 Tab - 21 pages - Lute suite 1 BWV 996 Tab - 21 pages - Lute suite 2 BWV 997 Tab - 21 pages - Prelude Fugue and Allegro BWV 998 Tab - 15 pages - Prelude BWV 999 Tab - 3 pages - Fugue BWV 1000 Tab - 8 pages - Lute suite 4 BWV 1006a Tab - 23 pages - Bourrée BWV 996 - Tab - 2 pages - Chaconne BWV 1004 - Tab - 10 pages

Silvius Leopold Weiss - Fantasia SW 9- Tab - 7 pages

Anonyme : Scarborough Fair - Tab - 2 pages - Spanish Romance - Tab - 2 pages

Fernando Sor, 20 Studies - Tab - 62 pages - Exercice opus 35 no.22, Segovia no.5 - Tab - 3 pages - Allegretto opus 44 no.2 - Tab - 1 page

Matteo Carcassi - Etude opus 60 no.3 - Tab - 3 pages - 25 Studies opus 60 Tab - 54 pages

Anonyme : Romance - Melodía de Sor - Tab - 4 pages

Niccolò Paganini - Ghiribizzo no.23 - Tab - 2 pages - 9 Tablatures for guitar - Tab - 20 pages

Isaac Albéniz - Asturias opus 47 - Tab - 8 pages

Francisco Tárrega - Capricho árabe - Tab - 12 pages - Lágrima - Tab - 2 pages - 12 Tablatures, Easy, Intermediate - 14 pages

Agustín Barrios Mangoré - La catedral - Tab - 12 pages

Baden Powell de Aquino All pdfs are from BrazilOnGuitar : A Lenda Do Abaete - A Primera Vez - Abismo De Rosas - Acalanto Das Nonas [berceuse] - Alcantara - Alem Do Amor - All The Things You Are - Alo Ernesto - Apelo - Apelo 2000 - Aria Morrer - As Flores - Asa Branca - Asa Delta - Baixo De Pau - Baixo De Pau Bass - Berceuse A Jussara - Berimbau - Bom De Dedo - Branca - Brasileira - Brisa Do Mar - Cancao Do Amor Ausente - Cantico Nordestino - Canto De Iemanja - Canto De Ossanha - Canto De Xango - Carinhoso - Carinhoso 1971 - Chanson De Ladiou 1970 - Chanson De Ladiou 1971 - Chanson Hiver - Chao De Estrelas - Chao De Estrelas 2 - Chara - Choro Para Metronomo - Consolacao - Crepusculo - Das Rosas - Deixa - Dindi - Dora - E Dei Lei - El Dia Que Me Quieras - Espirito Santo - Estorias De Alcantara - Eu Sei Que Vou Te Amar - Euridice - Euridice 02 - Euridice Intro - Euridice Intro 1979 - Euridice Intro Japan - Falei E Disse - Filho - Filho De Furinha - Fim Da Linha - Fluido De Saudade - Garota De Ipanema - Gente Humilde - Horizon - Ingenuo - Insonia - It Was A Wonderful Year - Itsuki-No-Komoriuta Single - Itsuki No Komoriuta - Jesus Alegria Dos Homens - Jongo - Kommt Ein Vogel Geflogen - Lembrancas - Linda - Lotus - Lotus Bass - Manha De Carnaval - Manha De Carnaval 1971 - Manha De Carneval 2 - Marcha Escocesa - Maritima - Na Baixa Do Sapateiro Pt - Naquele Tempo - O Astronauta - O Mar - O Que Tinha De Ser - Pastorinhas - Pausa Para Meditacao - Petite Valse Part1 - Petite Valse Part2 - Poema Dos Olhos Da Amada - Por Causa De Voce - Pour Clo - Pour Sonia - Pra Dizer Adeus - Pra Valer - Preludio A Minor - Preludio A Minor 2 - Preludio Ao Coracao - Retrato Brasileiro - Revendo O Passado - Rosa - Round About Midnight - Round About Midnight2 - Samba Do Aviao - Samba Em Preludio - Samba Em Preludio 2000 - Samba Triste - Saudades De Marcia - Se Todos Fossem Iguais A Voce - Se Todos Fossem Iguais A Voce 2 - Sentimentos - Serenata Do Adeus - Sermão - Shadow Of Your Smile - Simplesmente - So Por Amor - Solitario - Sons De Carilhoes - Swimming Bossa Nova - Tapiitiraiaura - Tema Triste - Tempo Feliz - Tributo A Um Amigo - Tristeza - Tristeza E Solidao - Ultimo Porto - Um Carioca Portenho - Valsa Sem Nome - Valsa Sem Nome 2 - Velho Amigo - Velhos Natais - Vento Vadio - Viagem - Violao - Waltzing.

Jean-François Delcamp - Viviane, opus 1 - Tab - 5 pages - Isabelle, opus 23a - Tab - 2 pages - 8 Tablatures opus 33 - 10 pages - 12 Tablatures opus 35 - 32 pages - 12 Tablatures opus 36 - 20 pages - Suite sans chichi opus 38 - Tab - 2 pages- Prélude opus 40 - Tab - 2 pages - Valse noire Opus 43 - Tab - 2 pages - Berceuse rouge, opus 43b - Tab - 2 pages - Valse simple opus 45 - Tab - 2 pages - Samba, opus 48 - Tab - 2 pages - Passage, opus 49 - Tab - 2 pages - Trois pièces faciles, opus 53 - Tab - 3 pages

Facsimile of tablatures

Alonso Mudarra - Tres libros de musica en cifras - Sevilla 1546, pdf 4MB

Melchioro de Barberis - Opera intitolata continua. intabolutvra di lavto di fantasie, motetti, canzoni, discordate a varii modi, fantasie per sonar uno solo con uno lauto, & farsi tenore & soprano: madrigali per sonar a dui lauti: fantasie per sonar a dui lauti : fantasie per sonar sopra la chitara a da sette corde. Venice 1549, pdf 2MB

Adrian le Roy - Premier livre de tabvlavtre de guiterre, Paris 1551, pdf 3,7MB

Adrian le Roy - Second livre de guiterre. Paris 1551, pdf 4MB

Adrian le Roy - Tiers livre de tabvlavtre de guiterre. Paris 1551, pdf 1,8MB

Adrian le Roy - Cinquiesme livre de guiterre. Paris 1554, pdf 4,5MB

Grégoire Brayssing - Quart livre de tabvlavtre de guiterre,. Paris. 1553, pdf 5MB

Guillaume Morlaye - Le premier livre. Paris 1552, pdf 2MB

Guillaume Morlaye - Le second livre. Paris 1553, pdf 2,3MB

Guillaume Morlaye - Le troysieme livre. Paris 1551, pdf 2MB

Guillaume Morlaye - Le quatriesme livre. Paris 1552, pdf 2,5MB

Miguel de Fuenllana - Libro de Musica para Guitarra intitulado Orphenica lyra- Sevilla 1554, pdf 3MB

Angelo Michele Bartolotti - Libro Primo di Chitarra Spagnola - Firenze, 1640, pdf 23MB

Angelo Michele Bartolotti - Secondo Libro di Chitarra - Firenze 1655, pdf 53MB

Carlo Calvi - Intavolatura di Chitarra e Chitarriglia - Bologna 1646, pdf 5MB

Robert de Visée - Livre de guittarre dédié au Roy. Paris, 1682, pdf 7MB

Robert de Visée - Livre de pièces pour la guittarre dédié au Roy. Paris, 1686, pdf 13MB

Robert de Visée - Suite en ré pour guitare - Paris 1686, pdf 3MB

Manuscrit Rés F 844 Recueil anonyme du XVIIIe siècle, pdf 25MB

Jan Antonín Losy - Manuscrit Moravské zemské muzeum, pdf 11MB

Corbetta Francesco - La Guitarre Royale, Paris, 1671, pdf 9MB

Ludovico Roncalli - Capricci armonici sopra le chitarra spagnola - Bergamo1692., pdf 10MB

Francisco Guerau - Poema Harmonico, Madrid 1694, pdf 58MB

Gaspar Sanz - Instrucción de Música sobre la Guitarra Española, Zaragoza 1697, pdf 31MB

François Champion - Nouvelles Découvertes Sur la Guitarre. Paris 1705, pdf 75MB

François Le Cocq - Recueil de pièces de guitarre, Gand 1729, pdf 149MB

Santiago de Murcia - Resumen de acompañar la parte con la guitarra. Madrid 1714, pdf 7MB